

University of the Pacific Scholarly Commons

Commencement Programs

Events

5-18-2002

Conservatory of Music Commencement

University of the Pacific

Follow this and additional works at: https://scholarlycommons.pacific.edu/commencements

Recommended Citation

University of the Pacific, "Conservatory of Music Commencement" (2002). *Commencement Programs*. 537.

https://scholarlycommons.pacific.edu/commencements/537

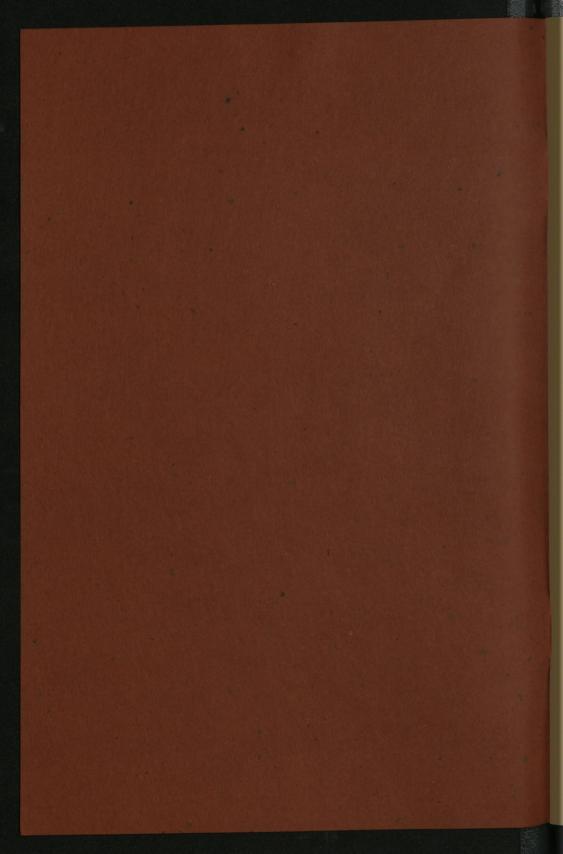
This Commencement Program is brought to you for free and open access by the Events at Scholarly Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Commencement Programs by an authorized administrator of Scholarly Commons. For more information, please contact mgibney@pacific.edu.



