



9-29-1984

September 29, 1984 Football Program, UOP vs. University of Oregon

University of Oregon

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OREGON VS. PACIFIC

September 29, 1984 / \$2.00



touchdown
illustrated

Carta Blanca Beer Salutes The Pac-10



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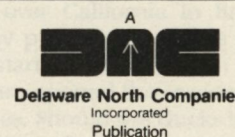
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FEATURES IN THIS WEEK'S ISSUE

Matchups On the Line
College Landmarks Across the Nation
Southpaw Quarterbacks—
Lefties Prove Themselves Right
The Radio Color Man: Painting a Picture
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Wanted: Quality Noseguard
University of the South's Banner Years
The 60-Minute Men
Famous Firsts in Football
You Can Call Me SID
The Role of the Conference Commissioner
The 1964 All-Americans:
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Playing Surfaces—
Do They Make a Difference?
The One-Back Offense

ON THE COVER: Oregon Cheerleader
Kym Easton (Photo by Warren Morgan)

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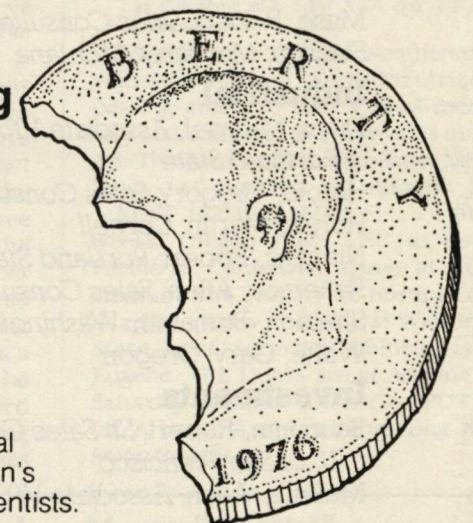
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STARTING LINEUP

These 32 managers and players start every game for Portland's Coldwell Banker Commercial Real Estate team. Some were "trades" from other Coldwell Banker offices throughout the United States, while most are Oregonians developed through our own Portland organization. These are the players to contact when you're buying, selling or leasing commercial property. At Coldwell Banker, every player is a starter.

MANAGERS:

Scanlan, Robert, *First Vice President and Resident Manager: Beloit College*
Colton, Graham, *Sales Manager and Assistant VP: Oregon*

PLAYERS:

Commercial/Retail

Anderson, Carl, *Sr. Sales Consultant: Oregon State*

Crumpacker, James: *Oregon*
Dunn, Robert: *Seattle University*

Lyle, Bradley: *Stanford*

Muse, Robert, *Sales Consultant: USC*

Slauson, Margaret: *Montana*

Industrial

Duyn, Michael, *Associate VP: Portland State*

Harold, Gregory, *Sales Consultant: Oregon*

Horeis, Martin: *Cornell*

Niehaus, Robert: *Portland State*

Patterson, Allen, *Sales Consultant: UCLA*

Sheldon, Benjamin: *Washington State*

White, Gary: *Oregon*

Investments

Baumann, Robert, *Sr. Sales Consultant: U. of San Francisco*

McInnis, Allan, *Associate VP: Boston College*

Petshow, John, *Sr. Sales Consultant: Portland State*

Acreage

Maltase, Donald: *Portland State*

Apartments

Arden, Bruce, *Sales Consultant: Minnesota*

Laman, Robert: *Willamette U.*

Logan, Kimbal: *Willamette U.*

Lundstedt, Paul: *Illinois*

McGregor, Dean: *Colorado*

Taylor, Kirk, *Sr. Sales Consultant: Oregon*

Office Buildings

Adams, Tony: *Virginia*

Bottcher, Jan: *Oregon*

Madden, Mark: *Oregon*

Myers, Brooke: *Oregon*

Sabel, Richard: *Oregon*

Torgeson, Jon, *Sr. Sales Consultant: Oregon*

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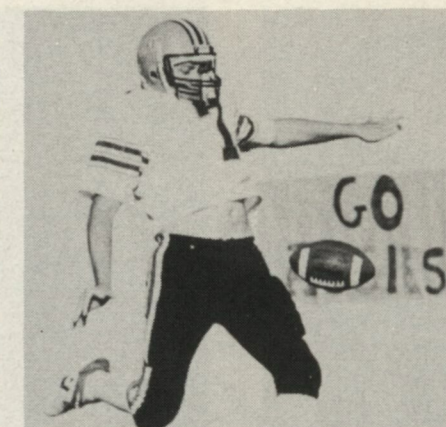
Oregon-Pacific Scouting Report

Oregon shoots for its first 4-0 start since the 1964 season today against Pacific. The Ducks currently have an unbeaten string of five games dating back to the final two games of the 1983 season. Oregon can claim a perfect 1984 record against non-league foes with a victory over Pacific. More Duck-Tiger Facts

THE SERIES Pacific spoiled Oregon's season opener last year with a 21-15 victory in Autzen Stadium to take a 3-2 lead in the over-all series. The series started with a pair of games at Pacific in 1946 and 1951 with each team winning once. Pacific won at Oregon's Hayward Field in 1952 and the two schools did not meet again until the 1981 season when the Ducks prevailed, 34-0. The Tigers' 1983 triumph spoiled the Oregon debut of offensive coordinator Bob Toledo, former Pacific head coach.

THE COACHES Oregon's Rich Brooks pushed his record to 27-49-4 with the victory of California last Saturday. He is in his eighth season as the Ducks' head coach. Brooks is 1-1 vs. Pacific and 0-1 against Tiger Coach Bob Cope. Cope, who saw his first Pacific team finish with a 3-9 slate in 1983, is 5-10 as a head coach.

THE FAST START Oregon's 21-14 victory over California in Berkeley last Saturday pushed the Ducks off to their fastest start since Coach Len Casanova's 1965 team opened the season with three successes. Should the Ducks beat Pacific, it would mark their first 4-0 start since 1964 when Casanova's team captured its first six games before faltering to Stanford at Portland. The Ducks last won three straight games in the 1980 season when they won four in a row over Nevada-Las Vegas, Washington State, UCLA and Oregon State. That streak capped a stretch of eight games where Oregon won six times and tied once. The Ducks have had one other winning streak reach three games during Rich Brooks' tenure as head coach. That occurred in 1979 when Oregon knocked off Air Force, Washington State and Stan-

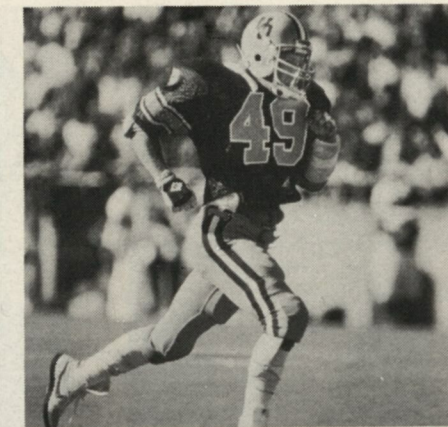


Pacific's Marshall Lampson returns as the Tigers' punter after an ankle injury limited his 1983 season to the Oregon game.

ford in succession on their way to a 6-5 finish. The unbeaten streak of five games is the longest currently among Pac-10 teams and equals the longest under Brooks' direction. The four-game winning streak in 1980 was preceded by a 7-7 tie with USC in Eugene.

HONOR FOR MILLER Sophomore quarterback Chris Miller, who plays his seventh game for Oregon today, was named Pacific-10 Conference offensive player of the week after completing 12 of 22 passes for 197 yards and the winning 31-yard toss to Lew Barnes with 53 seconds remaining at California. Miller has not thrown an interception in 64 passes this season. Today's game marks Chris' fifth start for the Ducks.

BARNES UPDATE Flanker Lew Barnes has returned to health after playing against Long Beach State in Oregon's opener without any previous contact work. Lew has caught 10 passes in the Ducks' last two games, including three touchdown passes. Barnes has been the target on four of Chris Miller's five career scoring tosses. The junior flanker scored Oregon's winning touchdown in the last two contests. Against Colorado, it was a 16-yard pass from Miller that put the Ducks ahead to stay. Lew's 31-yard reception with 53 seconds remaining broke a 14-14 tie at California. He ranks



Senior linebacker Todd Welch has become a starter for the Ducks in the last three games of the season.

No. 12 in the U.S. in punt returns.

AROUND THE PAC-10 Only three Pac-10 teams remain unbeaten after four weeks of the season. Oregon and Washington are 3-0 and USC is 2-0. The Pac-10 won four of six non-league contests last week to improve its record to 15-8. Stanford hosts Arizona State in the only conference games this week and Washington State (2-2) has the week off. The schedule:

Pacific (2-1) at Oregon (1-0, 3-0); Oregon State (0-1, 1-2) at Idaho (1-2); Louisiana State (2-0-1) at USC (1-0, 2-0); Long Beach State (0-3) at Arizona (2-0, 2-2); Arizona State (0-1, 1-2) at Stanford (0-0, 2-1); San Jose State (1-3) at California (0-2, 1-2); UCLA (0-0, 2-1) at Colorado (0-3).

PACIFIC Pacific weathered previously unbeaten Northern Arizona's passing attack to post a 38-28 road victory last Saturday to improve its mark to 2-1. The Tigers also have beaten Nevada-Reno, 12-7, and lost at California, 28-12.

NEXT HOME GAME In two weeks, Oregon hosts USC in its first Pacific-10 Conference game at Autzen Stadium. The Trojans are hosting Louisiana State today and play at Washington State next Saturday before visiting Eugene. The Ducks are at Arizona next Saturday night for a 6:00 p.m. PDT kickoff. Arizona is entertaining Long Beach State tonight.

Ducks Join Eugene Celebration

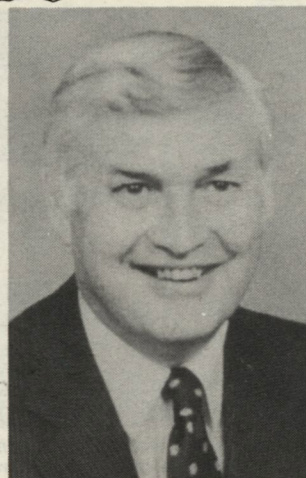
The University of Oregon and the residents of Eugene welcome you to the game and to the Eugene Celebration. After the game join alumni, students and faculty as we celebrate the vibrant diversity of Eugene. Enjoy an outdoor jazz festival in the 5th Avenue area, taste Oregon wines on the downtown mall, sample the city's finest cuisine at the Extraordinary

Eateries.

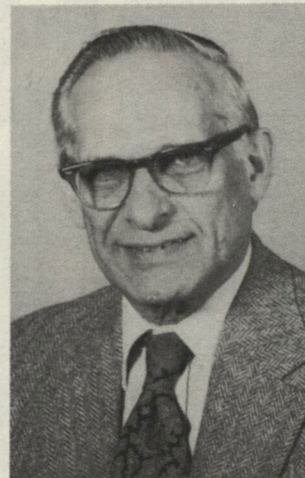
Be a spectator or participate in the 8K Performing Arts Classic Run or the bike races Sunday. Listen to UO professors dissect the political campaigns. Or, just relax and enjoy a full day of free entertainment at the Hult Center. It's a fun packed weekend. Why not stay awhile?



OREGON ADMINISTRATION



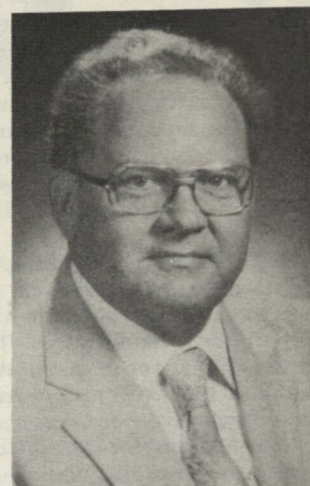
William E. (Bud) Davis
Chancellor of Higher Education



Paul Olum
University of Oregon
President



Dan Williams
Vice-President,
Administration



Chapin Clark
Faculty
Representative

Four of University of Oregon's biggest football fans are the men responsible for the administration of higher education in the state of Oregon.

A former football coach at the University of Colorado, William E. (Bud) Davis is interested in the well being of all the institutions and their programs in the state as Chancellor of Higher Education.

His primary contact at the University of Oregon is President Paul Olum, who has his own high regard for the values that athletic competition can provide.

Assisting Olum with the administering of the athletic department is Dan Williams, vice president for administration.

Chapin Clark was appointed by Olum as faculty representative to the National Collegiate Athletic Association and Pacific-10 Conference.

Davis assumed his position at Oregon in July, 1982. He had been president at the University of New Mexico the preceding seven years.

The Chancellor coached football in the high school ranks, but was elevated to the position of head football

coach at Colorado in 1962 from his post as alumni director.

Olum became president in 1981 after serving as vice president for academic affairs and provost since 1976. He has seen and contributed to strong athletic programs at the University of Texas and Cornell University during his 35 years of administrative and academic work.

"Athletics can have a noble and enduring role to play in the life of the university," Olum believes. "We must continue to stress that the spirit in which the game is played is more important than winning."

A distinguished mathematician, Olum was a participant in the Manhattan Project, which enabled the United States to develop the atomic bomb before World War II. He remains close to that subject, urging an end to the nuclear arms race through his resolution signed by those attending a Manhattan Project reunion in 1983.

Williams was put in charge of overseeing the administration of the athletic department shortly after his appointment to his current post in May, 1983.

Williams, a 1962 Oregon graduate, was director of university of housing at Oregon the previous three years. After graduation he had been counselor supervisor, assistant dean and assistant director of dormitories at Oregon before beginning a 13-year stint at Stanford University.

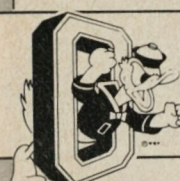
He held various positions at Stanford, including that of associate dean of students and director of the student union from 1973-80.

Williams chaired the search committee that led to the appointment of Bill Byrne as director of athletics last summer.

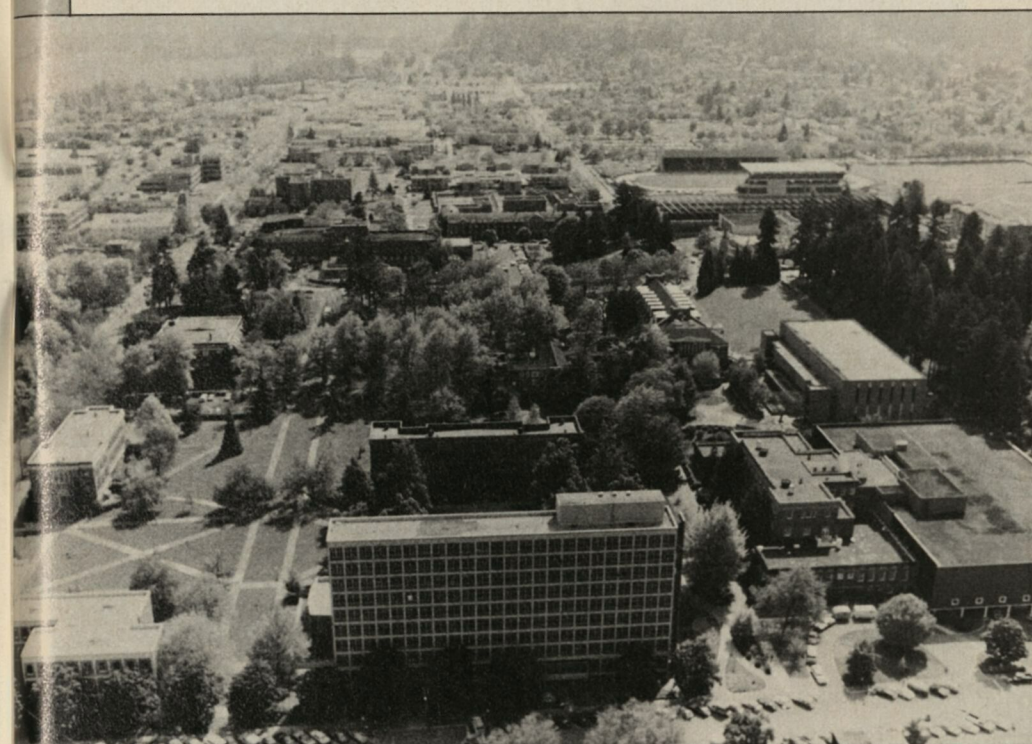
Clark, a member of the law faculty since 1962 and dean of the school from 1974-80, begins his third year as Oregon's faculty representative. Clark is also president of the Pac-10 during the 1984-85 academic year.

Clark certifies the academic eligibility of all athletes and chairs the Pac-10 council.

Clark, whose teaching and research specialty is property and water law, has been a member of the Governor's Commission on Oceanography. He is the principal author of the university's Student Conduct Code.



THE VOICES OF THE DUCKS BRING THE WORLD TO OREGON



The University of Oregon reaches out to serve the needs and interests of Oregonians.

The "Voice of the Ducks" broadcasting from Pac-10 football stadiums and basketball arenas probably is the most recognized public identity of the University of Oregon.

But there are many other voices of the university that are heard throughout the state, some over the airwaves and others in person. They are part of the UO's outreach efforts to fulfill the responsibility of a state school to serve the needs and interests of citizens in every corner of the state.

Greatest benefit comes to those who live in the neighborhood of the school. They are able to take part in the many programs on campus that serve to improve the quality of life for Oregonians.

A good example is the 26th annual Symposium on the Foundations of Computer Science in mid-October, held in Portland, though sponsored by the university's computer science department. It is one of the growing list of major meetings Oregon departments attract to the state.

Last summer alone the school hosted the 16th World Conference of the International Society of Music Educators, the Olympic Scientific Congress, and the joint-national meeting of the Ameri-

can Mathematics Society and the Mathematics Association of America.

The mushrooming growth of the computer field has resulted in a Computer Faire sponsored by the Oregon Computing Center. Seventeen West Coast computing equipment vendors give public demonstrations of everything from minicomputers to floppy disc units.

University programs have helped bring important questions to public attention. Two members of the counseling psychology faculty, Martin Acker and Stephen Schweitzer, presented a workshop on "Eros in the Workplace" to provide perspective on a subject of growing concern to doctors, lawyers, teachers, mental health practitioners, ministers and priests.

The student "voice" has had its impact, too. Oregon architecture students took the top award in the 1984 design contest of the Bay Area Rapid Transit system.

But the most familiar voices of the Ducks are those which bring the world to Oregon through two services of the News Bureau. They are the Radio News Service and the Speakers Bureau.

An average of 20 radio stations

around the state phone the Radio News Service twice weekly to record faculty and staff authorities who comment on specific happenings or occasions. In December, for example, stations get commentary on such subjects as toy safety, poisonous plants, alcohol problems and how to shake the holiday blues.

Often the day's recording will deal with a current topic. Among them this year were the Oregon-Washington income tax war, the proposal to eliminate "happy hour" advertising and proposed funding cuts for Oregon highways.

A group of student interns assist broadcast supervisor Mike Moskovitz in keeping the broadcast service current, traveling the campus with tape recorders to interview resident authorities.

Additional service to Oregonians throughout the state is provided by faculty and staff who donate their time to present programs through the Speakers Bureau. The printing of a brochure last fall resulted in a major increase in requests for speakers by service clubs, schools and churches.

Speaker appearances also increased through the printing of an Oregon Directory of Speakers and Authorities with some 300 listings. George Beres, former sports information director and head of the Speakers Bureau, said, "The 300 figure just scratches the surface of potential programs that can be produced by a university of this caliber."

Speakers have been supplied for such wide-ranging needs as high school commencements, talented and gifted school programs and an orientation meeting in Beaverton for students from three high schools who were to spend a week in Washington, D.C., visiting with legislators and cabinet officers.

The varied subjects have included a state economic forecast by Ed Whitelaw, economics; Oregon wildflowers by David Wagner, biology; women in the work force, Patricia Gwartney-Gibbs, sociology; and science fiction and physics, Amit Goswami, physics.

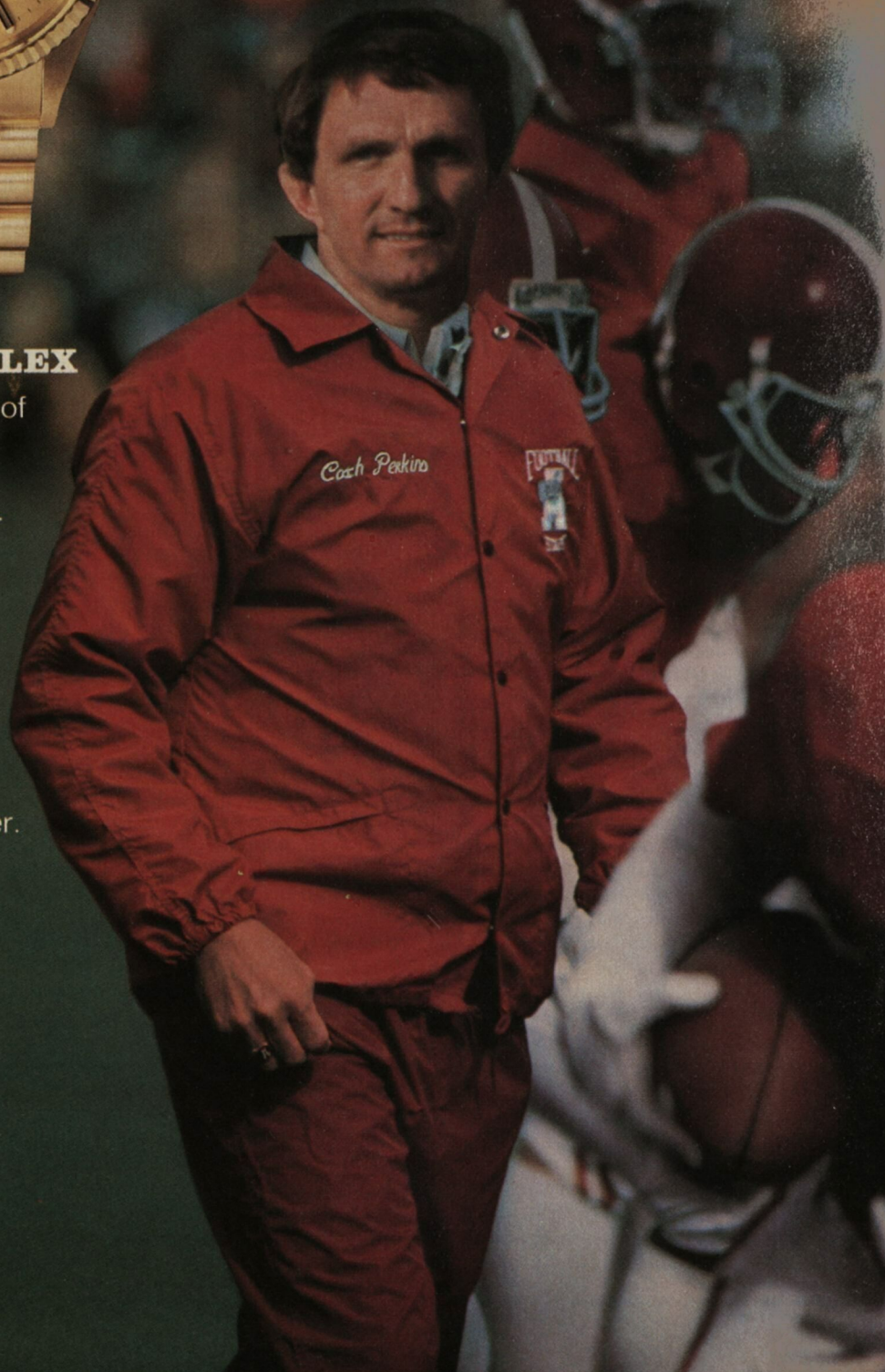
The voices of the University of Oregon may vary in style, and sometimes even in their accents. But, whether they originate in major departmental programs on campus, the radio air waves or visiting speakers, the goal is the same: service to the state of Oregon.


