Public Entities, Officers, and Employees; public employee catastrophic leave

The University of the Pacific, McGeorge School of Law

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Recommended Citation
The University of the Pacific, McGeorge School of Law, Public Entities, Officers, and Employees; public employee catastrophic leave, 1989 U. Pac. L. Rev. (2019).
Available at: https://scholarlycommons.pacific.edu/nlr/vol1989/iss1/137

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Public Entities, Officers and Employees

the dissemination of records of criminal history to the Private Investigator's Licensing Board for use in investigating a license applicant.  

HMA

3. NEV. REV. STAT. § 648.020-.110 (creation, duties, and powers of board).
4. 1989 Nev. Stat. ch. 5, sec. 1, at 5 (amending NEV. REV. STAT. § 179A.100 5(d)). See also § NEV. REV. STAT. § 648.110 3 (grounds for refusal of license, including conviction of a felony).

Public Entities, Officers, and Employees—catastrophic leave

NEV. REV. STAT. § 284._ (new).
AB 505 (Williams); 1989 STAT. Ch. 334

Under prior law, state employees could not donate their accrued annual or sick leave time to fellow employees. Chapter 334 authorizes each appointing authority to create an account into which employees may transfer sick or annual leave for their own use, or for use by other employees in the event of a catastrophe. A "catastrophe" occurs where an employee or a member of the employee's immediate family suffers either a life threatening illness or accident, or one which necessitates an extended recovery period. Chapter 334 specifies conditions to transfers into the account, and requirements for withdrawals from the account.

MRR

1. See NEV. REV. STAT. §§ 284.350, 284.355 (no statutory provision for transfer of sick or annual leave).
3. Id. sec. 2, at _ (enacting NEV. REV. STAT. § 284._). Employees suffer catastrophes only when their injuries prevent them from performing their routine employment duties. Id.
4. An employee may transfer 8 to 80 hours of leave per year into the account. Id. sec. 3, at _ (enacting NEV. REV. STAT. § 284._). No transfer of sick leave is permissible if it would cause the transferrer's personal account to fall below 240 hours. Id. Transfers to the account are irrevocable. Id. An employee who transfers leave to the account may designate a particular employee to receive that leave. Id.
5. Withdrawals are subject to the approval of the appointing authority whose decision is not subject to review. Id. sec. 5, at _ (enacting NEV. REV. STAT. § 284._). An employee must use all accrued annual, sick, and compensatory leave before withdrawing catastrophic

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leave. *Id.* sec. 4, at ___ (enacting NEV. REV. STAT. § 284—__). An employee may not withdraw more than 1,040 hours of catastrophic leave a year. *Id.* No withdrawal may be made after the catastrophe dissipates or employment ends; any unused catastrophic leave in the employee’s personal account at that time must be restored to the account. *Id.* sec. 6, at ___ (enacting NEV. REV. STAT. § 284—__).

Public Entities, Officers, and Employees; representation of indigents

AB 272 (Committee on Judiciary); 1989 STAT. Ch. 89

Existing law prohibits the Attorney General,¹ the state industrial claimants’ attorney,² and state appeals officers,³ from engaging in the private practice of law.⁴ The public defender, district attorney, and their deputies, are prohibited from engaging in private practice in counties with a population over 100,000.⁵ Chapter 89 modifies existing law to permit any attorney employed by the state, or an agency or political subdivision of the state, to represent an indigent person in any proceeding so long as: (1) The attorney’s supervisor grants permission; (2) the indigent’s interests are not in conflict with the state or the attorney’s employer’s interests; (3) the representation

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