Commencement & Convocation



May 17-19, 2002



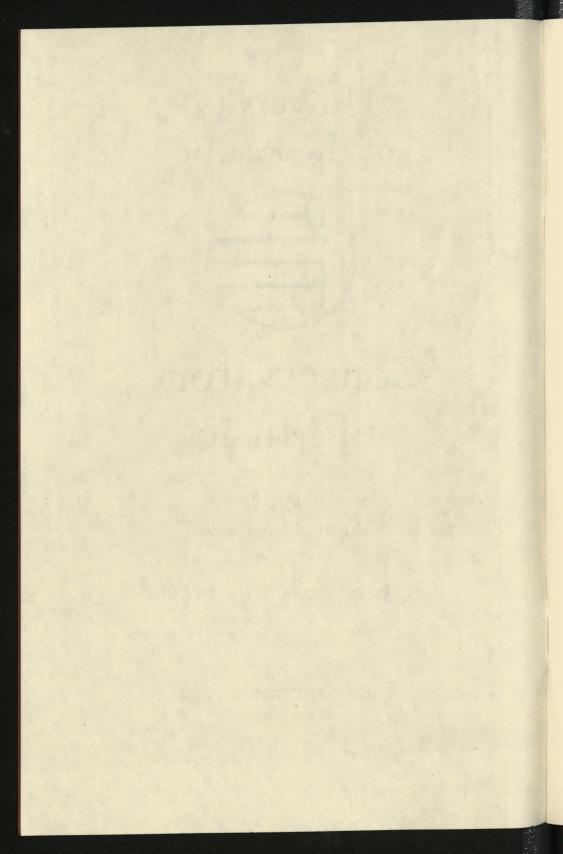
University of the Pacific



Conservatory of Music

Commencement Saturday, May 18, 2002 8:00 p.m. Faye Spanos Concert Hall

Commencement 2002





ACADEMIC PROCESSION

Mace Bearer President of the University Officers of the University Dean of the Conservatory of Music Assistant to the Dean of the Conservatory of Music Chair of Academic Council Pacific Alumni Association President 'Faculty of the Conservatory of Music Emeriti Faculty of the Conservatory of Music Regents of University of the Pacific Candidates for the Master of Arts Degree Candidates for the Master of Music Degree Candidates for the Bachelor of Arts Degree



PROGRAM Dean Stephen C. Anderson, Presiding

Preluce Mary Jo Pugh, Organist Prelude and Fugue in G minor - D. Buxtehude (1637-1707) Dialogue Sur Les Mixtures - J. Langlais (1907-1991) Fanfare on "Pacific, Hail!" - Charles Schilling Processional Trumpet Tune - David N. Johnson (1922-1987)

> COMMENCEMENT CONCERT University Symphony Orchestra Nicolas Waldvogel, Conductor

Hai gia vinta la causa from "The Marriage of Figaro" Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (1756-1791) Christopher Sponseller, baritone

> First Rhapsody for Clarinet and Orchestra Claude Debussy (1862-1918) Erin Finkelstein, clarinet

Concertino for Saxophone and Orchestra Andantino and Tarantelle Eugene Bozza (b. 1905) Mark Swartz, saxophone

> The Trees on the Mountain from Susannah Carlisle Floyd (b. 1926) Jennifer Youngs, soprano Pause



COMMENCEMENT CEREMONY AND CONFERRING OF DEGREES

Invocation

The Reverend Joy Preisser University Chaplain

Introduction and Remarks

Dean Anderson

Senior Class Representative Shannon McCarty

Presidential Remarks

Donald V. DeRosa, Ph.D. President, University of the Pacific

Conferring of Degrees

President DeRosa and Philip Gilbertson, Provost

Induction of Graduates

President, Pacific Alumni Association

Pacific's Alma Mater Audience led by Phi Mu Alpha Sinfonia Fraternity Pacific, Hail! - Lois Warner Winston, COP '23, '58

Benediction

Rev. Preisser

Dale Young

Recessional

Recessional in D major - David N. Johnson

Audience will please remain seated until recessional has concluded. Reception in the Presidents Room immediately follows the ceremony.



Acknowledgements

Mace Bearer

Ruth Brittin Chair of the Conservatory Faculty Associate Professor and Chair of Music Education

Marshals of the Procession Robert Coburn Professor and Chair of Music Composition & Theory Eric Hammer, Associate Professor and Director of Bands

Hooding Dr. Anderson David M. Chase Assistant to the Dean



DEGREES CONFERRED

Master of Arts

Tiffany Goodman Bilbe

Music Therapy B.A., Georgetown University, 1997 Clinical Clerkship: "The Incorporation of Related Services in Full Inclusion Classrooms and Applications for an Integrative Approach to Music Therapy"

Master of Music

Cara Lyn Nesmith Dahl Music Education B.A. University of the Pacific, 2000 Internship: Music Teacher at Jospeh Widner Junior Elementary School

Master of Education

Dan Asa H. Stern Music Education B.A. University of the Pacific, 2000 Internship: Music Teacher at Hercules Middle School

Bachelor of Arts

Susan Anne Baird* Brian E. Clark Candice Yvonne Klassen* Jeannie S. Lee Suzan Elizabeth Leonhardt* Scott Evan Silverman