ROLEX

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HEAD COACH RICH BROOKS

Popular Rich Brooks begins his eighth season as Oregon's head football coach, the second longest tenure in the school's history.

Only Len Casanova, who directed Oregon's football fortunes for 16 years and took the Ducks to three Bowl appearances, held that position longer.

Brooks has displayed an unmistakable rapport with Oregon's coaches, players and fans and has established a solid reputation within the coaching profession.

The 43-year-old native of Grass Valley, Calif., has seen football from both sides of the fence. He has been a player and a coach and understands the feelings of his players, yet knows what it takes to construct a successful program.

Brooks took Oregon football fans to heights not seen since the mid-1960s when the Ducks posted back-to-back records of 6-5 and 6-3-2 during the 1979 and '80 seasons.

It had been 16 years since Casanova's 1963-64 clubs racked up the last back-to-back winning seasons.

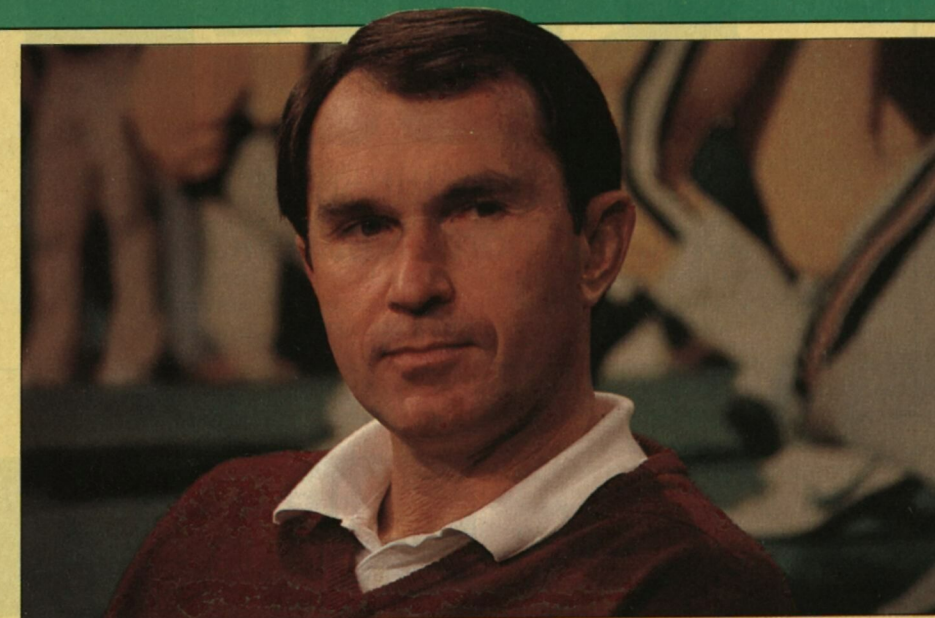
Brooks brought Oregon up from consecutive 2-9 seasons to its hard-earned winning mark in '79 and was accorded three major honors following the season: Pacific-10 Conference Coach of the Year, American Football Coaches Association (AFCA) District IX Coach of the Year and the Slat's Gill Award as Oregon Sportsman of the Year.

He graduated from Oregon State in 1963 and worked toward his master's degree in education and was assistant freshman coach at OSU that fall. Tommy Prothro, Brooks' coach during his playing days at OSU, left Corvallis for UCLA after that season and Brooks became an assistant coach and junior high general science teacher at Norte Del Rio High School in Sacramento.

After a year, Brooks returned to his alma mater as defensive end coach under Andros and later coached the defensive linemen. During that five-year span, the Beavers twice were ranked in the top 10 in the nation, finished second in the Pac-8, and Brooks coached All-Americans Jess Lewis and John Sandstrom.

Brooks rejoined Prothro in 1970 as UCLA's linebacker coach and moved to the Los Angeles Rams of the National Football League with Prothro in 1971. He remained there two seasons as special teams and fundamentals coach.

Brooks returned to Oregon State for a



year as defensive coordinator under Andros, but chose to go back to the NFL the following year on the staff of Dick Nolan with the 49ers where he coached defensive backs and special teams.

Brooks returned to UCLA as linebacker coach in 1976 and was named head coach at Oregon shortly after that season. The Bruins were ranked No. 2 in the nation during the season and earned a Liberty Bowl berth in Brooks' last game with UCLA.

Brooks scored his first victory as Duck head coach on Sept. 17, 1977, over Texas Christian in Fort Worth, 29-24. He started a satisfying pattern when Oregon posted its first Pac-10 triumph under Brooks in a 26-18 decision over favored Oregon State on Nov. 17 of that year.

In 1978, Oregon lost six games by a total of 19 points and four in succession in the last three minutes. But the fans began to see the improvement that would blossom the next year.

Oregon opened the 1979 season with a 33-19 victory at Colorado, then lost twice. The record slipped to 1-3 when the Ducks fell to Washington after leading by 17-0 at halftime when quarterback Reggie Ogburn was knocked out of the game. The Huskies returned a punt for a touchdown and won, 21-17.

California came to Eugene with its talented passing attack and trailed the Ducks, 19-14, in the fourth quarter. A freshman, Steve Brown, made two key interceptions to allow Oregon to prevail and the Ducks won five of their last seven, including consecutive road victories at Washington State and Stanford.

But that was only a preview for 1980. Oregon won at Washington, tied Southern California in Eugene and pinned a 20-14 setback on UCLA in Los Angeles. All were ranked in the top 10 in the nation prior to facing Oregon and Washington was to earn the Rose Bowl trip. It was the Huskies' only Pac-10 loss.

The season also featured a 35-7 shellacking of Michigan State, Oregon's biggest victory ever over a Big Ten Conference opponent and their first in 11 tries.

With depth, injuries and lapses at key positions causing havoc, Oregon suffered a 2-9 relapse in 1981. But Brooks kept the string of consecutive Oregon victories over Oregon State intact at seven with a 47-17 triumph, the most points ever rung up in a "Civil War" game.

In 1982, the Ducks suffered a series of frustrating losses in its first six games. Despite an 0-6 record, the Ducks forced Notre Dame to settle for a 13-13 tie. After nagging defeats to UCLA and Washington State, Oregon's undying spirit under Brooks surfaced. The Ducks finished with satisfying victories over Arizona and Oregon State.

The Ducks flirted with the Pacific-10 Conference lead and held the top spot with Washington after whipping California and upsetting Arizona in Tucson in the first two weeks of the '83 season.

Injuries, though, took their toll and were followed by successive losses to Washington, Washington State and champion UCLA. Oregon still managed to break even at 3-3-1 in the Pac-10 and recorded a non-conference decision over talented Houston.

KUGN

59

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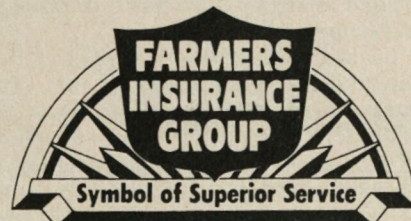
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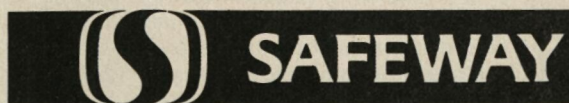
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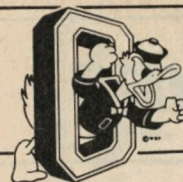
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THE OTHER OREGON SPORTS



Joaquim Cruz set a winning pace last May at
the NCAA championships taking the 800-
and 1,500-meter events.

National championships in men's
track and field and women's
cross country and post-season
tournament trips for both basketball
teams highlighted the 1983-84 year at
Oregon.

While football is the major revenue-
producing sport, it certainly isn't the
only game that brings the university
recognition. Here's a brief look at
Oregon's other 15 sports and their ath-
letes to watch:

WOMEN'S CROSS COUNTRY

Coach Tom Heinonen guided Oregon
to a first-place finish in the nation in
1983. Returning will be all-America
Kathy Hayes and Claudette Groenen-
daal to add depth and strength to this
year's team.

VOLLEYBALL

Chris Voelz coached her team to a 24-18
season and advanced to the NorPac
Conference tournament and finished
fourth. This year all-America Sue
Harbour is expected to contribute to
the team by leading the Ducks to the
conference title and a weekly spot in
the Top 20 poll.

MEN'S CROSS COUNTRY

Coach Bill Dellinger has coached five
national championship teams in his 17
years at Oregon and fields a team headed
by John Zishka, Mike Blackmore and
Chris Hamilton. Plus the squad may fea-
ture highly-touted recruits.

WOMEN'S GYMNASTICS

Sophomores Debbie Anderson and
Denise Garcia, plus the arrival of six
top-notch recruits make third-year
coach Ed Boyd optimistic about his
team's outlook in 1985.

MEN'S BASKETBALL

Don Monson made a quick impression
on Oregon and the entire Pac-10 Con-
ference when he led the Ducks to third
place in the league in his very first sea-
son. The 11-7 finish in league play
marked the first time that the Ducks
have won more games than they lost
since the league expanded to 10 teams.
Oregon swept all four games from UCLA
and USC for the first time since 1977.

WOMEN'S BASKETBALL

Elwin Heiny begins his ninth season as
coach of the Ducks with an impressive
156-54 record. Oregon finished 23-7 last
year and captured the NorPac Confer-
ence title. Leading the Ducks in 1985
will be NorPac's freshman-of-the-year
Laurie Tennant, who has established
herself in Oregon's backcourt.

SWIMMING (MEN'S AND WOMEN'S)

Beginning his fourth year as head
mentor for both the men's and women's
swimming teams, Dan Cole welcomes
back two key returnees in sophomores
Gwen Roedel and Steve Nichols.

WRESTLING

Oregon's matmen, tutored by United
States Olympic Greco-Roman Coach
Ron Finley, welcome back Rick O'Shea,
who redshirted in 1984 to prepare for
the Olympics, and Brad Steward, who
advanced to the NAAs at 190-pounds
as a freshman. They will add experi-
ence to a young Oregon team.

WOMEN'S TENNIS

Coach Nancy Osborne's Ducks finished
second last year in the Pacific North-
west and won a berth in the NorPac
Conference championships. The Ducks
are scheduled to host the 1985 NorPac
Conference championships.

MEN'S TENNIS

Buzz Summers, the dean of Oregon's
head coaches, starts his 18th season
with the Ducks. Oregon hopes to im-
prove on last year's record with one of
its best recruiting years ever.

MEN'S GOLF

Under first-year direction of Coach
Scott Krieger, the team finished seventh
in the tough Pac-10 tourney. Returning
to the squad will be George Daves plus
several talented recruits.

MEN'S TRACK

Coach Bill Dellinger's Oregon men cap-
tured first at the NCAA championships
last May in front of the home crowd. It
was the sixth time in the last seven sea-
sons the Ducks have claimed a spot
among the top 10 teams in the nation.

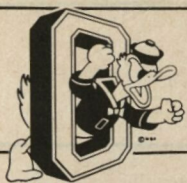
The team's championship quality was
reflected by 13 out of 15 competing ath-
letes contributing points to the total.
Joaquim Cruz, who set the pace with a
pair of individual championships, won
the 800- and 1,500-meter events. Major
point-producers behind Cruz were:
Kory Tarpenning, second, pole vault;
Jim Hill, third, 5,000 meters; Dub Meers,
third, 1,500 meters; and Brian Crouser,
fourth, javelin.

WOMEN'S TRACK

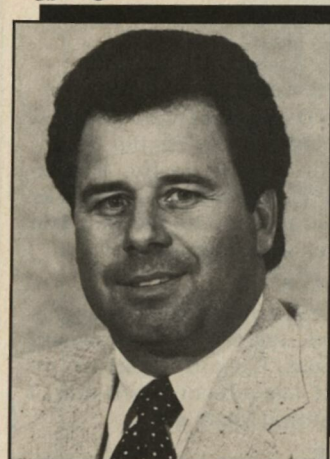
Coach Tom Heinonen's crew finished
in fourth place at the NCAA track and
field championships last spring. The
team boasted two individual cham-
pions: Kathy Hayes won the 10,000
meter and Claudette Groenendaal be-
came Oregon's top individual scorer
with a championship at 1,500 meters
and a second-place finish at 800
meters. Other Oregon women to earn
points were Ranza Clark, sixth, 1,500
meters and seventh, 800 meters; Eryn
Forbes, eighth, 5,000 meters and Kim
Roth, ninth, 1,500 meters.

WOMEN'S SOFTBALL

Eugene batterymates Sony Schroeder,
pitcher, and Christi Long, catcher, re-
turn experience to the 1985 lineup.
Third-year mentor P.J. Harlin hopes for
a winning 1985 softball season.



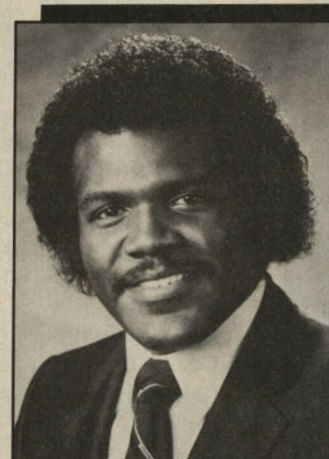
OREGON'S ASSISTANT COACHES



Bob Toledo
Offensive Coordinator/
QBs



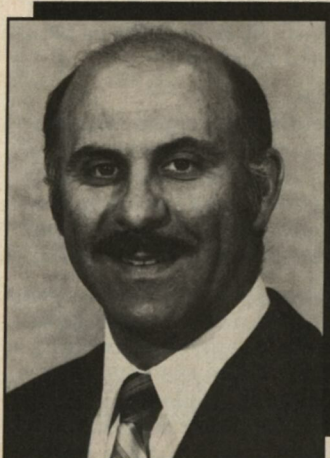
Joe Schaffeld
Defensive Coordinator/
Defensive Line



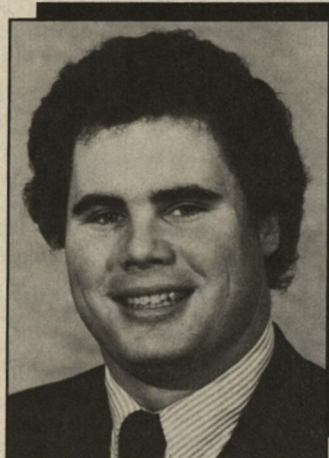
Gary Campbell
Offensive Backs



John Ramsdell
Receivers/Special Teams



Neal Zoumboukos
Offensive Guards/Centers



Steve Greatwood
Offensive Tackles/
Tight Ends



Bill Tarrow
Middle Linebackers



Bill Maskill
Secondary

Oregon enters the 1984 football season with the same coaching staff it had in 1983, definitely an advantageous situation for head coach Rich Brooks and the Oregon squad.

Four of the nine assistants were new last season as was the Ducks' offensive scheme. Oregon even operated with a new strength coach. As the players and coaches became more familiar with each other and the system, improvement began to show.

Offensive coordinator **Bob Toledo** and defensive strategist **Joe Schaffeld** each begin their second seasons in those roles. Toledo's varied system began to take shape in 1983 as Oregon improved its output by nearly 40 yards per game. Schaffeld's young defense matured as the year progressed and al-

lowed just one touchdown in the final two games.

Schaffeld, the veteran of the two and a familiar figure in Oregon football since playing on the 1958 Rose Bowl team, faced a major challenge. Only two starters returned from 1982, but his green defenders repeatedly rose to the challenge.

Toledo had been hired to give the Ducks a more productive, exciting attack. That he did, especially through the air. Oregon passed for 1,658 yards, compared to 1,036 yards the year before. Adapting to the skills of the material on hand, Toledo exploited the receiving talents of wide receiver Lew Barnes who added a new dimension to the attack.

Toledo was a star quarterback at San

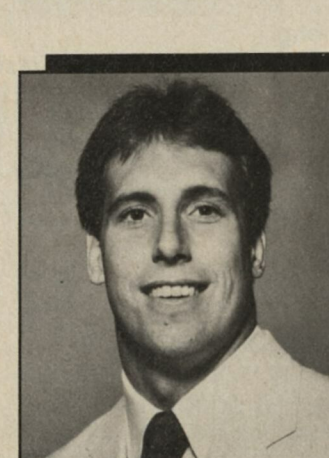
Francisco State, where he was a second-team all-America choice in his senior year. He started coaching at the high school level, then moved to California-Riverside as head coach. He led his team to California Collegiate Athletic Association titles in 1974 and 1975.

Toledo received his first exposure to the Pacific-10 Conference in 1976 when he joined former Oregon player-coach John Robinson on the USC staff. In 1979 he became head coach at Pacific where his specialty became upsets. Among his victims were Washington State, South Carolina and Iowa State.

The adjustment to the Toledo style at Oregon came easily for two of the Ducks' assistants, **Gary Campbell** and **John Ramsdell**, who were members of Toledo's Pacific staff.



Dave Walker
Outside Linebackers



Michael Clark
Strength Coach

recting the kicking game.

A native of Lancaster, Pa., Ramsdell played at Springfield (Mass.) College. He moved west as receivers coach at San Francisco State for two years before becoming coach of the secondary and kickers at Long Beach State in 1978.

In 1981 and 1982 he was a summer guest coach at Polytechnical University in Mexico City.

In addition to preparing the Oregon receivers, Ramsdell coordinates the special teams as well as guiding the over-all recruiting efforts.

Toledo's adjustment to Oregon was enhanced by the presence of two returnees in the offensive line assignments: **Neal Zoumboukos** and **Steve Greatwood**.

A graduate of California-Davis, Zoumboukos is in his fifth season on the Oregon staff. He familiarized himself with the state a year earlier, spending the 1979 season on the Oregon State staff.

After coaching one year at his alma mater, Zoumboukos spent three seasons as offensive and defensive coordinator at San Francisco. He returned to Davis for seven conference championship seasons on the offensive staff.

Zoumboukos saw his share of success at Davis, where the team was top-ranked in Division II in 1977 and played in four post-season games. In addition to coaching the guards and centers, he handles a large part of the staff's administrative duties.

Greatwood, who coaches the offensive tackles and tight ends, is the only member of the staff who played for Brooks at Oregon. Greatwood's development into a three-year starter at offensive guard earned him the 1979 Bob Officer Award as the player who made a major contribution toward the success of the team despite physical adversity, and a chance to play in the Hula Bowl.

A native of Eugene, Greatwood was elevated to full-time status in 1982 after two seasons as a graduate assistant with the defensive line.

While Schaffeld was new as coordinator, the look of the defensive staff was unchanged. It included **Bill Tarrow**, who came to Oregon with Brooks in 1977, and **Dave Walker**, who had been a player for the Ducks in 1969-1971. He is in his fourth year on the staff.

The only newcomer on the defensive side a year ago was **Bill Maskill**. He got well acquainted with the Pacific-10 territory during two seasons at Arizona State (1978-79). While coaching the Sun Devils' secondary one of his players, Kim Anderson, was a league leader in pass interceptions.

The Michigan native began coaching in the Big Ten at Iowa as a freshman coach in 1971. He moved on to Northern Michigan (1972-73), Bowling Green (1974) and Vanderbilt (1975-77) and has also coached at Louisville and Tulane. He lettered two seasons as a player at Western Kentucky.

Tarrow also played at Oregon, graduating in 1956. Tarrow was in his third year as head coach at Norte Del Rio High School in California when Brooks was hired as an assistant.

In 15 seasons at Norte Del Rio, Tarrow had an overall record of 92-49-8 including an unbeaten 1967 team. Tarrow is in charge of the middle linebackers.

Walker has a special appeal to longtime Oregon fans. Many of them watched him earn recognition as a diminutive but talented high school player before coming to Oregon to earn all-conference academic honors in 1971.

Walker's previous coaching stops have taken him throughout the western part of the country. He has been on the staffs at Washington, UCLA, Brigham Young and Washington State. The 1975 Bruins went to the Rose Bowl. At Oregon, he coaches outside linebackers.

Schaffeld has Oregon longevity as a coach dating to 1974. No one has stronger identity with the sport in Oregon than Schaffeld, who has coached in the state for more than two decades.

When he was selected for the Oregon staff, he was head coach at Willamette. Before that, he had coached in high school at Sutherlin, Roseburg and Portland Central Catholic.

Michael Clark starts his second full year as Oregon's strength coach. He served in similar positions at Wyoming and Kansas before joining the Ducks. Clark is a native of Wichita, Kan., and a 1977 graduate of Ottawa (Kan.) University. He was a second-team NAIA all-America linebacker and a three-time all-Heart of America Conference selection.