Bachelor of Music

Erick Gilbert Arenas Tielle Baker Iennifer Nicole Chandler Jeffrey Lee Claybaugh* Manuel Suangco Dayao III **Devoney** Dean Gabrielle Patricia Dietrich*** David Alan Duggan* Megan Ergenbright Erin Andrea Finkelstein** Michelle R. Ford Luke Adair Gertner James David Gonzales Rachel Leah Harr* Meredith Ann Hawkins* Monica M. Hobbs Bryce L. Holmes Kellie Ann Hoover* Michael Charles Reed Johnson** Laura Helen Lendman*** Shannon James McCarty** Makiko Otagaki* Sarah Clark Pilat** Lynda Marie Rice** Julia Michelle Robertson* **Ysabel Mateus Sarte**



Mark Schwartz** Leon Benwar Alexander Shepard Melissa Christine Silva Christopher Michael Sponseller Lolita Fe Tabujara Charles Samuel Tallcott Deanna Renée Tharp Chi-Hsin K. Thorp Stewart Troupe* Brian Dean Walters*** Valerie R. Weber Henry John Wojtusik, Jr. Rachel May E. Yang Andrew Richard York Jennifer Marie Youngs Pance Zaev

*Cum Laude **Magna Cum Laude ***Summa Cum Laude

The list of names as it appears in this program includes actual and potential graduates for the 2001-2002 academic year. The official list of graduates and honors awarded for each graduation date of the 2001-2002 year is maintained by the University Registrar.



Phi Kappa Phi The Honor Society of Phi Kappa Phi is the only national scholastic honor society which recognizes excellence in all disciplines.

> Manuel J. Dayao III Gabrielle Patricia Dietrich Michale Charles Reed Johnson Laura Lendman Lynda Marie Rice Brian Dean Walters

Pi Kappa Lambda Professional honorary music fraternity.

Gabrielle Patricia Dietrich David Alan Duggan Erin Andrea Finkelstein Michael Charles Reed Johnson Laura Lendman Shannon James McCarty Sarah Clark Pilat Lynda Marie Rice Mark Schwartz Brian Dean Walters



University Symphony Orchestra Personnel Nicolas Waldvogel, Conductor

VIOLIN Valerie Weber Josh Ford Monica LeClaire Jennifer Maynard Yuriko Urushibata Elizabeth Kemalyan Josh Hansen Noel Ross Jeremy Erman Monty Lo Elizabeth Kim VIOLA Scott Valenzuela Laura Pasternack CELLO Scott Halligan Stefanie Vartabedian Joshua Bossuat Danny Rhoades DOUBLEBASS David Duggan **Thomas Spencer** Meri Rautianinen

FLUTE Julia Robertson Lindsay Graves OBOE Sarah Pilat James Gonzales CLARINET Bryce Holmes **Ysabel** Sarte BASSOON Douglas Stark Patty Fagan FRENCH HORN Brian Walters Erick Arenas Gina Gonzalez Jason Rasmussen TRUMPET Tim Kaiser Katie Coleman TROMBONE Eric Vierhaus Henry Wojtusik TIMPANI Devoney Dean



Conservatory Faculty

Derrill Bodley Judy Bossuat **Ruth Brittin** J. David Brock Allen Brown Edward Cetto David M. Chase Thomas Chen Robert Coburn Rex Cooper Jeff Crawford Lynne Crestin Donald DaGrade John David DeHaan Thomas Derthick Catherine Ettle Nina Flyer James Haffner Eric Hammer Keith Hatschek Li-Shan Hung Douglas Hunt Paul Kimball Mathew Krejci Sonia Leong Ronald Lyles **Terry Mills** Yoko Miyama George Nemeth

Thomas Nugent Audree O'Connell Wendolyn Olson Leonard Ott Steve Perdicaris Francois Rose Patricia Shands Monica Swope Carol Tucker Eric Waldon Nicolas Waldvogel Frank Wiens Lynelle Frankforter Wiens Barbara Williams David E. Wolfe Eric Wood

Stephen C. Anderson, Dean David M. Chase, Assistant to the Dean

Conservatory Staff J.B. Dyas Carolyn Eads-Pate Sabine Klein Katherine Neubauer Steven Payne Steve Perdicaris Silvea Rodriguez



HISTORY OF THE CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

In 1851, a mere two years into the California Gold Rush, University of the Pacific was established under the auspices of the Methodist Church in Santa Clara. As early as 1856, according to the oldest catalog preserved in University archives, music was offered. "Embroidery and Music are recommended if the time and abilities of the student are sufficient to ensure respectable attainments therein."

The University was then divided into "University of the Pacific" and the "Female Collegiate Institute," with music as a course offered only to women, although class lists did include male names. By 1878 the University was integrated, and the newly designated School of Music registered 32 students, headed by a solitary faculty member, Mr. Frank Loui King, teacher of vocal and instrumental music. Four categories of students existed: an elementary class for beginners, an amateur class for "those who devote chief attention to other branches of instruction in the University," a preparatory class, and an artists' class. Admission age to the preparatory class could be as young as 12. Expenses for "music with instrument" were \$25 per semester, while voice tuition was \$15 for a 20-week semester.

The catalog for 1882-1883 is the first to specify admission requirements and lists four faculty members, including Mr. King, who was referred to as "director" until 1887, when the title "dean" was applied to him. The first bachelor of music



degrees were awarded in the mid-1880s. The first theory composition major was graduated in 1909, probably one of the first in the country.

May 23, 1890 marked the grand opening of the new 2,000seat Conservatory building in College Park, San Jose. This gala occasion was the result of efforts of the "Ladies' Conservatory Association" who paid for the building as a testimony of their appreciation to Pacific for opening its doors to women, and offering them all the privileges of higher education. An "Ode to Music," composed by Mr. King and a Conservatory student, Lulu Mayne, was presented before a capacity crowd. "The Conservatory building, an artistic structure, was beautifully situated and well equipped for the work of a first-class music school." The auditorium, admirably adapted by its architectural beauty and excellent acoustics for the purposes of a music and lecture hall, also served as a chapel for the University. The Conservatory and College of the Pacific moved from San Jose to Stockton in 1924. Since then, the historic Conservatory building on Pacific Avenue has become a familiar landmark.

During the past two decades Conservatory facilities have grown. A Rehearsal Hall and Recital Hall were dedicated in 1984. The Conservatory building, which houses the beautiful Faye Spanos Concert Hall, was renovated and rededicated in 1987. Buck Hall, constructed and dedicated in 1991, houses Conservatory classrooms, faculty offices and teaching studios.



A charter member of the National Association of Schools of Music, the Conservatory offers personalized training in the musical arts leading to degrees in performance, composition, music history, music education, music therapy, and music management.

The Conservatory's goal is to provide a current musical educational experience for students, so they are able to be successful in their professional fields and artistic leaders in society; to be a vital and significant artistic resource for the University and the larger community; and to have a significant impact on the future of music, the arts, and society. The Conservatory of Music aspires to be the finest music school possible, one which sustains and communicates traditional musical and educational values, and simultaneously explores, develops, and employs new means of communicating those values, and creates and presents new music in both traditional and developing forms.

Much of this historical synopsis was taken from "One Hundred Years of Music," published in 1978 to commemorate the centennial of Pacific's Conservatory of Music.



PROFILE OF PACIFIC

The Mission of University of the Pacific, adopted by the Board of Regents in 1996, is "...to provide a superior, studentcentered learning environment integrating liberal arts and professional education and preparing individuals for lasting achievement and responsible leadership in their careers and communities."

Pacific was founded by Methodist ministers in 1851 and chartered on July 10 that year by the Supreme Court of the brand new State of California less than a year following the granting of statehood by the United States Congress. Millard Fillmore was president, Victoria had been Queen of Great Britain for 13 years, Napoleon III declared the Second Empire in France and Pacific's tuition, room and board was \$170 per semester.