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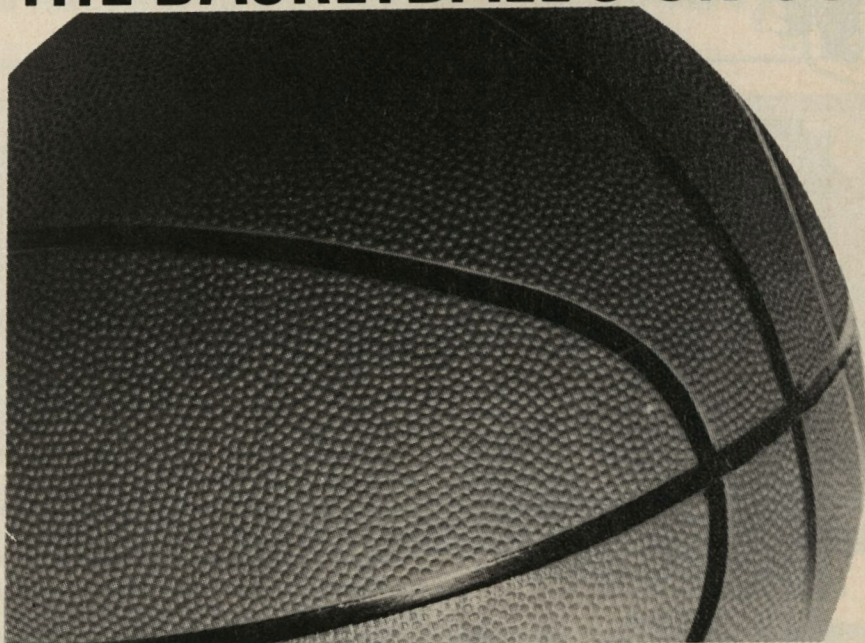
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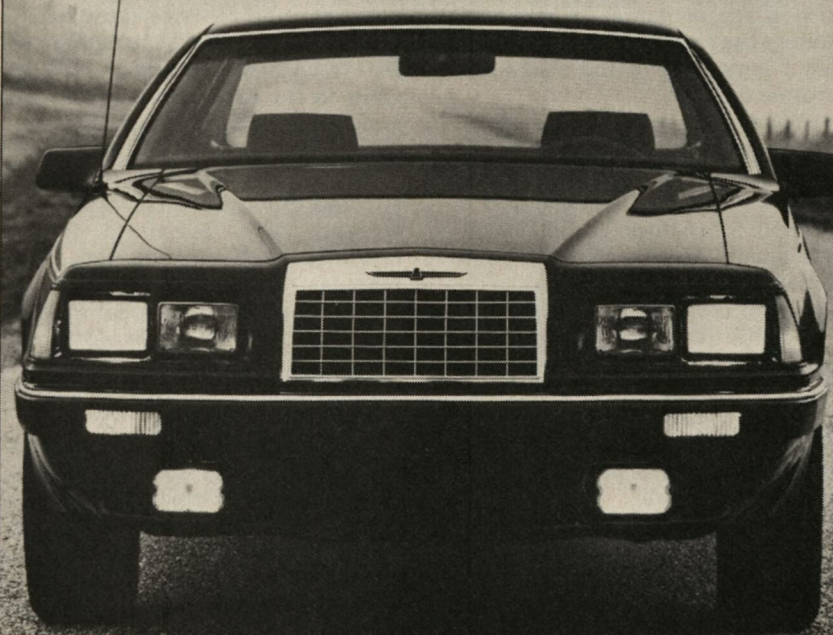
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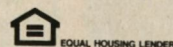
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MATCH-UPS ON THE LINE



by Don Doxie, Quad-City Times

Once upon a time the line of scrimmage in a college football game resembled the Battle of the Titans.

Gigantic linemen of equal size, equal strength and equal quickness stood facemask to facemask and slugged it out in ferocious fashion. The clash between offensive and defensive lines was

a test of brute strength. Whoever could outmuscle the other guy usually won the game.

It's still pretty ferocious in there. And physical, too. But a lot more finesse goes into line play these days.

Oh, the offensive linemen are still huge. The bigger the better, most

continued

MATCH-UPS ON THE LINE

continued

recruiters will tell you. Tackles who are 6-7 and weigh 280 pounds are commonplace. But, they are almost always offensive tackles, not defensive tackles.

On defense, speed and quickness have become priorities.

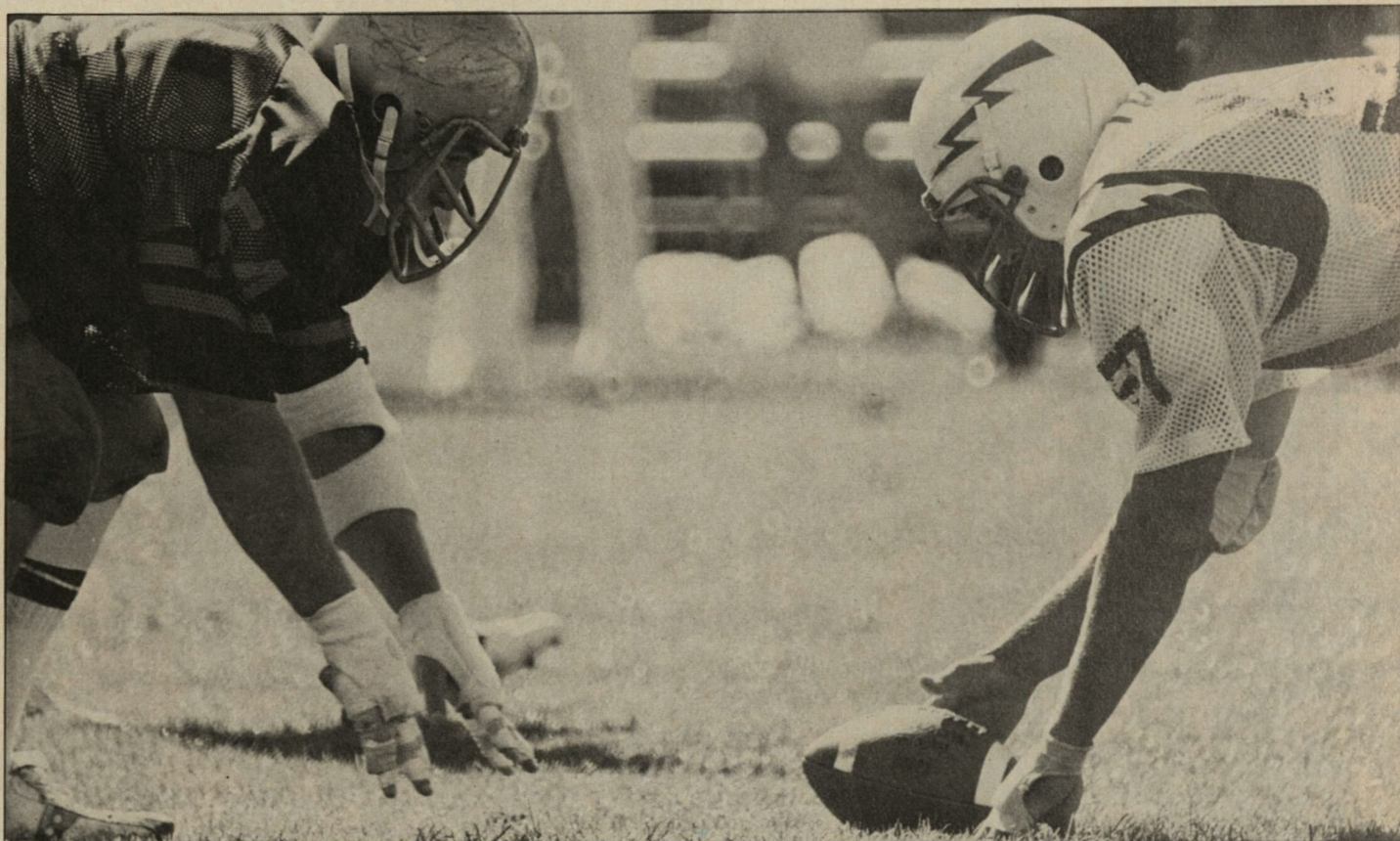
"Now defenses are being geared completely to quickness," said one West Coast defensive coach. "The pass rush

that position in recent years who weighed less than 200 pounds. Ends who weigh 220 are more the norm.

It wasn't always that way. A little more than a decade ago, the biggest, most powerful players could be found as often on defense as on offense. Men like Michigan State's 6-7, 295-pound Bubba Smith and Grambling's 6-7, 287-

who can run the 40-yard dash in 4.6 or 4.7. For any other team he'd probably play middle linebacker or fullback. But the coaches put him on a structured weightlifting program for a year or two and come up with a good, quick defensive tackle.

Movement just before the snap of the ball and the use of "slants" are primary



A lot more finesse goes into line play these days, and while offensive linemen are still huge, defensive linemen are becoming faster.

is the reason. Finding guys who can put on a pass rush is the No. 1 priority when we're looking for defensive linemen. We're always looking for guys who can get to the quarterback."

"That's the whole philosophy of most coaches now," agreed another coach. "If you've got 50 linemen to work with, some are going to be fast and some aren't. That doesn't mean the slow ones aren't good players. But the great people who can really run usually end up on defense."

The trend now is toward smaller, quicker defensive linemen. A 6-2, 240-pound defensive tackle or noseguard is more than acceptable these days in major college football. A 6-2, 240-pound offensive tackle is rare.

Defensive ends are usually even lighter. A few teams have had men at

pound Buck Buchanan roamed the defensive side.

"When the other team was running the football all the time, you wanted to have those big guys who could stand up to the offensive linemen and be physical," noted one defensive line coach.

But then the option style of the running attack became popular and teams suddenly needed quicker defensive players to cope with the outside thrusts of the Wishbone and the Veer. The advent of the wide open passing attack has accelerated the trend.

One Big Ten school has been among the leaders in the defensive quickness movement. It has been doing for years what others have only started doing in recent seasons.

The formula is simple. Find a kid who's 6-2 or 6-3 with a solid build and

weapons of a quick defensive line. A defensive tackle slants by lining up directly across from an opposing offensive linemen but facing at an angle. When the ball is snapped he charges into a gap in the line.

"You try to run around the guy instead of standing there and waiting for him to come and block you," explained one line coach. "You try to get into the gaps in the line. Miami did a great job of doing that last year."

The Hurricanes also used a great deal of movement in an effort to disrupt the concentration of the offensive line. Nothing disturbs an offensive guard or tackle more than having the man across from him shift just before the snap.

While quickness has joined (and virtually replaced) size and strength as a

continued

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MATCH-UPS ON THE LINE

continued

gauge of defensive line prowess, those two old staples are still in vogue on the other side of the ball. Offensive linemen in the college ranks are bigger than ever with several teams averaging more than 260 pounds across their front five. Colorado State, not exactly a gridiron powerhouse, claimed to have the biggest line in the country last season with an average of 269 pounds per man.

"With the new rules you're able to use your hands more on pass blocking and teams are throwing the ball more anyway," said one midwestern line coach. "With those factors in mind, it's definitely to your advantage to have big offensive linemen."

"A lot of teams are trying to counter that with quickness. They're sacrificing some size to get people who can out-quick the big offensive linemen."

As a result, offensive linemen are being asked to block men 10, 20, sometimes 40 pounds lighter than themselves. So what does a 270-pound offensive tackle do when the 230-pound defensive end lines up far outside and prepares to make a beeline for the quarterback? Or what does the 260-pound guard do when the 240-pound defensive tackle lines up at a slant and looks

longingly at the gap between guard and center?

He compensates for his lack of foot speed with intelligence and good technique. In other words, he has to anticipate the actions of the defender, get the proper angle on the man he is blocking, and then utilize the blocking tactics that have been drilled into him.

Technique. That word pops up over and over again in conversations among offensive linemen and their coaches. Technique, according to one major independent school line coach, is "every physical movement that is involved in the execution of a block." That includes the use of hands, legs and shoulders, knowing proper flexion of the hips and knees, developing the correct blocking angles, learning every basic tenet of the drive block (for running plays) and the set block (for pass protection). Everything.

"The key to the whole thing is repetition," said one coach. "Offensive linemen have to be willing to work very hard."

It's also nice if they have long arms. It defrays the margin for error.

"If a guy has shorter arms, he has to be that much better with his tech-

nique," explained one coach, "whereas a kid who is 6-7 and has those long arms can be a little sloppy and get away with it. If the shorter kid makes a mistake he can really get burned."

It's a little different with the drive block, where the primary object is to beat the other guy off the line and get leverage on him. Shorter, lighter linemen have their place there, especially if they have a quick first step. No matter how big and strong the guy is across the line, if an offensive linemen can be the driver instead of the drivee, he'll probably get the job done.

Of course, height, weight, speed and wingspan aren't the only criteria for selecting offensive and defensive linemen. Coaches often base their decisions as much on aptitude, attitude and personality.

The general stereotype is something like this:

- Offensive linemen are passive, defensive linemen are aggressive.
- Offensive linemen have above average intelligence, defensive linemen have below average intelligence.
- Offensive linemen are nice, defensive linemen are mean.
- Offensive linemen work hard, defensive linemen are a little lazy.
- Offensive linemen are gentle and contemplative, defensive linemen are loud and rowdy.

You'll get varying opinions on the validity of the stereotype although most view it as having only a thread of truth.

"The offensive lineman has to keep his composure more," admitted one West Coast coach. "You don't want to put sissies on offense but you want them to have a calmer metabolism. The crazier guy who has a tendency to jump offside belongs on defense."

"You always hear the stories about how this guy wasn't good enough for defense so they moved him to offense," reflected an offensive line coach from the Big Ten. "But we like our guys to be aggressive, too."

"I guess the biggest difference is that an offensive lineman has to play with more control. Pass blocking is a good example. The defensive guys are wailing on you but you have to maintain your control and concentration. Defensive guys can just play a lot more loose."

"A good parallel to playing the offensive line would be hitting a golf ball or hitting a baseball. You want to be intense but you also have to be under control."

And be big and strong and tough and have good technique and be ready to cope with some lightning-footed, scaled-down "titans."

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COLLEGE LANDMARKS ACROSS THE NATION

Third in a series

The figurehead "Tecumseh," named for a great Native American warrior, has played a prominent part in the U.S. Naval Academy's traditions for many years. The original wooden image was sent to the Academy in 1866 after being salvaged from the wreck of the Delaware, which had been sunk at Norfolk during the Civil War to prevent her from falling into Confederate hands. For 40 years the figurehead stood outside until weather took its toll. It was decided to immortalize Tecumseh in bronze in 1929. Today the statue, mounted on a pedestal of Vermont marble adorned with the Naval Academy seal, stands at the main entrance of the midshipmen's dormitory. It is considered a good luck symbol—students toss pennies at Tecumseh or salute it before exams and athletic contests.



Wake Forest University's new Graylyn Conference Center is housed in the restored mansion of the late Bowman Gray, former president and chairman of the board of R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Company. Built in 1927-32, Graylyn is the second largest private home (87 rooms) ever built in North Carolina. It is listed on the National Register of Historic Places as "one of the most significant domestic landmarks in the early twentieth century in North Carolina." The mansion is located on a 55-acre estate near the university's Winston-Salem campus.

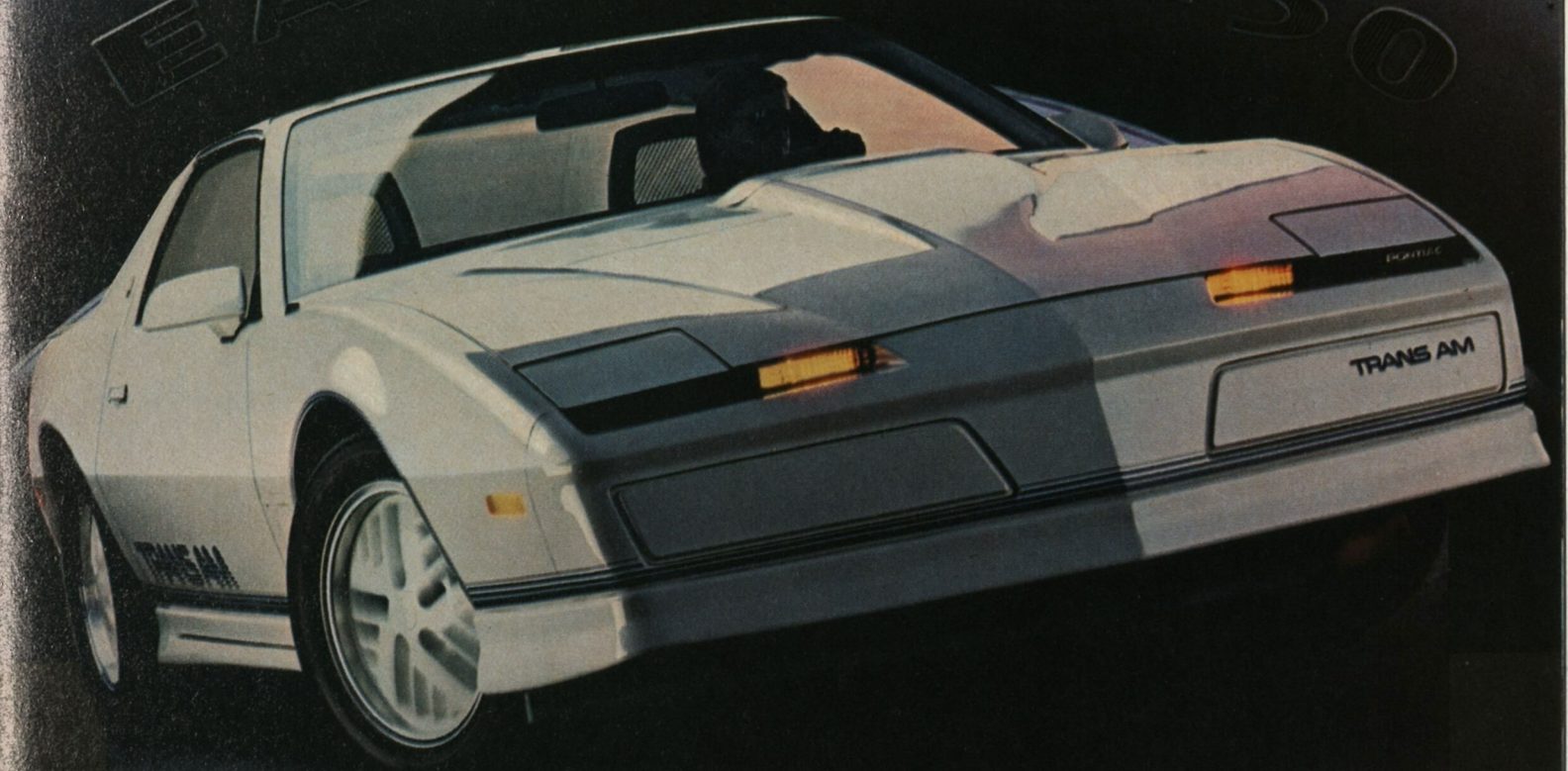


One of Miami University's Oxford, Ohio campus landmarks is the McGuffey Museum. A National Historic Landmark, the Museum was the home of William Holmes McGuffey. McGuffey taught at the university and twice was offered its presidency, which he declined. He became well-known for the childrens' school readers which he wrote in the 1930s. His series became

the standard text in 37 states and by 1900 the editions totaled more than 100 million copies. A new edition was published in 1946, bringing the total of McGuffey Readers in print to over 125 million copies. The Museum contains a complete set of McGuffey's readers and the desk where he did much of his early writing.



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SOUTHPAW QUARTERBACKS

LEFTIES PROVE THEMSELVES RIGHT

by Bill Free, Baltimore Sun



Left-handed quarterback Steve Young of Brigham Young University was outstanding last season.

Oh how the myths have exploded down through the years about those wacky, crazy, flaky and zany left-handed quarterbacks.

They have been portrayed as a fun-loving, free-spirited bunch of football players who march to the beat of a different drum. The guys who throw with the so-called "wrong arm" are sup-

posed to be capable of doing anything at any time to give a coach gray hairs.

In short, it's safe to expect the unexpected from the southpaw throwers. They tantalize their coaches with flashes of brilliance one moment and near total disaster at another moment.

Many left-handed quarterbacks have overcome this nagging stigma of incon-

sistency and gone on to have superb college careers. Last season, two of the top quarterbacks in the nation—Boomer Esiason of Maryland and Steve Young of Brigham Young—threw with their left hand.

They were so brilliant and consistent

continued

SOUTHPAW QUARTERBACKS

continued

Saturday after Saturday that their coaches and fans nearly forgot that they had a left-hander at the most important position on the team.

"The only problem we came upon was if we had to demonstrate something," said a right-handed Atlantic Coast Conference coach who watched his talented left-hander win 16 games over two seasons against some of the top teams in the country.

"Some people say the spin of the ball is different from a left-hander," continued the ACC head coach. "But I don't believe there's any real difficulty unless you talk about it and think about it a lot."

But there can be no question that a left-hander does present problems for his teammates and the opposition on a regular basis, if for no other reason than the fact that he is different from most quarterbacks.

Something like 95 percent of quarterbacks are right-handers. Defenses are accustomed to playing against right-handers and get a different look of where the ball is coming from when a left-hander unloads a pass.

The lefties have also been known to gamble a little more in clutch situations and rise to the occasion when backed into a corner. Maybe they have something to prove since they grew up throwing the ball differently from almost everybody else.

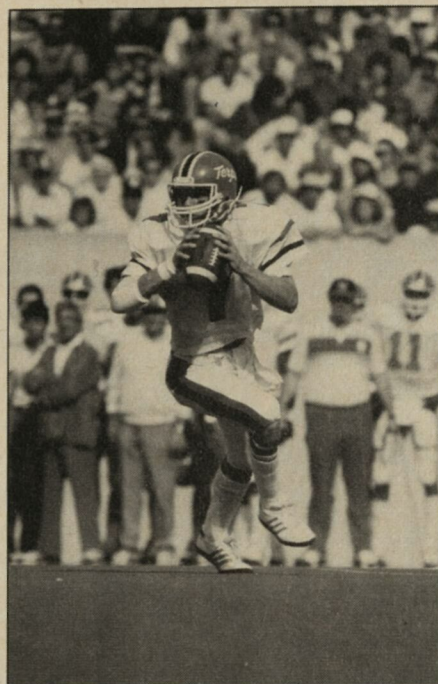
A left-hander is certainly much better at rolling out to his left and putting the ball in the air. When he goes to the left, he's usually attacking the weak side of the defense—those people who don't normally get as much work on a regular afternoon.

Some defensive coaches may want to shift personnel around to compensate for the added dimension a left-hander gives a team. And they also have to be prepared for the different rotation on the football when it leaves the hand of a lefty.

"Sometimes a left-hander will throw a curve, screwball, or something like that," said a Southeastern Conference coach. "The spin on the ball is different but it doesn't matter as long as it gets there."

The different spin would create a problem for a receiver if he were catching the ball from a southpaw for the first time all week. But all receivers catch hundreds of passes every week from all the quarterbacks on the squad. By Saturday afternoon they're ready to catch the ball as long as it doesn't spin, curve, or dip too much.

When that happens, the left-handed quarterback usually says he was just



Maryland's Boomer Esiason, throwing left-handed, shattered records in '83.

being "creative" and messing up the defense. But both the quarterback and his pass-catchers know that every now and then a southpaw is going to look bad on a pass when it gets away from him.

Most coaches say they don't install any special pass patterns for a lefty. However, they'll try to attack the weak side of the defense as often as possible if they have a quarterback who is mobile enough to roll left and throw effectively on the run.

In these days of complicated and multiple defenses, the offensive coaches are always looking for a minor twist or turn to gain any kind of slight advantage a left-hander might provide. Even if the quarterback and his receiver do everything the same on a pass pattern a right-hander would do, there is still the obvious difference of trying to stop a passer who has the ball in the other hand.

The left side of the defensive line has more distance to travel to get to the football when a lefty has it. When the defensive linemen start bearing down on a left-handed quarterback, the first thing they are usually facing is his back and not the ball.

This can give the quarterback the few extra precious seconds he might need to get the pass off or to scramble out of trouble and find another receiver.

So what happens if the left-handed

starter suddenly gets hurt during a game and the coach has to call on his back-up—a right-hander—to come into the game?

The tendency is to believe the offensive team has to completely readjust its plan of attack. This could be true in some cases, but most coaches like to give their back-up quarterback enough playing time to be comfortable with the first unit.

If the No. 2 signal caller has only been in games with the second team, that's when the problems start. You can practice for days with the first team, but there's no substitute for working under game conditions with your receivers, running backs and offensive linemen.

Although there is no difference in the way a left-hander takes a snap from center, there are the usual timing factors to be concerned about. These are important when a right-hander replaces a right-hander, and are a little more ticklish when a righty subs for a southpaw.

As far as defensive adjustments a team has to make when it is going to face a left-hander are concerned, it all depends on the quarterback's strengths and weaknesses.

If he runs a well-balanced offense to both sides of the field, there isn't much an opponent can do to project what's coming on Saturday afternoon. But if the lefty has shown a tendency to favor a certain pass pattern over another, the wheels are set in motion for some defensive wizardry.

"You do make a thorough study of quarterbacks," said BYU's offensive coordinator. "You study his tendencies and see what he likes to do the most. Sometimes those traits may be a little easier to pick up with a lefty who is obviously more comfortable going to his left."

The BYU coach, who worked with record-shattering Steve Young last season, said that all left-handed quarterbacks like to say they can go to their right better than their left.

"But it's just not true," he said. "These guys like to make people believe they can roll right to prove their versatility. But you know a left-hander is naturally going to be more at ease going to his left."

No lefty likes to think he is limited, especially a quarterback who thrives on confidence and complete belief in his ability to get the job accomplished. Some have said left-handers are more cocky and brash than their right-handed counterparts.

But believers in the left-handers con-

continued



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SOUTHPAW QUARTERBACKS

continued

tend that it's just the quarterback position that makes everybody seem that way. They don't think most lefties are arrogant. They have to be strong to lead 10 other guys on the field, and that strength is sometimes confused with obnoxiousness.

Unlike baseball where the southpaw is restricted to pitching, first base and the outfield, football holds no major limitations on where a left-hander can play. The only time a football coach might make a change because a player is left-handed would be in determining on which side of the line he might use the lefty.

Most coaches like their offensive and defensive linemen to be ambidextrous, but if a player is much more at ease hitting with his left arm first he will usually be put in a position where he can utilize his strengths to the utmost.

"You just see which guys are more comfortable on a certain side of the field," said a Big Ten coach. "The same can be true of right-handers as well as lefties. It's something you look at for linebackers and defensive backs as well as linemen and ends."

While the left-handed quarterback

"Sometimes a left-hander will throw a curve, screwball, or something like that," said a Southeastern Conference coach. "The spin on the ball is different but it doesn't matter as long as it gets there."

has some advantages and a few disadvantages, a running back who is left-handed would have a definite advantage if the coach wanted to use him on a pass-option play. He could carry the ball in the right hand and then suddenly switch the ball away from the defender to the left hand and throw a pass.

All-America Steve Young last season helped dispel some of those fables about left-handers. His soft touch

passes rolled up points on the scoreboard and skyrocketed his passing statistics.

"He was completely opposite from what you always hear about left-handers," said the BYU coach. "He was the most accurate quarterback we've had here and we never did anything to compensate for him being left-handed."

While Young did the job with a soft pass, Maryland's southpaw Boomer Esiason shattered passing records with a whistling pass that split defenders many times to find the open arms of receivers.

Both quarterbacks received super results with different methods, but they both used what teachers and educators once referred to as the "bad arm."

The BYU coach recalled the days when he was in elementary school and a kid in the room was reprimanded for using his left hand. It was a time when all youngsters were being taught to use their right hands.

Now that thinking has changed. As one left-hander put it, "We are more spontaneous and creative. We use the hand that is closest to our heart, which makes us more sincere."

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THE RADIO COLOR MAN: PAINTING A PICTURE

HE BROKE
THE LINE
ON THE
30...
20...
10...
HE'S
THROUGH



by John Jones,
The New Orleans Times-Picayune

He is a man who puts the
Crimson in Harvard foot-
ball.

The man who never mispro-
nounces a Cajun French surname
on the roster of LSU.

The man who is a walking ency-
clopedia of facts, prominent and
obscure, about your favorite col-
lege football team.

He is the radio color man on col-
lege football broadcasts, the
scene setter, the play analyzer, the
artist with words.

In the broadcast business the
color man is candidly considered
the second banana on a team
anchored by the play-by-play
announcer.

The color man's job doesn't en-
sure the long-term security fre-
quently associated with the work
of top play-by-play men.

Yet in the hearts of a legion of
college fans from Boston to
Austin, the color man *continued*

THE RADIO COLOR MAN

continued

is as singular a trademark as a team's helmet logo or mascot.

His expressions become a part of the fan's vocabulary.

His voice and rhythmic delivery are mimicked.

His descriptions of game scenes become a permanent chapter of team history for every fan who couldn't make it to the stadium on time.

Color men come from a variety of backgrounds.

Some are formerly prominent college players, often alumni of the teams they're broadcasting.

Some are full time broadcasters with years of experience.

A third group fits neither category. They weren't great players, and they're just learning the broadcasting business. But people like to hear their voices during a game.

"A good color man," says a veteran play-by-play announcer in the Big Ten, "can add a real dimension to a broadcast. He can inject a liveliness into the story line that complements the play-by-play man's job. A good play-by-play man always comes prepared to do his job. A good color man can make him sound even better."

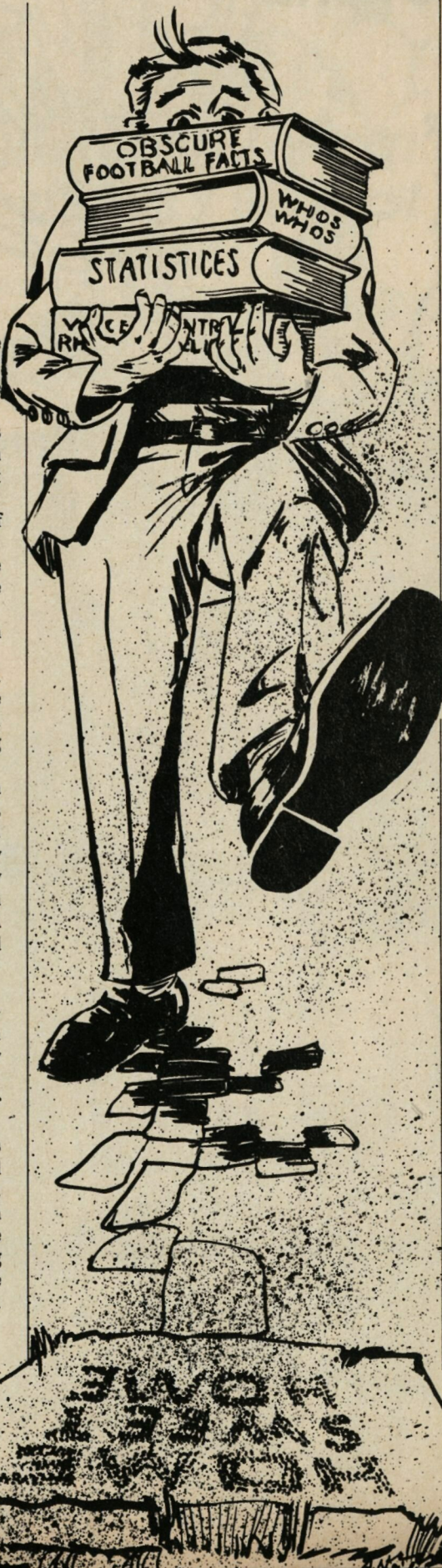
The converse is also true.

No matter how flawless the play-by-play delivery, a weak color man can disrupt the broadcast flow more quickly than a power failure.

With each broadcast team, the color man's job varies.

In a two-man team, the color man's responsibilities are expanded beyond simply making comments during a game.

The color man in the two-man team usually gets the game show on and off the air. He handles introductions, including halftime guests. If there are no halftime guests, he describes halftime ceremonies.



Often he's also responsible for locker room interviews on the post-game show.

Every color man is expected to provide requisite game facts in his pre-game comments: who's playing, where they're playing, what the teams' records are and how weather conditions may affect the game's outcome.

Better color men go a step further, delving into the nuances of a game by briefly charting the storylines they'll follow during the afternoon: key matchups, relationships of opposing coaches, the impact the game could have on bowl game aspirations of either or both teams.

Three-man broadcast teams are distinguished by the addition of a game analyst to the roster.

The analyst, usually a former coach or player, uses his intimate knowledge of college football to apprise listeners of what strategy and tactics are being used. In this situation, the color man avoids technical aspects of the game to concentrate on other areas.

Whether two-man or three-man, the broadcast team has to learn to work together, becoming familiar with the cadence of the play-by-play man's voice and the lulls in which the color man and analyst can make their points.

"The 25 seconds between plays in a college game makes a vastly different broadcast than a pro game in which 30 seconds transpire between plays," says a veteran Southeastern Conference broadcaster who has served as both color man and play-by-play announcer for the better part of 20 years.

"The extra five seconds in the pro game can be interminable. You'll have a bit more freedom as a color man to get your thoughts on the air. The college game gives the impression of moving along so much faster. You have to know what you're going to say and say it

continued

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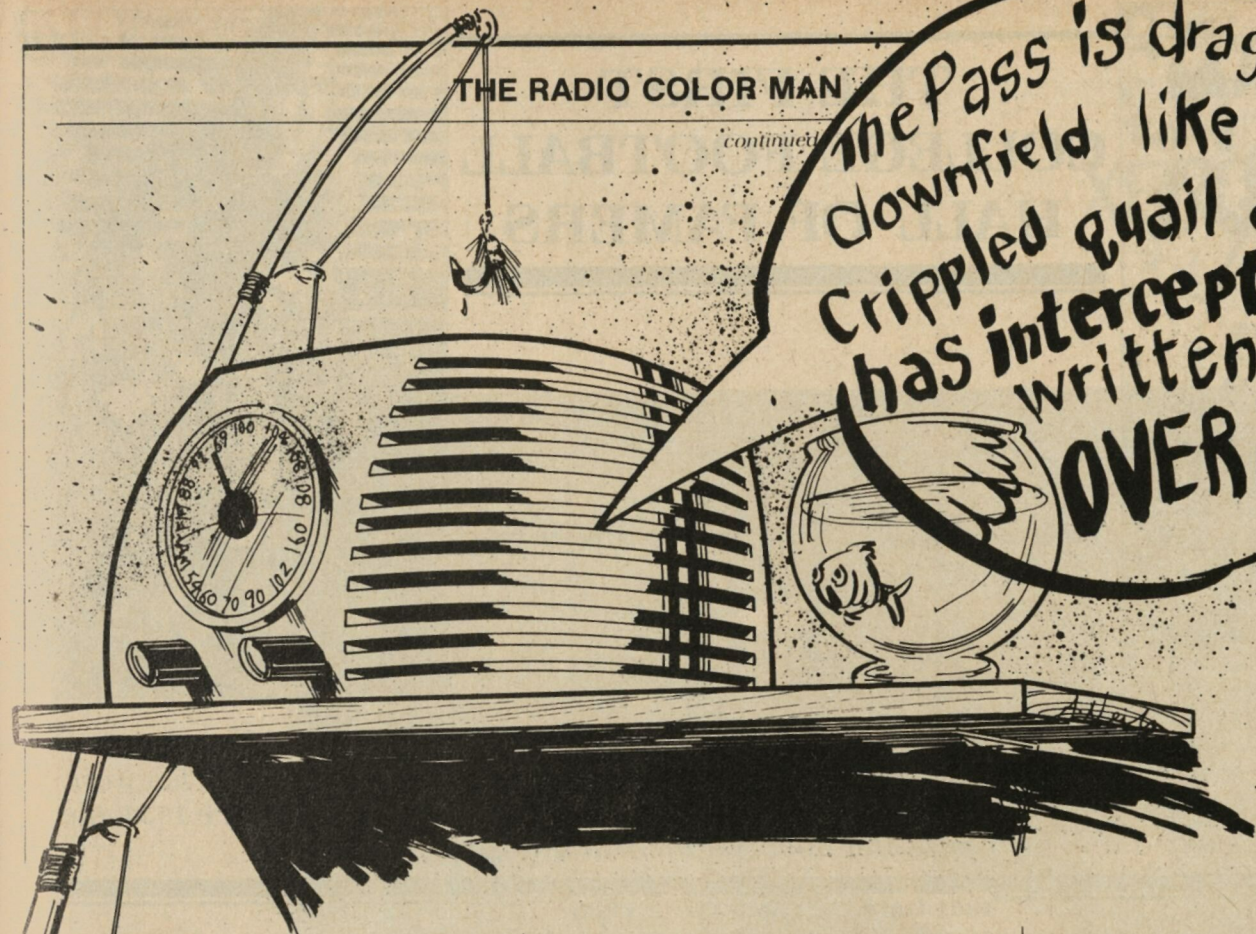
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THE RADIO COLOR MAN

continued



succinctly." In the radio booth as well as on the playing field, the opening two or three games of the season are usually the proving ground.

Because the popularity of college football radio broadcasts generates big ratings — and big profits — radio executives are very critical in their reviews of broadcast teams.

A color man who can't hold his own in the two-man team, or one who steps on the lines of his compatriots in the three-man team, is immediately relegated to less air time.

An experienced broadcast team that's worked together for several seasons has a comfortable feel for the radio audience right from the season opener.

A team with one or more new members can have its ups and downs.

"The longer you work with someone, the better patterns you get into," said an announcer with five decades of college football broadcasting duty, the last two decades coming on the broadcast team of a Los Angeles-based Pac-10 team.

"The play-by-play man accepts the other guy and learns from him. The big thing is that one pair of eyes can't see it all. The play-by-play man follows the ball. The color man can more closely analyze what the defense is doing. He

sees who caused the fumble.

"A priority," he said, "is to keep it simple."

"You don't want to be too technical in the college game," he said. "College football is more a spectacle. People are dressed up and meeting old friends. There's a larger audience of women. It's a social event."

"They just aren't as involved in the technical points of the game. You don't kiss off the technical stuff altogether, but there's a lot going on at a college game beyond pure unadulterated football."

Perhaps the best way to keep the pace flowing in a college broadcast is to be well prepared.

"If you want to be a professional," said one former Big-10 color commentator, "you come in prepared. A lot of guys don't, but if you don't do your homework, you're not doing your job."

"It's extremely important to get input from the coaches. They know what a guy's strengths and weaknesses are. They know the kinds of things that can make it a long day for a player."

"So you watch for it. Pick out something you can look for that you expect to be a key and monitor the pattern through the game."

The color man's job in recent years has been immeasurably assisted by the growing intricacies of college football.

"The frequent use of statistics, for one thing," the veteran Pac-10

announcer said. "The sheer amount of information you have at your fingertips helps you do a better job. It's all changed. You're not in the press box any more. It's the communications center."

The difference in the color man's duties can be altered by the medium. On radio, he's an illustrator and educator. On television, he can be like a counterpunching boxer.

"When you're doing TV, it's not necessary to say the pass is dragging downfield like a crippled quail and has interception written all over it," says the veteran SEC color commentator.

"All that's done for you. The color man becomes analyst in a TV broadcast. Radio lets you paint the picture."

The best test of a color man's craft is how well he communicates the flavor and excitement of the game via the radio airwaves, how artfully he illustrates the scene to a fan who may be hundreds of miles away and fishing from a bass boat floating in the middle of a lake.

If he can fire up that angler, get him dialed into every play, the fisherman is going to become a cheerleader.

And the cheerleader is going to shout loud enough to drive the fish away.

The fishing trip may be ruined.

But the fisherman has enjoyed an afternoon of college football thanks to the second banana who brings the game to life—the radio color man. ●



THE FIRST COLLEGE FOOTBALL HALL OF FAMERS

Harold "Red" Grange

Alvin "Bo" McMillin



In 1951 the National Football Foundation and Hall of Fame inducted its first members. They were a distinguished group, many of them familiar legends in college football. Each year since 1951, the Hall of Fame has named new members and honored them at awards banquets.

1951 HALL OF FAME INDUCTEES

Sammy Baugh, Texas Christian, Halfback, 1934-36

Hector Cowan, Princeton, Tackle, 1885-89

Edward Coy, Yale, Fullback, 1907-09

Charles Daly, Harvard, Quarterback, 1898-1900
Army, Quarterback, 1901-02

Benjamin Friedman, Michigan, Halfback/Quarterback,
1924-26

George Gipp, Notre Dame, Fullback, 1917-20

Harold "Red" Grange, Illinois, Halfback, 1923-25

Thomas Hare, Pennsylvania, Guard, 1897-1900

Charles Harley, Ohio State, Halfback, 1916-18

Homer Hazel, Rutgers, Fullback, 1922-24

W.W. "Pudge" Heffelfinger, Yale, Guard, 1888-91

Wilbur "Fats" Henry, Washington & Jefferson, Tackle, 1917-19

Frank Hinkey, Yale, End, 1891-94

William Hollenback, Pennsylvania, Halfback, 1906-08

Donald Hutson, Alabama, End, 1932-34

Frank "Bruiser" Kinard, Mississippi, Tackle, 1934-37

Nile Kinnick, Iowa, Halfback, 1937-39

Elmer Layden, Notre Dame, Fullback, 1922-24

Edward Mahan, Harvard, Fullback, 1913-15

Alvin McMillin, Center, Quarterback, 1919-21

Harold "Brick" Muller, California, End, 1920-22

Bronislaw "Bronko" Nagurski, Minnesota, Tackle, 1927-29

Ernest Nevers, Stanford, Fullback, 1923-25

Adolf "Germany" Schultz, Michigan, Center, 1904-08

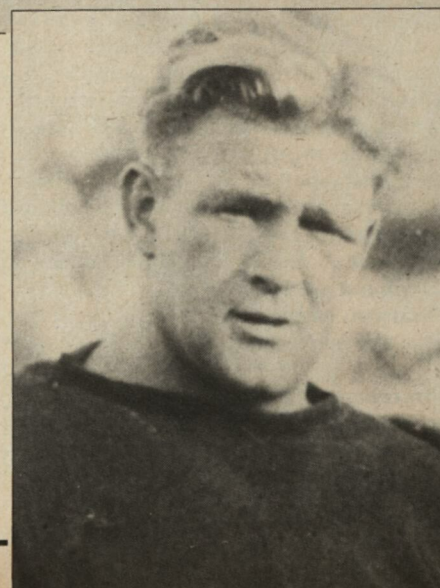
Fred "Duke" Slater, Iowa, Tackle, 1918-21

Amos Alonzo Stagg, Yale, End, 1885-89

James Thorpe, Carlisle, Halfback, 1908, 1911-12

Ed Weir, Nebraska, Tackle, 1923-25

George Wilson, Washington, Halfback, 1923-25

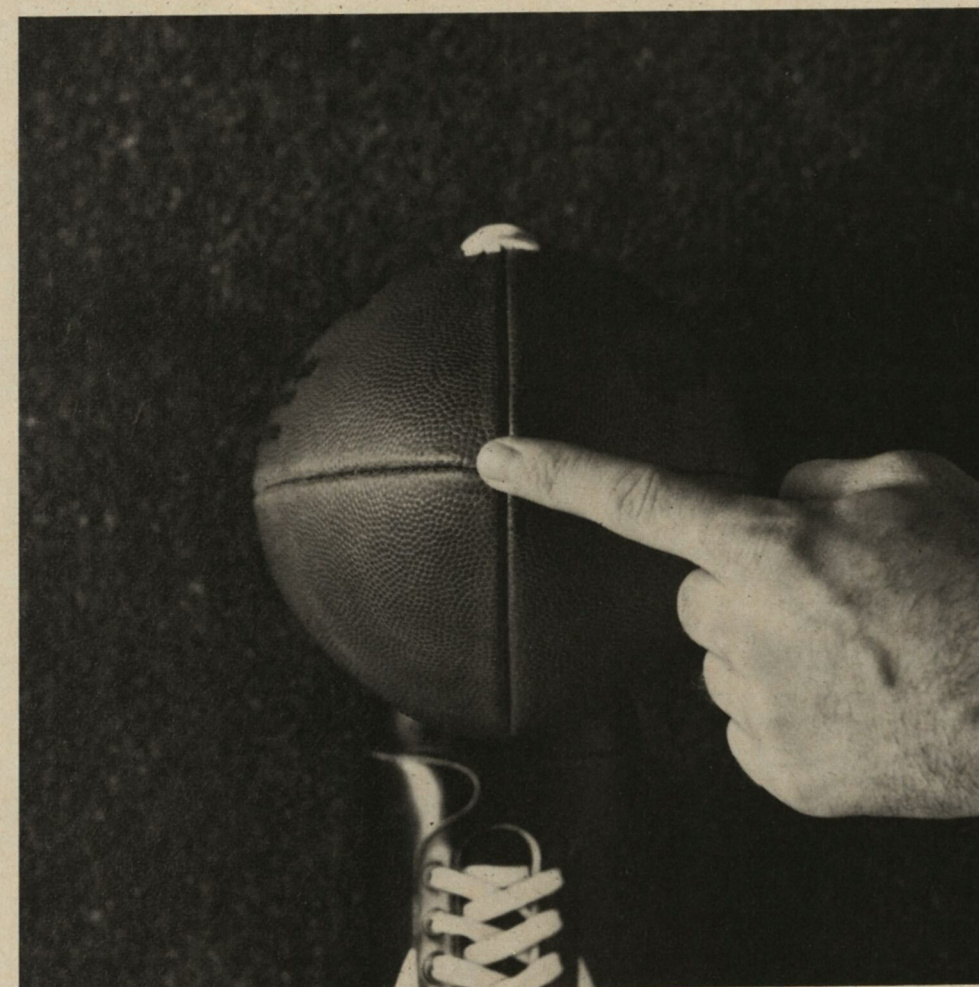


Ernest Nevers



Benny Friedman

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Without the right team, the game cannot be won. Team Xerox.

DO-IT-YOURSELF STATS N' FACTS



RUSHING
No./Name (Use cumulative yardage, circle scoring plays)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

PASSING
No./Name (Use cumulative yardage for completions; — for incomplete; x for interceptions)

RECEIVING
No./Name (Use cumulative yardage, circle scoring plays)

RUSHING
No./Name (Use cumulative yardage, circle scoring plays)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

PASSING
No./Name (Use cumulative yardage for completions; — for incomplete; x for interceptions)

RECEIVING
No./Name (Use cumulative yardage, circle scoring plays)

Every football fan knows that the score doesn't always give a good picture of a game. A few statistics, like those that can be kept on this page, can make the picture clearer, show what the individual stars contribute and help to win post-game "debates." Besides, it can be fun to second guess the official scorers whose statistics will appear in tomorrow's papers. But before you start, here are some pointers on being a statistician:

1. Keep cumulative totals to be informed "up to the minute" and to simplify your figuring of team totals. Example: Jones gains 3, 6, 9, 2 yards and you write 3, 9, 18, 20 on his line.