In important ways, the founding of Pacific may be seen as a consequence of the discovery of gold in California in 1848 and the rush of humanity in what may be the greatest mass migration in the nation's history. In just a dozen years, San Francisco's population increased by 60 times. Pacific's founders - Reverend Isaac Owen, Dr. Edward Bannister and Reverend William Taylor - came by land and sea to spread the Methodist message and to establish education for the betterment of humankind. Since those pioneering days, Pacific has earned a reputation for leadership in educational innovation. It provided the West Coast with its first medical school in 1858 (later to become part of Stanford and then separating to become today's California Pacific Medical



Center), its first coeducational campus in 1871, its first Conservatory of Music in 1878, its first "cluster colleges," and its first and only four-year private institution in the Central Valley. Pacific was first in the nation to offer an undergraduate Teacher Corps program in the 1970s, the first to send an entire class to an overseas campus and the first to establish a Spanish-speaking inter-American college. That pioneering spirit is continuing.

During Pacific's sesquicentennial year in 2001, President Donald V. DeRosa and the Board of Regents formed a National Commission for the Next Level of Excellence. Its task was to lay out recommendations for achieving greater academic distinctiveness and for enriching the student experience of a Pacific education. Last summer the Board of Regents reviewed the recommendations, and challenged the Pacific community with a new call for pioneering achievement on behalf of the University's mission of preparing graduates for lives of responsible leadership and lasting achievement.

While Pacific has a history replete with pioneering innovations, it has also been the beneficiary of stability. Since the move to Stockton in fall 1924, only five presidents have headed the administration. Tully C. Knoles presided during the move from San Jose and served until he was succeeded by Dr. Robert E. Burns in 1946. Dr. Burns served as president until his death in 1971. Dr. Stanley E. McCaffrey was named president in 1971. When he retired in 1987, he was succeeded by



Dr. Bill L. Atchley, who served until 1995. Dr. Donald V. DeRosa began his service as the 23rd president in 1995.

The School of Education was established shortly after the move to Stockton in 1924. It was renamed the Gladys L. Benerd School of Education in 1992 in honor of the longtime friend of the school's endowed gift.

The University experienced its greatest growth and a broadening of its base under the administration of Dr. Burns. In 1955 it opened its School of Pharmacy and in 1956 its Graduate School. The School of Engineering was established in 1957. In 1962 the College of Physicians and Surgeons, a school of dentistry founded in San Francisco in 1896, merged with University and became the San Francisco campus. In recognition of this growth, the name of the institution was changed in 1961 from "College" of the Pacific to "University" of the Pacific. The name "College of the Pacific" was retained for the University's central liberal arts college. It is dedicated to the preparation of citizen leaders who take responsibility for their communities as well as their careers. A new concept in higher education in the United States found expression in the establishment of the first "cluster college," Raymond College, in 1962. This was followed in 1963 with the opening of the second, Elbert Covell College, the first bilingual-bicultural college in the country. McGeorge School of Law, an independent law school founded in Sacramento in 1924, became part of Pacific in 1966. The third cluster college focusing on non-western studies and featuring a year abroad in an Asian culture, began in



1967 as Callison College. The cluster colleges were ended in 1982. However, these concentrations in global study became Pacific's School of International Studies, the first universitybased undergraduate school of international studies in California. In the fall of 1977, the Department of Business Administration of College of the Pacific was reorganized to become the School of Business and Public Administration. In 1995 it was renamed Eberhardt School of Business in honor of the Eberhardt family's endowed gifts. University College, a unit of the University designed specifically for the adult reentry student, was reorganized and revitalized in 1985.

In 1995, Pacific issued the first four-year guarantee whereby students are assured completion of a bachelor of arts degree in four years. Accelerated programs announced by President DeRosa enable students to complete undergraduate studies in combination with a law degree in "3+3" years. The School of Dentistry and Thomas J. Long School of Pharmacy and Health Sciences offer similar accelerated programs. In this spirit of innovation, Pacific is currently shaping bold new plans for the years ahead. As part of those plans, the University is completing revisions in its mission, vision and priorities that are currently under review by the Board of Regents.



HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE MACE Originally a weapon of offense used in medieval warfare by a king or a noble, the mace has been refined to a symbolic device used on ceremonial occasions. The mace, as an academic symbol, dates back to 16th century England when Queen Elizabeth I presented a replica of her own royal mace to the corporation of the University of Oxford. She ordered that it be used in all ceremonies to represent the royal presence and the authority given to the university to grant degrees under the royal insignia. King Charles I made a similar gift to Cambridge University in 1625.

Robert E. Burns, Pacific president from 1946-1971, asked Stuart Devlin, an internationally known London silver designer, to create the University of the Pacific Mace. It was commissioned in recognition of the University's transition from a college to a university with several colleges and professional schools that were to be modeled after Oxford and Cambridge. It was first used at a Founders Day ceremony on March 6, 1966, and is constructed entirely of silver with a gold plated seal of the University in its head. The mace is approximately four feet long and weighs 15 pounds. It was a gift from Mrs. Winifred Olson Raney, a regent of the University. The mace is displayed at all official University functions and generally is carried by the chair of the Academic Council at Convocation and Commencement ceremonies.



SIGNIFICANCE OF ACADEMIC REGALIA

Distinctive academic dress can be traced back to the universities of the Middle Ages when students and faculty of universities wore the robes of the clergy. Today three ranks of degrees are distinguished through variations in the robes, which also indicate the discipline and the university that awarded the degree.

In the United States, gowns generally are black, although a few universities have adopted other colors for their doctoral gowns: Harvard, crimson; Yale, blue; Chicago, maroon; Dartmouth, forest green.

The field of learning in which the degree is awarded is shown by the color of the edging of the hood, and in some cases by the color of the facing and crossbars on the doctoral gown. Some of the more frequently seen colors are: white (Arts and Letters), pink (Music), dark blue (Philosophy), light blue (Education), scarlet (Divinity), golden yellow (Science), lilac (Dentistry), olive green (Pharmacy), and purple (Law). The colors of the lining of the hood are those of the institution awarding the degree. For example, University of California colors are gold and blue; Stanford University, cardinal red; University of Michigan, maize and azure blue; University of the Pacific, burnt orange and black.



An olive green tassel is often worn on the cap to signify the field of Pharmacy, although generally bachelor's and master's tassels are black. Doctoral tassels generally are gold. The left side of the mortarboard is the proper side to wear the tassel after graduation.

An individual's degree is revealed by the type of gown and width of the edging on the hood.

BACHELOR'S GOWNS have full, pointed sleeves with no trimming. The hoods have a two-inch edging.

MASTER'S GOWNS prior to 1960 had full, closed sleeves with the arm emerging through a slit at the elbow. The gown was the despair of wearers because, no matter how hot the day, a coat must be worn under it. In 1960, however, the gown was modified; in place of the elbow slit, an opening was made at the wrist and the gown was made to close. The hoods have a three-inch edging.

DOCTOR'S GOWNS are of silk, have rounded sleeves, velvet facing down the front, and three velvet crossbars on each sleeve. The hoods have side panels and a five-inch facing.



PACIFIC HAIL! Words & Music by Lois Warner Winston COP '23, '58

From o'er the rugged mountains standing high; From out the broad low valleys, 'Neath the sky; Our Alma Mater calls, We cannot fail, Our voices blend in praise Pacific Hail! Pacific Hail! Long may her flaming torch Give out its light; Long may her spirit guide us In the right; To her we pledge our hearts, We dare not fail; To her we raise our song Pacific Hail! Pacific Hail!



Pacific Hail

Words & Music by Lois Warner Winston x'23, '58









PRINTED ON 100% RECYCLED PAPER