2. On plays involving penalties measured from the point of the foul, credit the rusher or pass receiver with yardage only to the point of the infraction.

3. Charge gains and losses on fumbles to the player who, in your judgment, contributed most to the error.

4. Don't score two-point conversion attempts after touchdowns as rushing or passing plays.

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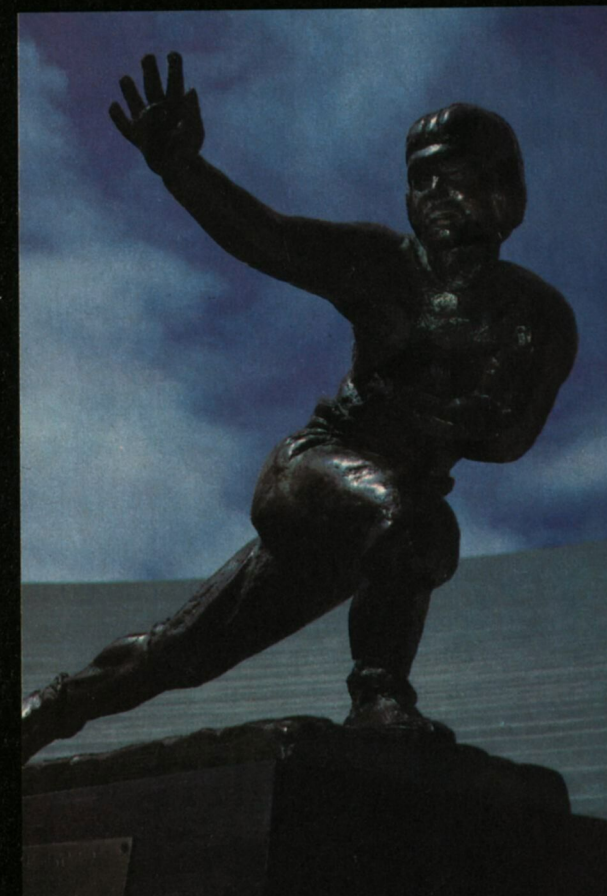
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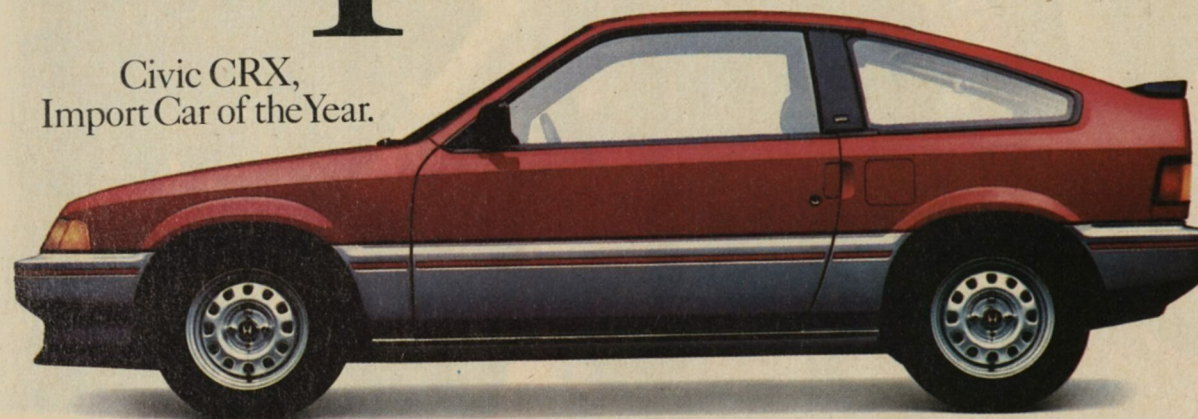
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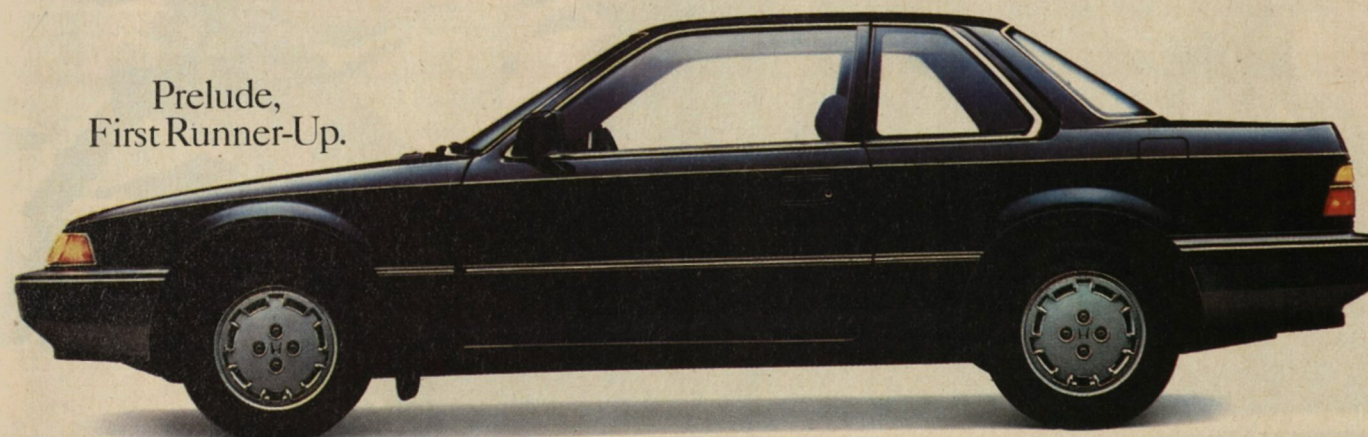
HONDA



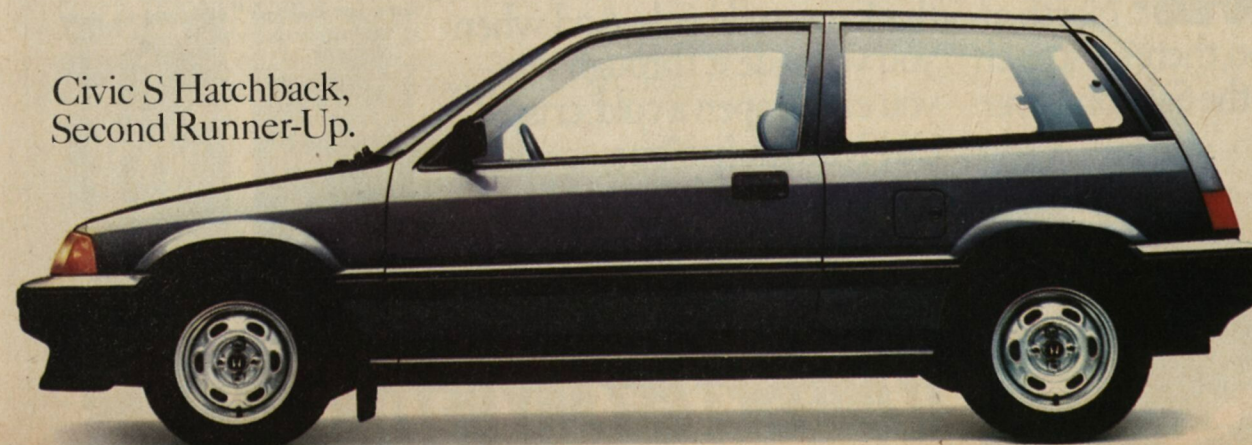
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Civic S Hatchback,
Second Runner-Up.



Old Milwaukee

BEER



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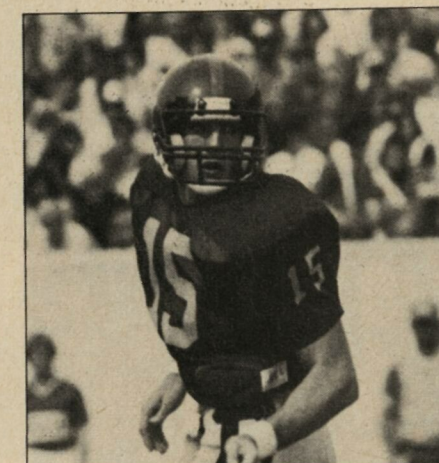
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1983 ACADEMIC ALL-AMERICAS

UNIVERSITY DIVISION



Brian Salonen, Montana



Jeff Hostetler, West Virginia



John Bergren, Stanford

The College Sports Information Directors of America (CoSIDA) chose 23 players for the 1983 college division Academic All-America team, and 24 players for the university division team.

Heading the university division were standout quarterback Jeff Hostetler of

West Virginia, Lombardi Award finalist Doug Dawson of Texas and two-time All-America defensive back Terry Hoage of Georgia. In the college division, two top pass receivers were chosen for the team—Marc Knowles of Millikin and Bob Stefanski of Northern Michigan. Between them, these two players accounted for

nearly 1,800 yards in receptions during the 1983 season.

To be eligible for the Academic All-America teams, a player must be a regular performer for his school's team and must have at least a 3.2 grade point average (on a 4.0 scale) for the previous year.

continued

FIRST TEAM OFFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
QB	Jeff Hostetler, West Virginia	4.0
RB	Derrick Harmon, Cornell	3.5
RB	Tom Holt, Drake	3.68
WR	Kevin Guthrie, Princeton	3.3
WR	Phil Roach, Vanderbilt	2.42*
TE	John Frank, Ohio State	3.82
C	Rich Chitwood, Ball State	3.85
G	Stephan Humphries, Michigan	3.77
G	Doug Dawson, Texas	3.24
T	Brian O'Meara, SMU	3.57
T	Bruce Kozerski, Holy Cross	3.37
K	Steve Shapiro, Boston University	3.54

FIRST TEAM DEFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
DL	Rob Stuckey, Nebraska	3.64
DL	Scott Strasburger, Nebraska	3.82
DL	John Bergren, Stanford	3.54
DL	Michael Matz, Toledo	3.61
LB	Harry Hamilton, Penn State	3.60
LB	Tony Romano, Syracuse	3.90
LB	Joe Donohue, Long Beach State	4.0
DB	Terry Hoage, Georgia	3.71
DB	Chuck Alexander, Texas Tech	3.46
DB	Michael Patsis, Dartmouth	3.44
DB	Brian Patterson, Rice	3.35
P	Jeff Kubiak, Air Force Academy	3.78

SECOND TEAM OFFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
QB	Steve Young, Brigham Young	3.38
RB	Rob Moore, Stanford	3.30
RB	Brett White, Tulsa	3.30
WR	Eric Mullins, Stanford	3.50
WR	Jason Stargell, Cincinnati	3.52
TE	Brian Salonen, Montana	3.40
C	Tom Dixon, Michigan	3.27
G	Jeff Brauger, Brown	3.50
G	David Twillie, Virginia Military	3.76
T	Bill Weidenhammer, Navy	3.20
T	Mike Cahill, Cornell	3.30
K	James Villanueva, Harvard	3.20

SECOND TEAM DEFENSE

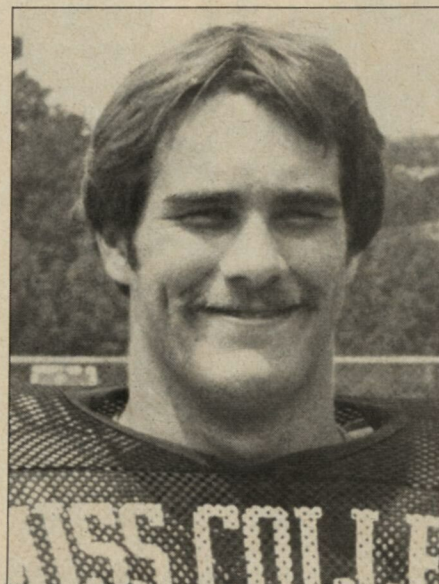
Position	Player and School	GPA
DL	David Crecelius, Ohio State	3.59
DL	Ivan Lesnik, Arizona	3.38
DL	Greg Dingens, Notre Dame	3.70
DL	Duane Bickett, Southern California	3.69
LB	Scott Radicec, Penn State	3.40
LB	Kevin Egnatuk, Central Michigan	3.75
LB	Larry Station, Iowa	3.20
DB	Boyce Bailey, Idaho	3.74
DB	Luke Sewall, Illinois	4.82**
DB	Mark Kelso, William & Mary	3.44
DB	Sam Denmeade, Columbia	3.80
P	Malcolm Simmons, Alabama	2.29*

(*on a 3.0 scale; **on a 5.0 scale)

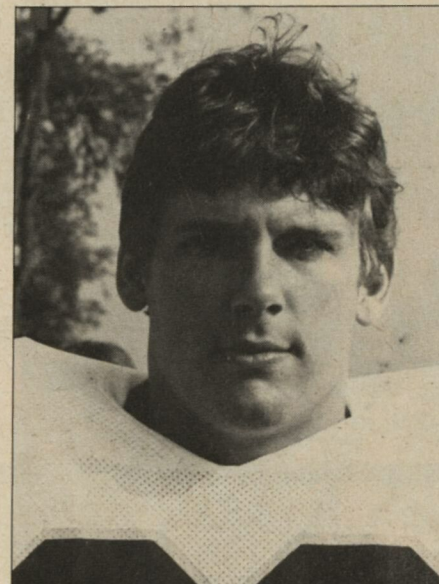
1983 ACADEMIC ALL-AMERICAS

COLLEGE DIVISION

continued



Wayne Frazier, Mississippi College



Dave Pepper, Bloomsburg



J.C. Anderson, Illinois Wesleyan

FIRST TEAM OFFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
QB	Robb Long, Monmouth (Ill.)	3.82
RB	Jim Donnelly, Case Western Reserve	3.96
RB	Mark Muilenburg, Northwestern (Iowa)	3.94
WR	Marc Knowles, Millikin	3.86
WR	Bob Stefanski, Northern Michigan	3.80
TE	Tom Schott, Canisius	3.70
C	Wayne Frazier, Mississippi College	3.70
G	Mike Linton, Capital	3.89
G	Richard Guiunta, Tufts	3.58
T	Jeff Sime, South Dakota	3.90
T	Charles Lane, Colorado School of Mines	3.48
K	Eric Wentling, West Chester	3.80

FIRST TEAM DEFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
DL	Jim Sferra, John Carroll	3.70
DL	Matt Wurtzbacher, Marietta	3.56
DL	Dave Pepper, Bloomsburg	3.60
DL	Larry Bonney, Luther	3.96
LB	Jack Grote, Rose-Hulman	3.92
LB	Nick D'Angelo, John Carroll	3.70
LB	Dan DeRose, Southern Colorado	3.75
DB	Kenny Moore, Indiana (Pa.)	3.80
DB	Kirk Hutton, Nebraska-Omaha	4.0
DB	John Delate, Mansfield State	3.94
DB	Mike Lillegren, North Park	3.89

SECOND TEAM OFFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
QB	Tom Hayes, Northeast Missouri	3.54
RB	J.C. Anderson, Illinois Wesleyan	4.0
RB	Mike Garverick, Carnegie-Mellon	3.70
WR	Mike Cleary, St. John's (N.Y.)	3.60
WR	Lennie Jacosky, Wayne State	4.0
TE	Steve Sanders, Augustana (Ill.)	3.91
C	Doug Ayars, Nebraska-Omaha	3.83
G	Glen Wohlrob, St. Peter's (N.J.)	3.70
G	George Stahl, Delaware Valley	3.96
T	Paul Eckhoff, Northeast Missouri	3.34
T	Scott Stubblefield, McMurry	3.25
K	Mark Demoss, Liberty Baptist	3.30

SECOND TEAM DEFENSE

Position	Player and School	GPA
DL	Frederick Gaynier, Ohio Northern	3.79
DL	Eric Fragelius, Northern Colorado	3.55
DL	Dan Kampwerth, Millikin (Ill.)	3.76
DL	Stephen Schwarz, Angelo State	3.64
LB	Clark Toner, Nebraska-Omaha	3.64
LB	Pete Broderick, Trinity (Tex.)	3.60
LB	Harry Dodakian, Lowell	3.27
DB	Joseph O'Connor, Springfield	3.83
DB	James Chrise, Carnegie-Mellon	3.50
DB	Randy McCall, Northern Colorado	3.56
DB	Ben Pothast, Augustana (Ill.)	3.70



A LOT OF THE TRAINING THAT HELPED HIM BECOME A CHAMPION HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH DIVING.



Russ Rebmann is a Pacific 10 Conference diving champion at the University of Southern California and an Army ROTC cadet.

"I feel the key to becoming a champion diver is having discipline, good concentration, and a lot of self-confidence.

My ROTC training helped me develop in all those areas.

"At ROTC Basic Camp, I got my first real taste of what it's like to be a leader, to be the man in charge. Handling that kind of responsibility has made me feel more confident about myself.

"What made me enroll in Army ROTC? I started thinking about my future. I can't dive the rest

of my life. And to be a champ in business, you've got to be a leader and a manager. I'm learning how to do that in ROTC. And I can use my training wherever I go, whatever I do."

If you're thinking about your future, think about enrolling in Army ROTC. The training you'll receive can give you the edge you need...no matter what the competition.

For more information, write: Army ROTC, Dept. AF, P.O. Box 9100, Clifton, N.J. 07015.

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COLLEGE FOOTBALL

Quiz



1. Who is the only college coach to guide his team to an undefeated season and national championship in his first year? _____
2. Who was the first collegiate player to surpass 2,000 yards rushing in a single season? _____
3. He was an All-Southwestern Conference fullback at the University of Texas. He started his career at UT as a quarterback but was replaced by Bobby Layne. He is now a successful professional football coach. Can you name him? _____
4. Which former Heisman Trophy winners are now in the Professional Football Hall of Fame? _____
5. Who holds the NCAA season record for field goal accuracy? _____
6. Fordham University's rugged defensive line of 1935-36 was known as the "Seven Blocks of Granite," allowing not a single touchdown in 1936. What revered former NFL coach played guard on that line? _____
7. Who was the oldest college football coach? _____
8. Which former University of Kansas quarterback holds the NCAA record for most yards rushing (294) by a QB in a game? _____
9. Can you name the four Notre Dame quarterbacks who have won the Heisman Trophy? _____
10. Who set NCAA receiving records in 1965 with 134 catches and 1,779 yards? _____

ANSWERS: 1) Bennie Oosterbaan, Michigan, 1948; 2) Marcus Allen, USC, 1981 (2,342 yards); 3) Tom Landry, head coach, Dallas Cowboys; 4) none; 5) Chuck Nelson, Washington, 1983, (25-26/.962); 6) Vince Lombardi; 7) Amos Alonzo Stagg, head coach until the age of 84 and served as an assistant until age 98; 8) Nolan Cromwell, 1975, vs. Oregon State; 9) Angelo Bertelli (1943), John Lujack (1947), Paul Hornung (1956), John Huarte (1964), 10) Howard Twilley, Tulsa (Photo: Marcus Allen)

80 million football fans are dreaming of a trip to Palo Alto. Enter the J&B Super Sweepstakes and win it.

It's Super Bowl XIX! With not one, but three Grand Prize Winners. Each will win a trip for two to Palo Alto and Super Bowl XIX. That means airfare, hotel, breakfasts, dinners, a rental car, and two tickets to the game of the year!

Use the coupon below or see your participating liquor retailer for entry blanks and details.

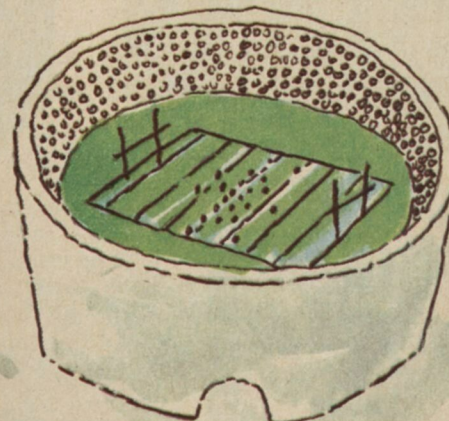
How to enter.

Official Rules. No purchase necessary.

1. Fill in the Official Entry Form or, on a plain 3" x 5" piece of paper, print your name, address, zip code, phone number, and age, plus: "I certify that I am of legal drinking age under the laws of my home state." Also include with your entry, the answer to the question: What do the initials J&B stand for on the label of a bottle of J&B Scotch?
2. This contest is only open to adults of legal drinking age. Each entry must be mailed separately to: J&B Scotch Super Sweepstakes, P.O. Box 3693, Syosset, N.Y. 11775

Entries must be received by October 31st, 1984.

3. **Three Grand Prize Winners and 1,000 second prize Stadium Seat Cushion Winners** will be selected. Each Grand Prize Winner will receive a trip for 2 to Super Bowl XIX including round trip airfare for two, hotel accommodations for 3 days/2 nights including breakfast and dinner, rental car and 2 tickets to Super Bowl XIX.
4. Winners will be selected at random by National Judging Institute, Inc., an independent judging organization whose decisions are final on all matters relating to this



sweepstakes. All prizes will be awarded and winners notified by mail. Only one prize to an individual or family. Prizes are nontransferable and no substitutions or cash equivalents are allowed. Taxes, if any, are the responsibility of the individual winners. Winners may be asked to execute an affidavit of eligibility and release.

5. Sweepstakes open to U.S. residents of legal drinking age in the state of their home residence as of September 1st, 1984, except employees and their families of THE PADDINGTON CORPORATION, its affiliates, subsidiaries, participating

liquor wholesalers and retail alcoholic beverage licensees, advertising agencies, Wesco Associates, Inc., printers involved in the J&B Sweepstakes and Don Jagoda Associates, Inc. This offer is void wherever prohibited, and subject to all federal, state and local laws.

6. For a list of major winners, send a stamped, self-addressed envelope after December 15th, 1984 to: J&B SCOTCH SUPER SWEEPSTAKES WINNERS, P.O. Box 3706, Syosset, N.Y. 11775

J&B. It whispers.

86 Proof Blended Scotch Whisky, © 1984 The Paddington Corp., NY

Official Entry Form

The initials J&B on the label of a bottle of J&B Rare Scotch stand for: _____

Name _____ (Please print)

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

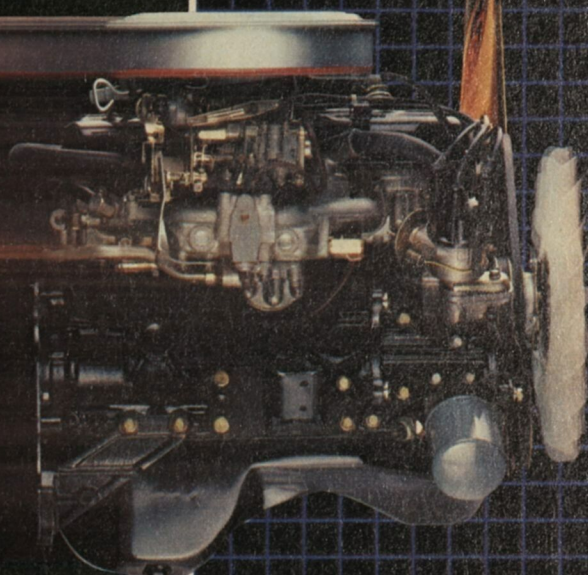
Age _____ Phone () _____

Mail to: J&B Scotch Super Sweepstakes

P.O. Box 3693, Syosset, N.Y. 11775

Entries must be received by October 31, 1984.

It takes a stress-tested oil to stay ahead of the little guys.



If you're driving one of today's higher revving, small engine cars, you need a motor oil that can stand the strain.

Here are facts that Pennzoil has worked with to exceed the lubrication requirements of today's small engines.

Situation

FACT: Small car engines are built to tighter tolerances than V-8's. Varnish and sludge build-up become an even greater problem, robbing the engine of power and performance.

FACT: Like racecars, small engines need optimum oil viscosity performance at high operating temperatures. Also, small engines are harder to start or crank when cold, so they need greater fluidity for easy start-up just like racecar engines.

FACT: Small engines work 20% harder over sustained periods. Reduced friction is critical to minimize wear in engines which are running near the edge of their operating capability.

Solution

FACT: Pennzoil is the leader in the development of motor oils with high tech additive properties...such as Z-7... which help prevent varnish and sludge build-up in engines.

FACT: Pennzoil led the way in developing high tech multi-viscosity racing oils. The same technology has been applied to Pennzoil Multi-Vis Motor Oil for your car.

FACT: Pennzoil was first to introduce friction reducers in all their multi-vis oils.

Knowing these vital facts, Pennzoil has been stress-tested to protect small engines that work harder to do the same job as a large engine. And since a smaller engine is under the stress of working at much higher rpm, it needs all of Pennzoil's extra protection. That's why you need Pennzoil protection in your car.

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by most college football teams in America: One quality noseguard. Must have exceptional quickness and strength. Must enjoy seeing centers stretched flat on their backs. Must figure that being double- and often triple-teamed is just part of a day's work. Apply immediately.

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by Billy Watkins,
Jackson Daily News

The most common defense among college football teams today is the "50" defense, consisting of five linemen, two inside linebackers and a four-deep secondary. One of those linemen is the noseguard, who is usually positioned head-up on the center.

It's the noseguard who has the biggest say in whether or not a team plays a good "50" defense or a lousy one.

"It's the most essential position of the front," says one coach in the South. "I feel very strongly that if you've got a person in there who cannot dominate, then you should play another defense. Those are pretty strong words, but that's the way I've always felt about it."

Says another coach from a southern school, "You're going to struggle or be mighty average unless you have a domi-

nant noseguard in a '50' front."

It's quite obvious why the noseguard is so important in the "50" defense. In most "50" alignments, the noseguard is over the center, the two tackles are head-up with the offensive tackles and the two ends (the outside linebackers, as they are sometimes called) are outside the tight end. Each has a certain area of responsibility.

"We use what we call gap control," says one coach. "For instance, the two tackles are responsible for the gap between the guards and the tackles. Our ends have the area from the tight end to the sideline."

That leaves the noseguard with the area from guard to guard. He's the only player on the defensive front who is asked to cover two gaps — the center-

guard gap on both sides of the football.

"And if you can find a guy who can cover two gaps," says a coach, "then you've got yourself one heckuva football player."

Says another coach, "Regardless of which side they should run to, right or left, the noseguard should be the first man on the tackle if the play goes between the guards. We tell all our people they should be in on the tackle, but they have one gap that is their primary concern until the ball is snapped. Then they can leave that area."

One coach who employs the 4-3 defense at his school says the noseguard's two-gap responsibility is the main reason he doesn't like the "50" front.

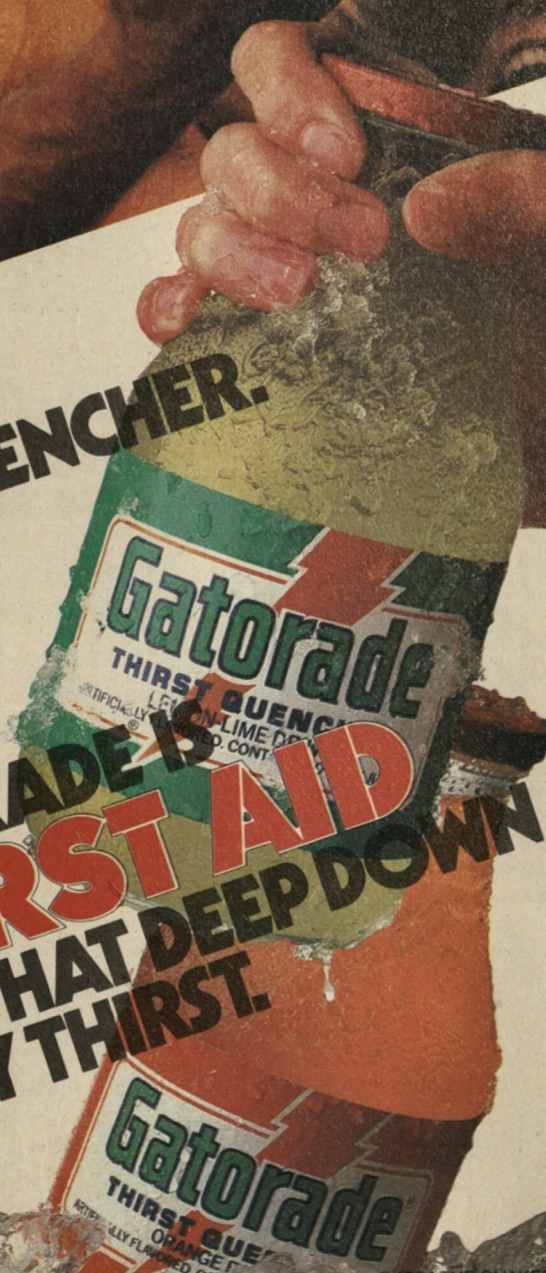
"In our 4-3 our middle linebacker has

continued on page 37

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ORDINARY
THIRST.**

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ORDINARY
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THIRST AID
FOR THAT DEEP DOWN
BODY THIRST.**



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Undefeated in '99

UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH'S BANNER YEAR



Top Row: Black; Claiborne; Luke Lea, Manager; Suter (Princeton), Coach; L. Kirby-Smith; D. Hull. Middle Row: Kilpatrick; Poole, Keyes, Jones, Simkins. Bottom Row: Pearce, Q. Gray, Selbles, Captain; W. Wilson, Sims.

by Alf Van Hoose, Birmingham News

This is not an April Fool football story. These games happened. Believe it or not!
 Sewanee 12, University of Texas 0
 Sewanee 10, Texas A&M 0
 Sewanee 23, Tulane 0
 Sewanee 34, LSU 0
 Sewanee 12, Ole Miss 0

So what? So what, indeed. But think on this: Those five games were played in a six-day period.

Five football games in six days? Right, and don't quit reading. Sewanee won them all on the road.

Furthermore, Princeton-alumnus coach Herman Suter used only 15 of his 21-man Sewanee squad on the 2,500-mile shutout victory swing which wasn't by auto, or bus, or plane. His Purple Tigers traveled by train, with wood-burning engines.

continued on page 38

EXPERIENCE MAZDA 626.



MAZDA 626 SPORT COUPE. UNUSUAL PERFORMANCE, LUXURY, AND VALUE IN ONE GREAT ROAD CAR.

The word got out fast. *Motor Trend* magazine named the all-new front-wheel-drive Mazda 626 its 1983 Import Car of the Year. *Car and Driver* said: "The Mazda 626 does everything well, and that makes it the standard of comparison in its class as far as we're concerned."

The public responded by making it one of the most popular road cars ever introduced in America.

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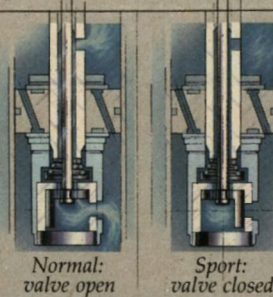
41

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advanced 2-litre overhead cam engine that moves you from zero to 50 in 8 seconds flat. A years-ahead suspension system for exceptional handling. An interior spacious enough for five people. A 6-way adjustable driver's seat. A stunning list of standard features.



Electronic Variable Shock Absorbers are controlled by buttons on the dash linked to a solenoid valve atop each shock. NORMAL setting provides a softer ride. In AUTO-MATIC mode, the front shocks stiffen above 50 mph for greater stability at cruising speed. SPORT, as the name implies, gives you firmer damping in all four shocks.

In truth, the 626 is one road car that permits you to experience something highly unusual.

Namely, the performance and luxury you look for—at a price you hardly dared hope for.

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\$8645*

Standard features include 5-speed overdrive transmission (3-speed automatic optional) • Steel-belted radial tires • Rack-and-pinion steering • Power-assisted front disc brakes • Front and rear anti-sway bars • Electric rear window defroster • 60/40 split fold-down rear seatbacks • Full cut-pile carpeting • Quartz digital clock • Tilt steering wheel • Tachometer • Carpeted trunk.

Experienced drivers buckle up.

*EPA estimates for comparison. Your mileage may vary with trip length, speed and weather. Highway mileage will probably be less. **Manufacturer's suggested retail price. Actual price set by dealer. Taxes, license, freight, options (tires/al. wheels shown) and other dealer charges extra. Price may change without notice. Availability of vehicles with specific features may vary.

mazda

THE MORE YOU LOOK,
THE MORE YOU LIKE.

THE NOSEGUARD

continued from page 33

the same gaps to cover as the nose-guard," he says. "But we think he can do a better job of it by standing up three or four yards off the ball rather than getting down face to face with the center. We think it's easier to react that way."

When searching for a noseguard, a coach is looking for two things: he must have great quickness and he must be strong enough to battle one, two or three offensive linemen.

"The noseguard has to move and be into the center as soon as the ball moves," says a coach who uses the "50" defense. "That's the most important thing in teaching noseguard play: moving on the football. That's something you can develop to a degree, but it's mainly something you're born with."

"You want to move so quickly that the center would swear you're offsides. And many times the good ones are offsides because of that great anticipation. We really stress how important it is to move when the ball moves."

The noseguard is taught to move through the center's block instead of trying to go around him. "If you go around him," says a coach, "the center will just cut you off. We tell our kids that if the center moves left, then you've got to work that way."

It's tough on a center. He must worry first about getting off a good snap to the quarterback. Then comes the blocking part. All this happens in a fraction of a second, and it's a demanding situation.

"More and more I think we're seeing the best athletes on the offensive line at center because of all the good noseguards around," says a coach. "And if you can't handle the noseguard, you'll be in for a long day."

The most obvious problem a good noseguard could cause is poor exchanges from the center to the quarterback.

"If you've got a noseguard going into the center every play, you're going to create some mistakes," a coach says. "The center tries to move his hands a little quicker. He might not be concentrating as much on the exchange as he is on the guy in front of him. And the quarterback may be trying to get out of there a little quicker than normal."

"Even if you don't create fumbles, you might interrupt the exchange from the quarterback to a running back. It just destroys whatever cohesiveness an offensive might have."

Offense must make adjustments to handle dominant noseguards. "What we do," says one offensive coach, "is try to give the center as much help as possible. We'll use one guard, sometimes both guards if we have to, on the

noseguard."

The new scheme may block the nose-guard, but it also leaves one-on-one blocking for the defensive tackles, which in turn makes them much more effective.

As one defensive coach bluntly puts it, "You can block my noseguard one-on-one and he'll eat your lunch. You can double-team my noseguard and my tackles will eat your lunch. Makes no difference to me."

If an offense does cook up a new blocking scheme to handle the nose-guard, it may do more harm to the offense than good.

"Many teams have had malfunctions against us," a defensive coach says, "because they've had to change the things they'd been doing all season. The type of guy who can force a team to change what they normally do is the type of guy we're looking for to play noseguard."

No one can measure the effect a dominant noseguard has on the opposition during the week before a game, but one coach believes it would be surprising.

"Those players sit there all week, watching films of your noseguard just destroying a center," one coach says, "and they realize that 'Hey, this guy may force us into a lot of mistakes.' It works on their minds."

There are certain variations of the "50" that are frequently used. "Rarely do you see a team play a straight '50' for a whole game," says a coach. And that may change the responsibility of the noseguard.

What a team might do is run an "overshift" to the strong (or tight end) side, then shift the secondary to the weak (away from the tight end) side for run support there.

In the "overshift," the noseguard moves into the center-guard gap on the strong side. The tackle on the weak side moves down from head-up with the offensive tackle to directly over the guard.

One coach who uses the wide-tackle-six defense — a popular defense in years gone by, but employed by just a handful of teams these days — laughs when someone mentions the "50" overshift.

"All they're doing then," he says, "is running our defense. We take our 60-guard and put him in the guard-center gap, just like they do with the nose-guard. It's the same thing. Then, every front player is responsible for just one gap. And most teams are better when they have their players in one-gap responsibility."



But some teams using the wide-tackle-six alignment convert to the "50" in certain situations.

"Sometimes, we'll move our guard from the center-guard gap to directly over the center, just like a noseguard, in passing situations," says one coach. "We feel like he gets a little better pass rush over the center than the guard because the center is worried about snapping the ball first, then blocking."

One coach compares finding a quality noseguard to finding a quality quarterback. "There just aren't many around," he says. "What we've always done is take our best defensive lineman and put him there. Everything in the '50' is structured around him. That's where the heart of the defense is. He's the cog."

"That's what we tell a guy when we put him there: 'Everything revolves around you. You set up the huddle. The others come to you. When the defense is called, you're the first one to the ball. And when the ball moves, you're the first one on defense to move.'"

And what the noseguard does on that initial move following each snap can determine who wins the game.

UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH

continued from page 35

Remarkable story? Yes. The College Football Hall of Fame near Cincinnati ought to play it big. It doesn't now. Someday it will.

No team will match that feat.

It happened in 1899. William McKinley was the president of the U.S., while in England, Queen Victoria was still doddering around Buckingham Palace.

Sewanee was officially "The University of the South," ivy all over its 10,000-acres up the road a piece from Chattanooga, if one is headed toward Nashville.

Football is still there. It's not de-emphasized football — just football, by student-scholars. The late Shirley Majors, John's dad, coached it with distinction for years.

The NCAA knows about Sewanee football. It has awarded more of its post-graduate honors scholarships there than to any Division III institution in the land.

Sewanee is proud of its football tradition but does not boast of it from housetops. Once upon a time the Purple Tigers were the perennial southern football power.

It wasn't a power by the time the Southeastern Conference was born in 1933, but Sewanee was a member. It resigned in 1940, with an 0-37 SEC football record.

But from 1899, for 30-odd seasons Sewanee wasn't embarrassed to challenge anybody.

Its memorable team, that '99 team ignored by history, set a tone. The five wins in six days came late in a 12-0-0 season.

Sewanee archives credit Luke Lea, a big-dreaming team business manager, with assembling the players for 1899, and persuading Suter to coach them.

Lea later became a Nashville newspaper publisher and U.S. senator. He recruited men from several states, mostly players with college experience.

Warbler Wilson, quarterback, had been a second-stringer at South Carolina. Captain of the team was H. G. Seibels, of Birmingham, Ala., a lineman. Seibels was the last survivor of the team, dying in 1969, as a College Football Hall of Famer.

Sewanee opened its '99 season defeating Georgia, 12-0, and Georgia Tech, 32-0, in Atlanta on Oct. 21 and Oct. 23. It routed Tennessee, 46-0, and Southwestern, 54-0, at home within the next 11 days.

It finished the year spanking Cumberland, 71-0, on Nov. 20 at home; Auburn, 11-10, in Montgomery on Nov. 30; and North Carolina, 5-0, in Atlanta,

**Six days, five football games,
five victories—and a
bid for history.
On the seventh
day, Sewanee records it,
"they rested."**

Dec. 2.

The final game should have been called a 'bowl.' It predated the Rose Bowl by two years, with all the elements to qualify it as a major post-season game.

Sewanee heard about North Carolina claiming the Dixie championship. The Tigers challenged the boast and settled it, by a field goal (which counted five points then).

But The Trip was for the ages. Lea promoted that, too. He even talked school fathers into buying new uniforms for the team — the custom back then had players furnishing their own combat wardrobes and shoes.

A crisis developed on the team's special sleeper car five miles down the railroad from Sewanee. Lea remembered he'd forgotten to load the new uniforms off the station platform.

Lea got the conductor to wire a request that the equipment be dispatched on a following train. The uniforms caught up with the players a few minutes before kickoff in Austin.

Sewanee caught up with a fast-starting Texas early in the match. The Longhorns moved to the Tiger 15.

A story goes that at that point a Sewanee alumnus waved a fistful of money to fellow sidelining Texans, offering odds that Texas wouldn't score then, or later.

Texans covered. Texans lost.

One Sewanee version of that gamble is that most of the winning money involved represented an investment by Sewanee players.

Historians report that following the game Texans hosted Sewanee players

at a dance.

Following a late night trip to Houston, Sewanee whipped the Texas Aggies the next afternoon, a Friday.

The 400 miles left to New Orleans denied the Tigers a dance in Houston. The players did attend a theatre performance on Saturday evening, after Tulane had been trounced, 23-0.

In the play's ("Rupert of Hentzan") final act the dead hero was on stage in state when Queen Flavia rushed on in royal mourning clothes of purple.

That was Sewanee's color. The players leaped up and rendered their school's yell. Actors and audience were mystified. The dramatic spell was lost, like Texas, A&M and Tulane had.

And LSU was to lose in Baton Rouge on Monday, and Ole Miss in Memphis on Tuesday.

On Sunday, break day, Sewanee players toured a sugar plantation on a detour to Baton Rouge. They cheered for the purple cane.

LSU's color is purple also, and so were their bruises. Ole Miss colors were red and black. So were their feelings late Tuesday.

The 300-miles from Memphis to Sewanee were uneventful for a team headed home. The entire student body, 'tis written, met the train.

There was a triumphant half-mile parade up the mountain to the campus. Students had rented a hack. They roped it up the slope with 21 celebrities aboard.

Six days, five football games, five victories — and a bid for history. On the seventh day, Sewanee records it, "they rested."



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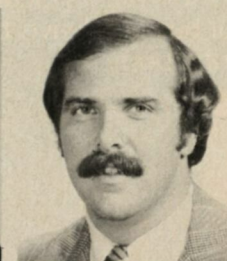
THE PAC-10 CONFERENCE STAFF



Thomas C. Hansen



David Price



John McCassey



Jim Muldoon



Duane Lindberg



Jack Sprenger

THOMAS C. HANSEN Executive Director

Thomas C. Hansen succeeded Wiles Hallock as executive director of the Pacific-10 Conference on July 1, 1983. Hansen has had a long and varied career in the administration of intercollegiate athletics at both the conference and the national level, and is experiencing a homecoming with his return to the Pac-10.

After graduating from the University of Washington in 1959, Hansen spent a year as a reporter on the staff of the Vancouver (Wash.) Columbian. In 1960, he was named director of public relations for the Athletic Association of Western Universities, the forerunner of the Pacific-10 Conference. Hansen served the AAWU for seven years before being named to the National Collegiate Athletic Association staff as director of public relations in 1967. He was promoted to assistant executive director of the NCAA in 1970 and served in that capacity until his appointment as Pac-10 Executive Director in 1983.

During his 15 years on the NCAA staff, Hansen was involved in all facets of the administration of intercollegiate athletics. As head of the NCAA Communications Department, he directed all of the Association's activities in public relations, marketing, and the promotion of sports and championships. He also was assigned to staff many key NCAA committees, among them the Football Television Committee, which he served as Television Program Director; the Division I Men's Basketball Committee, and the Promotion and Public Relations Committee. Hansen has also served as the NCAA liaison with the U.S. Olympic Committee. He also was instrumental in adding NCAA championships for women and in expanding the NCAA News and NCAA Television News Service.

Hansen is a member of the National Football Foundation and Hall of Fame, the Collegiate Commissioners Association, and the College Sports Information Directors of America. In 1965, CoSIDA named the Rose Bowl Program edited by Hansen as

"Best in Nation," and in 1975 he was cited by the National Federation of State High School Associations for his work in governmental affairs on behalf of the athletic community.

Hansen is married and he and his wife, Melva, have two children, Sarah, and Bryan.

DAVID PRICE

Assistant Executive Director

David Price rejoined the Pacific-10 Conference staff in September, 1981. He previously had spent seven years with the Pac-10, serving as public relations director from 1972 to 1974, and assistant executive director from 1975 to 1978. He rejoined the Pac-10 after spending two years as a commissioner of the Missouri Valley Conference. A graduate of the University of Oklahoma, Price has been involved in intercollegiate athletics at many levels. He worked two years as publications editor for the NCAA, one year as assistant sports information director at Oklahoma, and five years as information director of the Western Athletic Conference prior to his stints at the Pac-10 and Missouri Valley Conferences. He also has served as a member of the NCAA Basketball Committee. Price and his wife, Sharen, are parents of a son, Kevin, and a daughter, Kathy.

JOHN MCCASSEY

Assistant Executive Director, Electronic Communications

John McCassey joined the Pac-10 staff on October 24, 1983 as assistant executive director for electronic communications. McCassey had previously been director of public relations at the University of California, Berkeley for eight years. While at California, he oversaw the sports information department and was involved with the promotion and marketing efforts of the athletic department. He won several national awards from the College Sports Information Directors of America for his publications and promotional posters. He was named an assistant athletic director in

1983. Prior to joining the athletic staff at California, McCassey served for five years (1970-74) as assistant public relations director with the San Francisco 49ers. He is a graduate of San Jose State University. He and his wife, Nelda, are parents of a daughter, Katie.

JIM MULDOON

Public Relations Director

Jim Muldoon joined the Pacific-10 Conference staff on April 1, 1978 as public relations director. A graduate of the University of Notre Dame, Muldoon served one year as assistant sports information director at San Diego State University. Prior to joining the Pacific-10, he worked four years, 1974 to 1978, for the San Francisco 49ers. With the 49ers, Muldoon was assistant director of public relations as well as working in the scouting department.

DUANE LINDBERG

Assistant Public Relations Director

Duane Lindberg joined the Pac-10 Staff on August 13, 1983 as assistant public relations director. A graduate of the University of Washington, Lindberg came to the Conference office from the University of Southern California where he was an assistant sports information director for two-and-a-half years. He served an internship with the Pac-10 prior to accepting his post at USC.

JACK SPRENGER

Supervisor of Football Officials

Jack Sprenger is entering his 14th year as supervisor of Pacific-10 football officials. A veteran of over 30 years of active officiating, he was associated with the Pacific Intercollegiate Officiating Bureau as an official from 1942 to 1969, served as an officials' observer for two years, and became supervisor in 1971. He was a referee in three Rose Bowl games and an equal number of East-West Shrine games. A standout gridiron star himself, Sprenger was an all-conference guard at the College of Puget Sound.

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work selectively.
Head & Shoulders special dandruff control system works on the scalp where dandruff starts.

And only there.
All while our rich shampoo and conditioning ingredients clean your hair and leave it with terrific body.

Head & Shoulders. It cares enough for your hair to be called professional equipment.



HEAD & SHOULDERS.
DANDRUFF CONTROL THAT CARES FOR YOUR HAIR.



1984 PAC-10 SCHEDULES

ARIZONA

September 1 Fresno State
September 8 California
September 15 at Oregon State
September 22 at Louisiana State
September 29 Long Beach St.
October 6 Oregon
October 20 at USC
October 27 at Washington
November 3 Utah State
November 10 Stanford
November 24 Arizona State

ARIZONA STATE

September 8 Oklahoma State
September 15 San Jose State
September 22 USC
September 29 at Stanford
October 6 California
October 20 Oregon State
October 27 UCLA
November 3 Florida State
November 10 at Oregon
November 17 Colorado State
November 24 at Arizona

CALIFORNIA

September 8 at Arizona
September 15 Pacific
September 22 Oregon
September 29 San Jose State
October 6 at Arizona State
October 13 at Oregon State
October 20 UCLA
October 27 at USC
November 3 at Washington
November 10 Washington State
November 17 Stanford

OREGON

September 8 Long Beach State
September 15 Colorado
September 22 at California
September 29 Pacific
October 6 at Arizona
October 13 USC
October 20 at Washington
October 27 at Washington State
November 3 at UCLA
November 10 Arizona State
November 17 at Oregon State

OREGON STATE

September 8 at Ohio State
September 15 Arizona
September 22 Wyoming
September 29 at Idaho
October 6 Washington
October 13 California
October 20 at Arizona State
October 27 Stanford
November 3 at Washington State
November 10 at UCLA
November 17 Oregon

STANFORD

September 8 at Oklahoma
September 15 Illinois
September 22 San Jose State
September 29 Arizona State
October 6 at UCLA
October 13 Washington
October 20 Washington State
October 27 at Oregon State
November 3 USC
November 10 at Arizona
November 17 at California

UCLA

September 8 at San Diego State
September 15 Long Beach State
September 22 Nebraska
September 29 at Colorado
October 6 Stanford
October 13 Washington State
October 20 at California
October 27 at Arizona State
November 3 Oregon
November 10 Oregon State
November 17 USC

USC

September 8 Utah State
September 22 at Arizona State
September 29 LSU
October 6 at Washington State
October 13 at Oregon
October 20 Arizona
October 27 California
November 3 at Stanford
November 10 Washington
November 17 at UCLA
November 24 Notre Dame

WASHINGTON

September 8 Northwestern
September 15 at Michigan
September 22 Houston
September 29 Miami (Ohio)
October 6 at Oregon State
October 13 at Stanford
October 20 Oregon
October 27 Arizona
November 3 California
November 10 at USC
November 17 at Washington State

WASHINGTON STATE

September 1 at Tennessee
September 8 Utah
September 15 at Ohio State
September 22 Ball State
October 6 USC
October 13 at UCLA
October 20 at Stanford
October 27 at Oregon
November 3 Oregon State
November 10 at California
November 17 Washington

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ALL GOLD MEDAL WINNERS

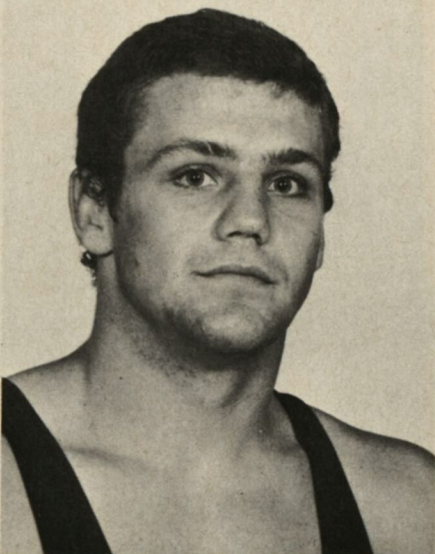


PAC-10 MEDAL WINNERS

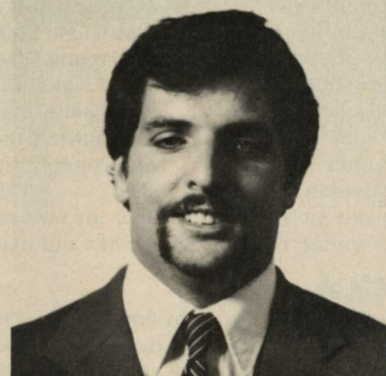
The Conference Medal, the highest honor a Pac-10 athlete can achieve, is awarded annually to the outstanding senior student-athlete at each Pac-10 institution. It is given to the senior exhibiting the greatest combination of performance and achievement in scholarship, athletics and leadership.

The 1984 Medal winners are football players Ivan Lesnik of Arizona, Ron Rivera of California, Ryan Zinke of Oregon, Rick Neuheisel of UCLA, Steve Pelluer of Washington and Pat Lynch of Washington State, swimmers Mike Orn of Arizona State and John Yacovelle of USC, wrestler Jim Baumgardner of Oregon State and tennis player Mark McKeen of Stanford.

Wrestler **Jim Baumgardner** of Oregon State, a four-year letterman for the Beavers, climaxed an outstanding senior campaign by winning his third Pacific-10 190-pound individual title and placing second at that weight in the NCAA championships. He was named the Outstanding Wrestler of the Pac-10 meet. Baumgardner produced a 45-3-0 record during his senior season and finished third on OSU's all-time winning list with a 155-40-0 individual record. He is a member of OSU's Athletic Board and also a member of Blue Key, a university honorary award given for academic achievement and university service. A business major, Baumgardner maintained a 3.15 grade point average.



Jim Baumgardner
Oregon State



Ivan Lesnik
Arizona



Pat Lynch
Washington State

One of the mainstays in Arizona's defensive line, **Ivan Lesnik** best combined the ideals of a student-athlete the past four years at the University of Arizona. Lesnik was a four-year letterman and an outstanding student in bio-chemistry. He plans to attend medical school. He started 39 games during his collegiate career on the defensive line and earned second team All-Pac-10, Pac-10 All-Academic team and second team Academic All-America honors following the 1982 and 1983 seasons.

Washington State enjoyed two of its best football seasons in more than two decades with **Pat Lynch** on the defensive line. A starter for two seasons, Lynch overcame a hip injury in 1980, torn left knee ligaments in 1982 and torn right knee ligaments in 1983 to be one of WSU's most productive football players both on and off the field. A two-time Pac-10 All-Academic pick, he graduated with a 3.40 grade point average in business administration and earned a NCAA post-graduate scholarship.

Mark McKeen has been an integral part of two NCAA championship teams during his four years at Stanford. A four-year letterman, McKeen recorded the best singles record on the team in 1984 with a 19-2 mark. He led the Cardinal to a second place finish in the 1984 NCAA championships. McKeen was voted the ITCA Scholar Athlete of the Year in 1983 and received the Dean's Award for Outstanding Service to Stanford a year ago. A political science major, McKeen has a 3.5 grade point average and plans on attending law school in 1985.



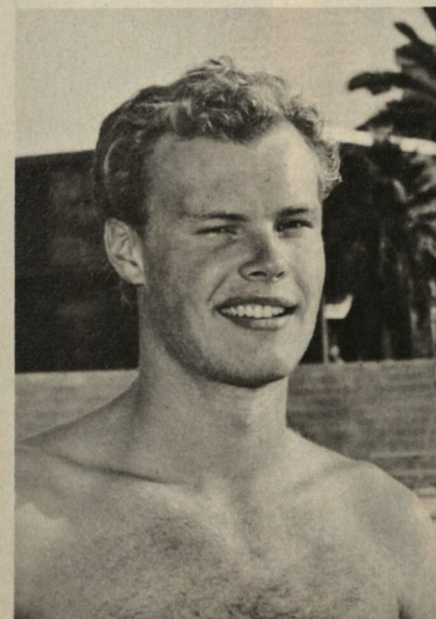
Mark McKeen
Stanford

Quarterback **Rick Neuheisel** came to UCLA as a non-scholarship player; worked to overcome adversity and capped his five years in Westwood by being named Player of the Game in the 1984 Rose Bowl. As a senior, he completed 185 of 267 passes for 2,245 yards and 13 TD's, including four in UCLA's 45-9 triumph over Illinois in the Rose Bowl. His completion percentage of .693 was the best in UCLA history and the Bruins' .690 percentage is the second highest in NCAA history. An outstanding student, he was a recipient of an NCAA post-graduate scholarship and was also selected to the Pac-10 All-Academic team.



Rick Neuheisel
UCLA

Swimmer **Mike Orn** has been an All-America all four years at Arizona State as well as an Academic All-America in 1982-83 and 1983-84. He has produced points for ASU in four NCAA championship meets and was the 1983 NCAA champion in the 200-yard freestyle and runner-up in the 200-yard individual medley. Orn took second at this year's Pac-10 championships in the 200-IM after winning that event the year before. Orn carries a 3.43 grade point average in computer systems engineering.



Mike Orn
Arizona State

Steve Pelluer quarterbacked Washington to an 8-4 record in 1983, a second place finish in the Pac-10 and an Aloha Bowl appearance. He completed 213 of 317 passes for 2,212 yards and 11 touchdowns. His 67.2 completion percentage set a Washington single-season record and his 137 pass attempts without an interception set another school record. Pelluer, named the Pac-10's Offensive Player of the Year in 1983, earned first team All-Pac-10 honors as well as UPI All-West Coast and AP honorable mention All-America. Pelluer carries a 3.02 grade point average in the school of architecture's building construction program.



Steve Pelluer
Washington

Linebacker **Ron Rivera** of California, one of the most dominant players in college football last season, became the first consensus All-America defensive player from Cal since Sherman White in 1971. Rivera set a school record with 138 tackles last season, including 26½ behind the line of scrimmage, and was one of 12 finalists for the Lombardi Award, an honor given to the nation's premier lineman. He was named the Pac-10's Co-Defensive Player of the Year in 1983. Rivera was a second-round draft choice of the Chicago Bears of the NFL.



Ron Rivera
California



John Yacovelle
USC

A four-year letterman for the USC swim team, **John Yacovelle** compiled a 3.47 grade point average and is planning to continue his education at USC's law school. A four-time qualifier in the Pac-10 meet, Yacovelle specializes in the 200-yard butterfly and individual medley. He swam a lifetime best of 1:48.20 to qualify for the NCAA's in the 200-yard butterfly, beating eventual NCAA champion Pablo Morales of Stanford in a dual meet this year. A high school All-America, he qualified for the Olympic Trials in 1980.



Ryan Zinke
Oregon

Ryan Zinke was a two-year starter for the Oregon football team at center after originally coming to Eugene as a strong safety. Zinke battled injuries during his final two seasons, but seldom missed a game. He received the Elmer Sahlstrom Award for academic proficiency after his senior season. A geology major, Zinke came to Oregon from Whitefish, Mont. At Whitefish High, he played football, basketball, ran track and served as student body president. He earned Valedictorian honors while compiling a perfect 4.0 grade point average.

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PAC-10 TRIVIA QUIZ

1. What two schools in the conference play for the Axe Trophy?
_____ and _____
2. The team with the longest Pac-10 conference winning streak is

3. One Pac-10 school has never played a team from the military academies (Army, Navy, Air Force). It is

4. Two schools have been members of the conference since its beginning in 1915:
_____ and _____
5. Name the only Pac-10 school that has played in a Cotton Bowl game:

6. What Pac-10 Heisman Trophy winner originally attended college on a basketball scholarship?

7. One football player at Stanford has had his number retired. Who was he?

8. Who was the first head football coach to lead UCLA to an undefeated season?
a) William Spaulding
b) Henry "Red" Sanders
c) Edwin Horrell
d) Bert La Brucherie
9. Which of the following Pac-10 football coaches remained undefeated at home for ten years?
a) Glenn "Pop" Warner, Stanford
b) Andrew Kerr, California
c) Gil Dobie, Washington
d) O.E. "Babe" Hollingberry, Washington State
10. The first Pac-10 player to gain over 1,000 yards in a season was:

11. Which player threw seven TD passes in one game?
a) Mike Pagel, ASU
b) John Elway, Stanford
c) Tom Ramsey, UCLA
d) Jim Plunkett, Stanford



Which Stanford football player has had his number retired?



What coach remained undefeated at home for ten years?

1. Stanford and California; 2. California with 22 conference games, 1947-50; 3. Oregon State; 4. California and Washington; 5. Oregon, in 1949 vs. SMU; 6. Oregon State's Jerry Baker; 7. Ernest Nevers, #1; 8. c) Edwin Horrell, 6-0-4 (1939); 9. b) O.E. "Babe" Hollingberry, 30-0-3 (Nov. 1925-Oct. 1935); 10. a) Morley Drury, USC — 1,163 yards in 1927; 11. Mike Pagel, ASU in 1981 vs. Stanford

Material taken, with author's permission, from the "Pac-10 Football Guide and Record Book" by Thomas F. Miller. Published by Leisure Press, Oakland, CA.

Answers

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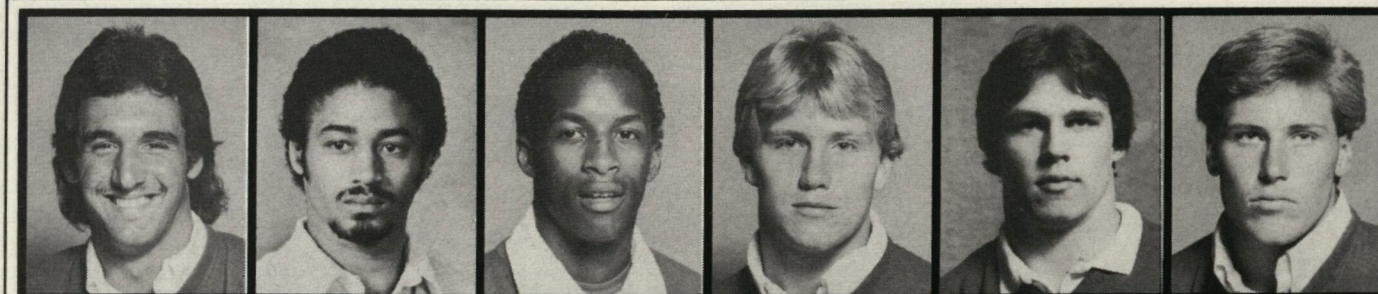
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DUCKS



Greg Aitkenhead
Center

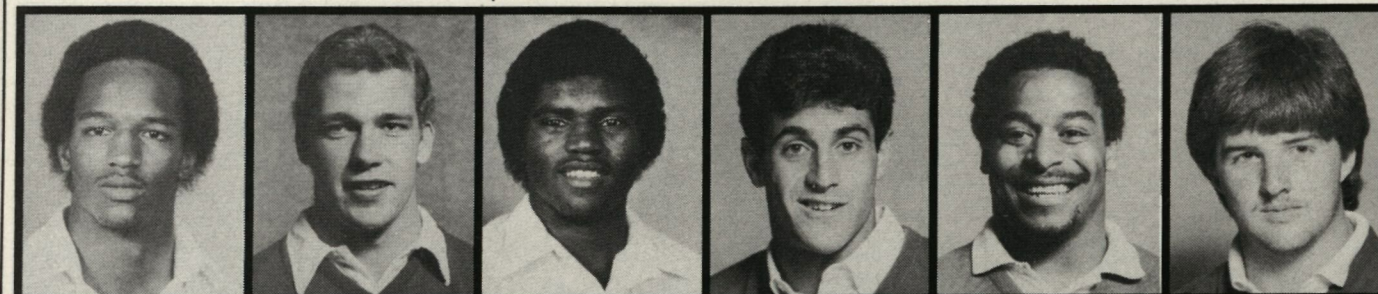
Lew Barnes
Flanker

J.J. Birden
Split End

Mike Blakey
Linebacker

Todd Bland
Fullback

Matt Brock
Defensive End



Don Brown
Cornerback

John Byrne
Defensive End

Wendell Cason
Cornerback

Jan Cespedes
Split End

Tony Cherry
Tailback

Marty Cleveland
Linebacker

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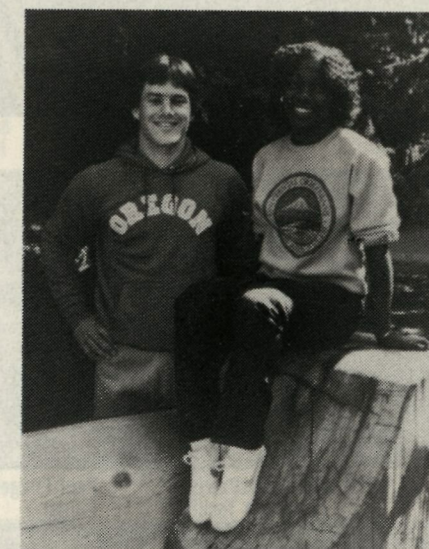
Have a great time, and remember — when you go to the game, express yourself. Take the bus.



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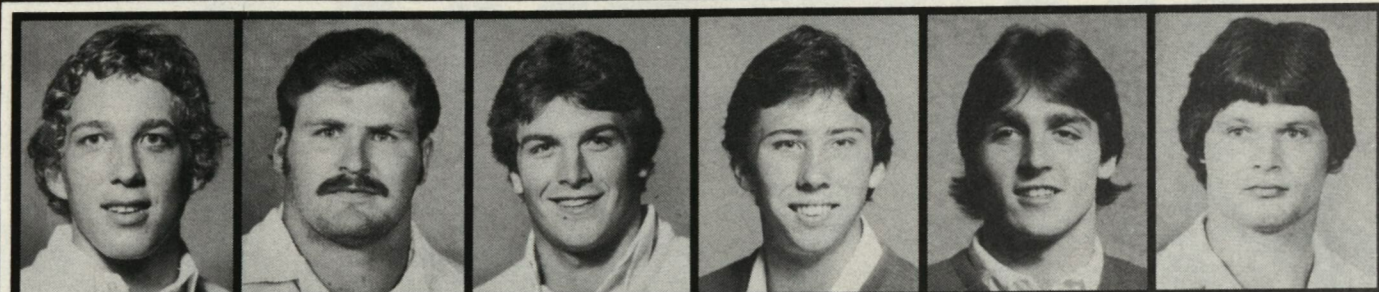
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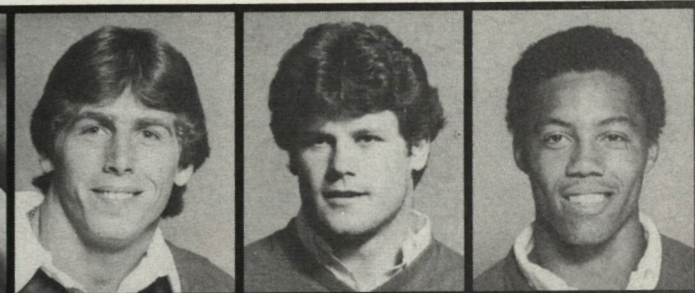
DUCKS



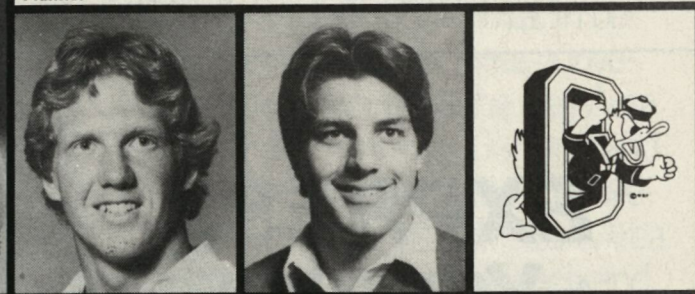
Tim Cooper Cornerback David Culp Defensive Tackle Bobby DeBisschop Tight End Kirk Dennis Kicker Dan Devaney Linebacker Dale Dorning Defensive End



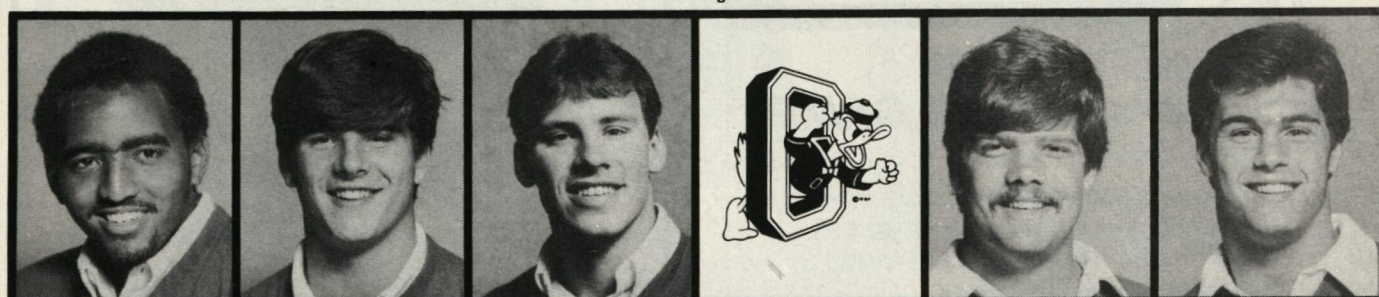
DALE DORNING



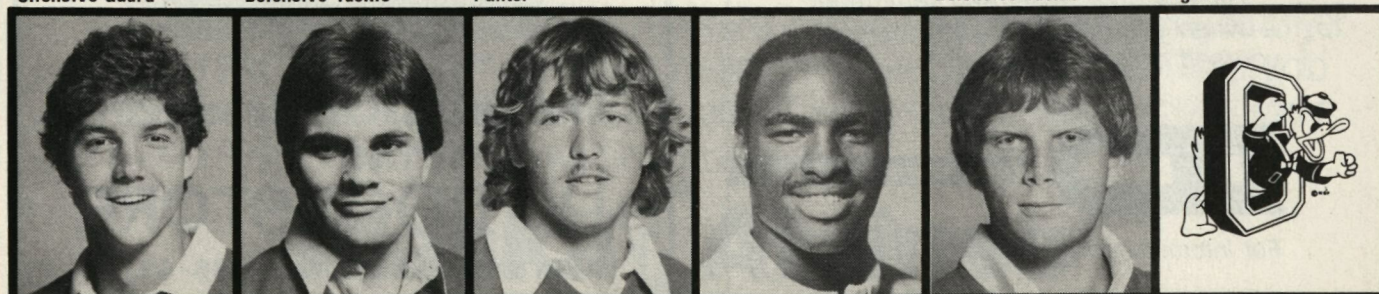
J.T. Douplik Flanker E.J. Duffy Linebacker Elliott Dunning Cornerback



Eric Elliott Tight End Mike Erlin Defensive Tackle

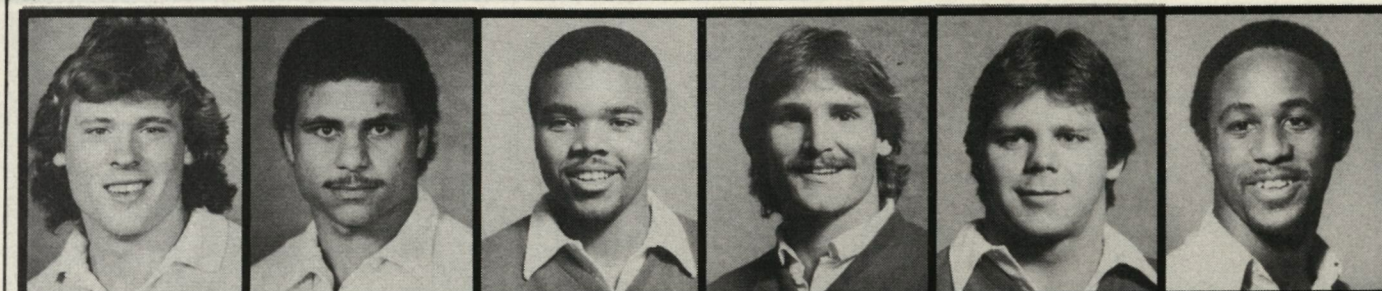


Anthony Fields Offensive Guard Devin FitzPatrick Defensive Tackle Paul Fitzgerald Punter John Friske Defensive Tackle Rich Gaiser Tight End

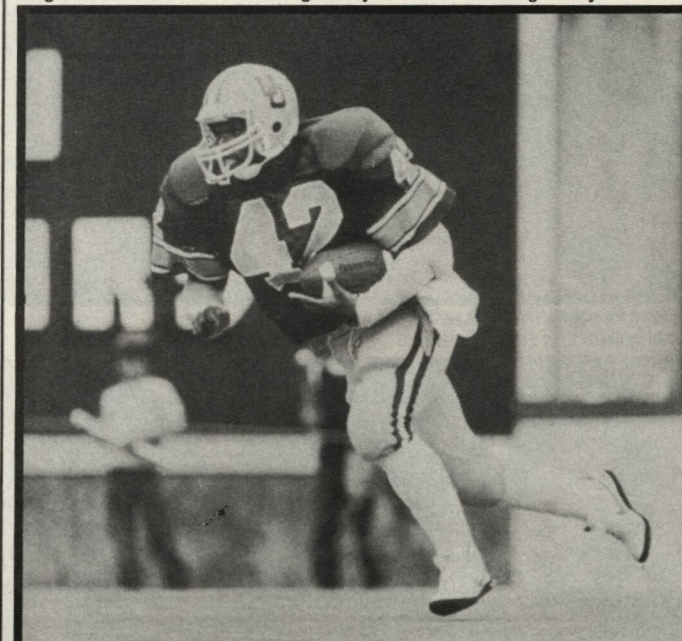


Gary Gilbert Offensive Tackle Tony Grossi Defensive Tackle Chuck Haggard Defensive End James Harper Tailback Scott Harter Tight End

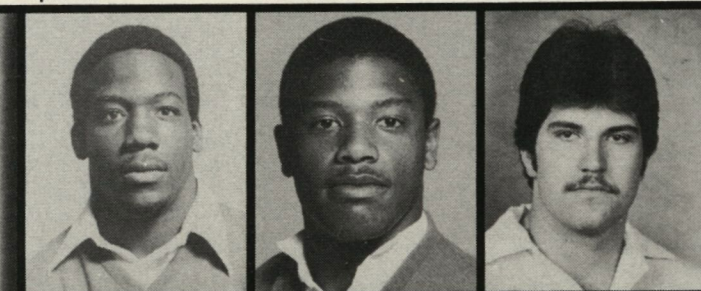
DUCKS



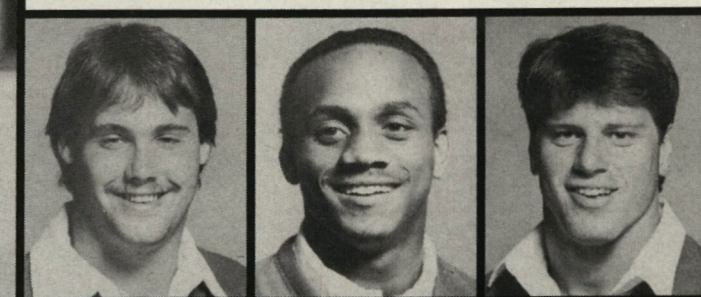
Doug Herman Tight End Tony Hill Strong Safety Andre Holland Strong Safety Scott Holman Split End Bob Hudetz Linebacker Ed Hulbert Cornerback



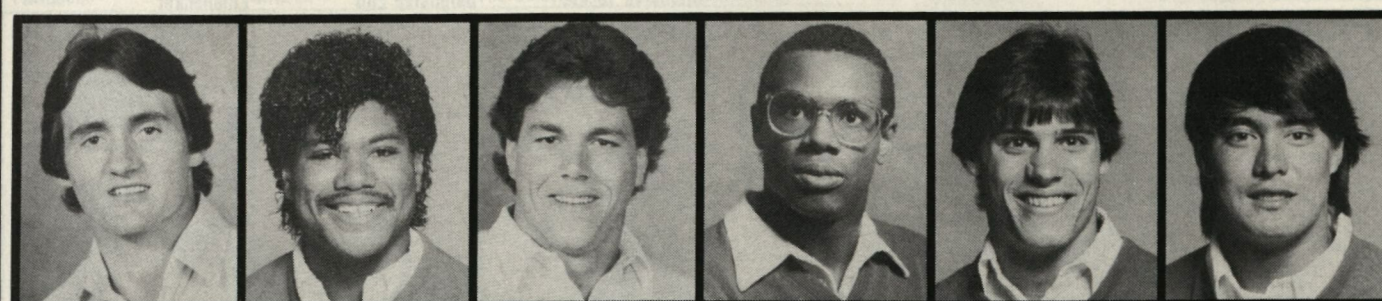
KEVIN McCALL



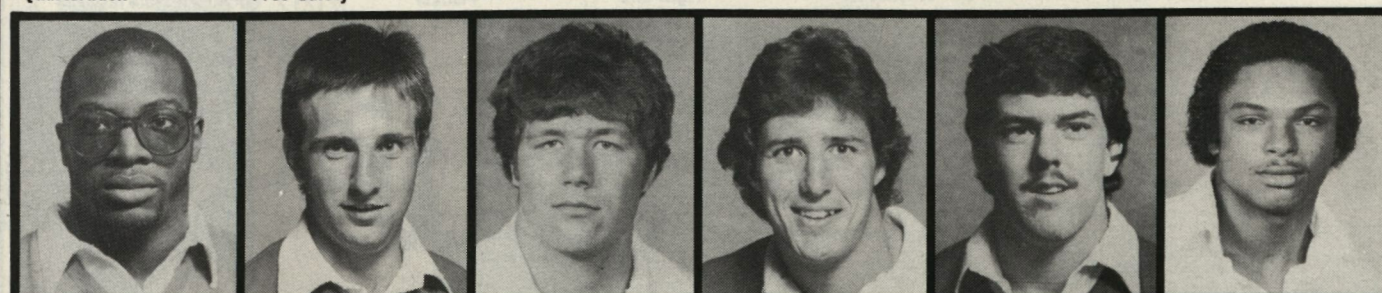
Alan Jackson Fullback Keith Jenkins Cornerback Steve Jensen Offensive Tackle



David Johnson Defensive End Ron Johnson Cornerback Don Jones Linebacker

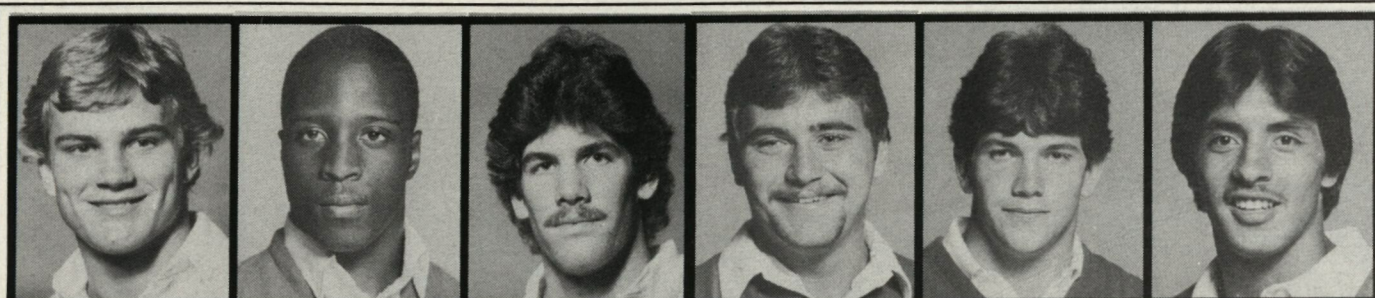


Mike Jorgensen Quarterback Doug Judge Free Safety Craig Kaylor Offensive Guard Eugene King Tailback Scott Kozak Linebacker Ron Lockwood Cornerback

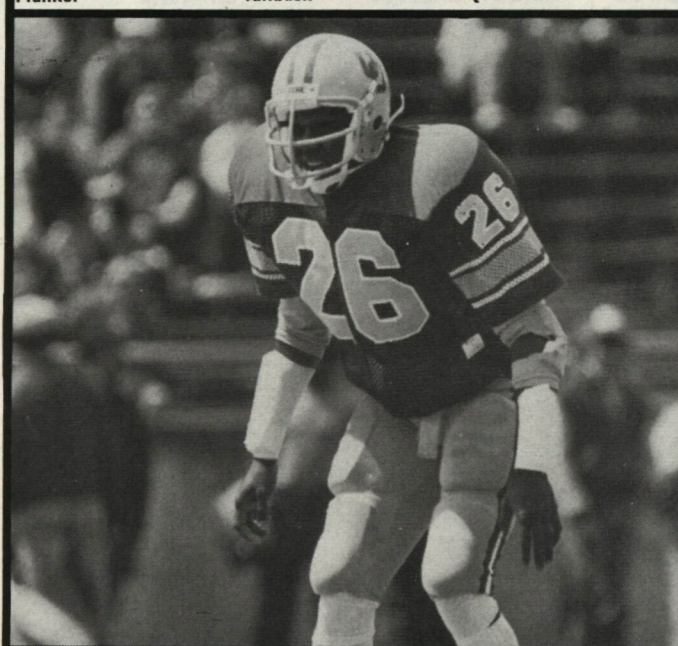


Alex Mack Fullback Matt MacLeod Kicker Dave Maley Defensive Tackle Joe Mansfield Defensive End Rob Marshall Defensive End Kevin McCall Tailback

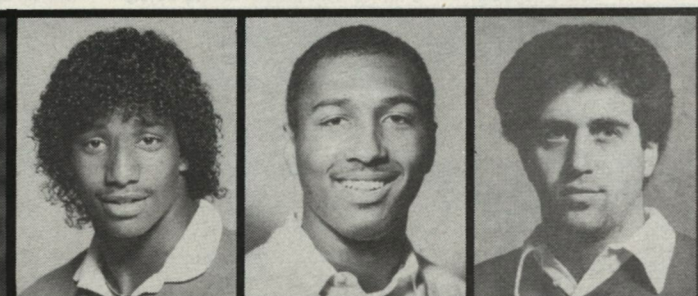
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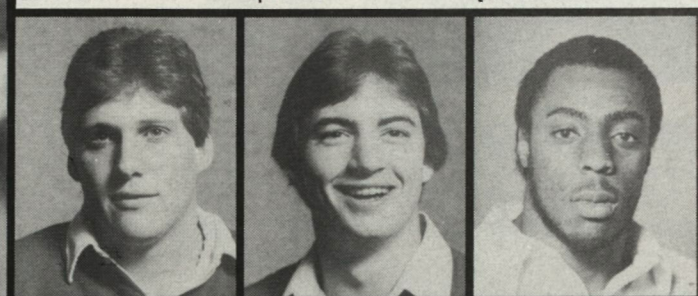
Mike McCarty Flanker Chad McCloud Tailback Chris Miller Quarterback Frank Miller Offensive Guard Ron Morris Offensive Tackle Adam Muniz Quarterback



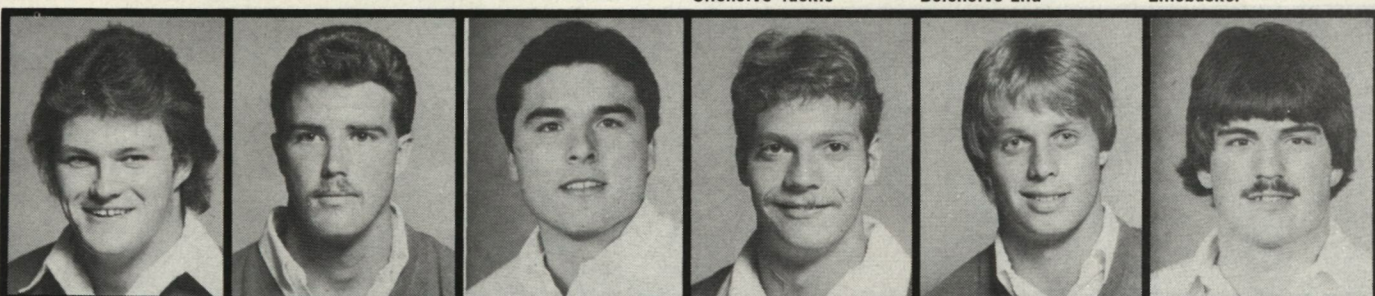
JEFF WILLIAMS



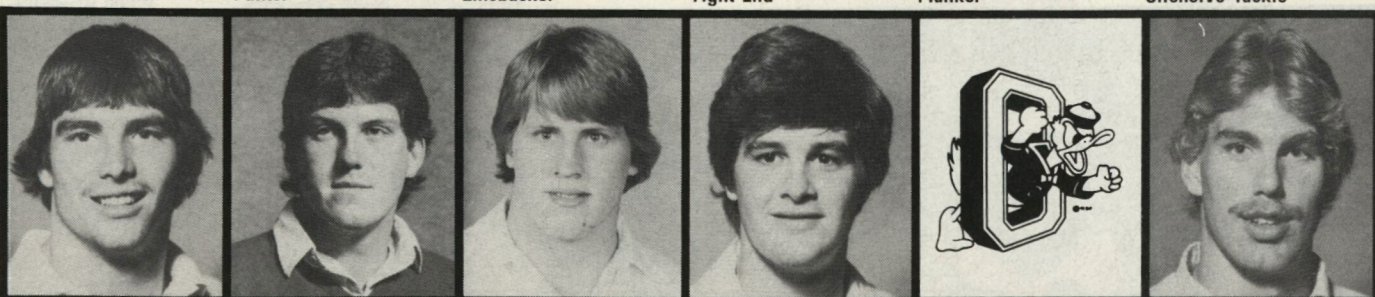
Anthony Newman Cornerback Ken Nichols Split End Tim Norton Quarterback



Brent Orick Offensive Tackle Tim Parker Defensive End Don Pellum Linebacker

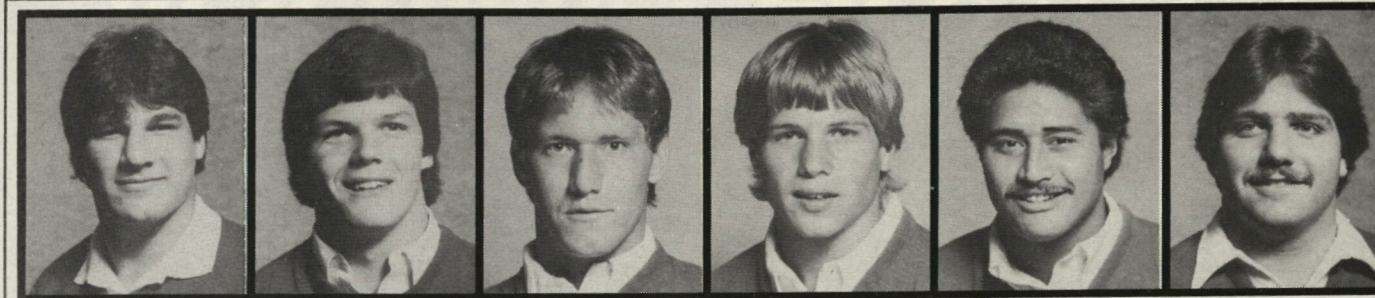


Rollin Putzier Defensive Tackle Mike Preacher Punter Edmund Rivera Linebacker Gary Robertson Tight End Mike Sanson Flanker Greg Schwab Offensive Tackle



Scott Skipper Linebacker Drew Smetana Offensive Tackle Brad Smith Offensive Guard Gary Smith Offensive Guard Jeff Stefanick Center

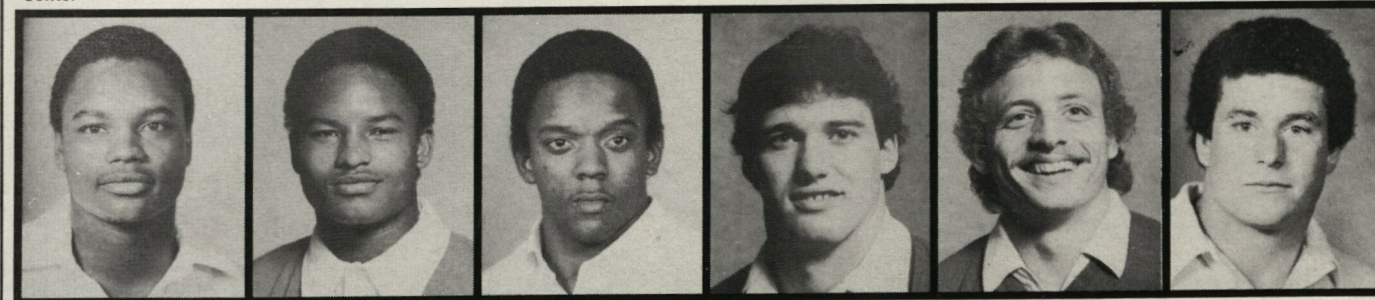
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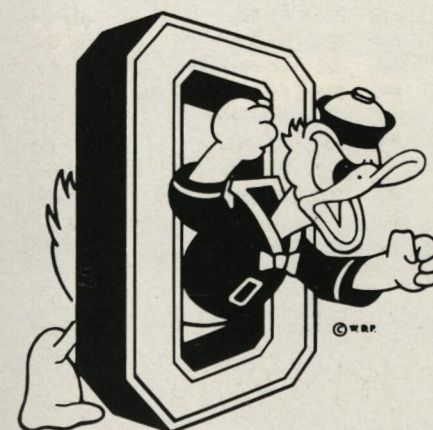
Will Stipanovich Defensive Tackle Tom Talbot Linebacker Joe Taylor Defensive End Aaron Thomas Cornerback Sandy Tuliau Offensive Tackle Lino Vaccher Offensive Guard



Ken Warner Center Harvey Watson Flanker John Weaver Offensive Guard Todd Welch Linebacker Ray Wheatley Offensive Guard Dan Wilken Strong Safety



Kevin Willhite Fullback Randy Willhite Fullback Jeff Williams Free Safety Lerry Wilson Linebacker John Wolf Linebacker Ron Zemp Linebacker



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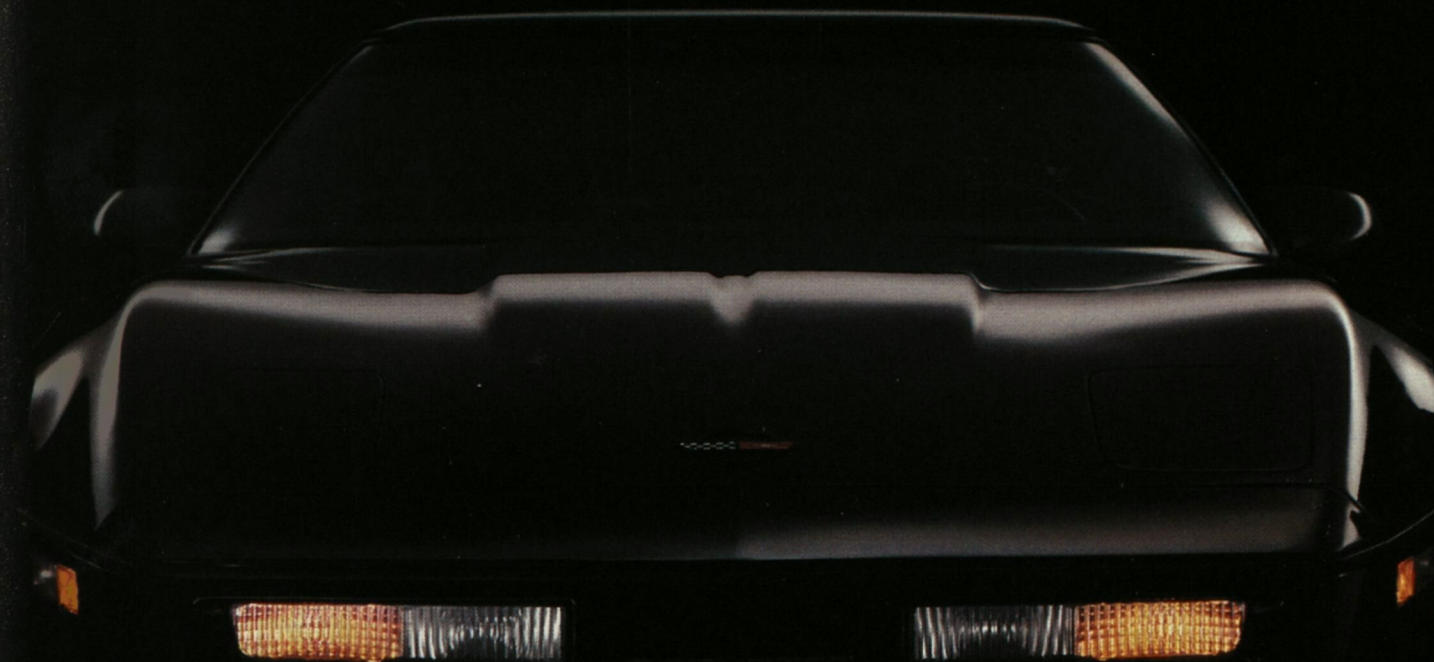
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DUCKS

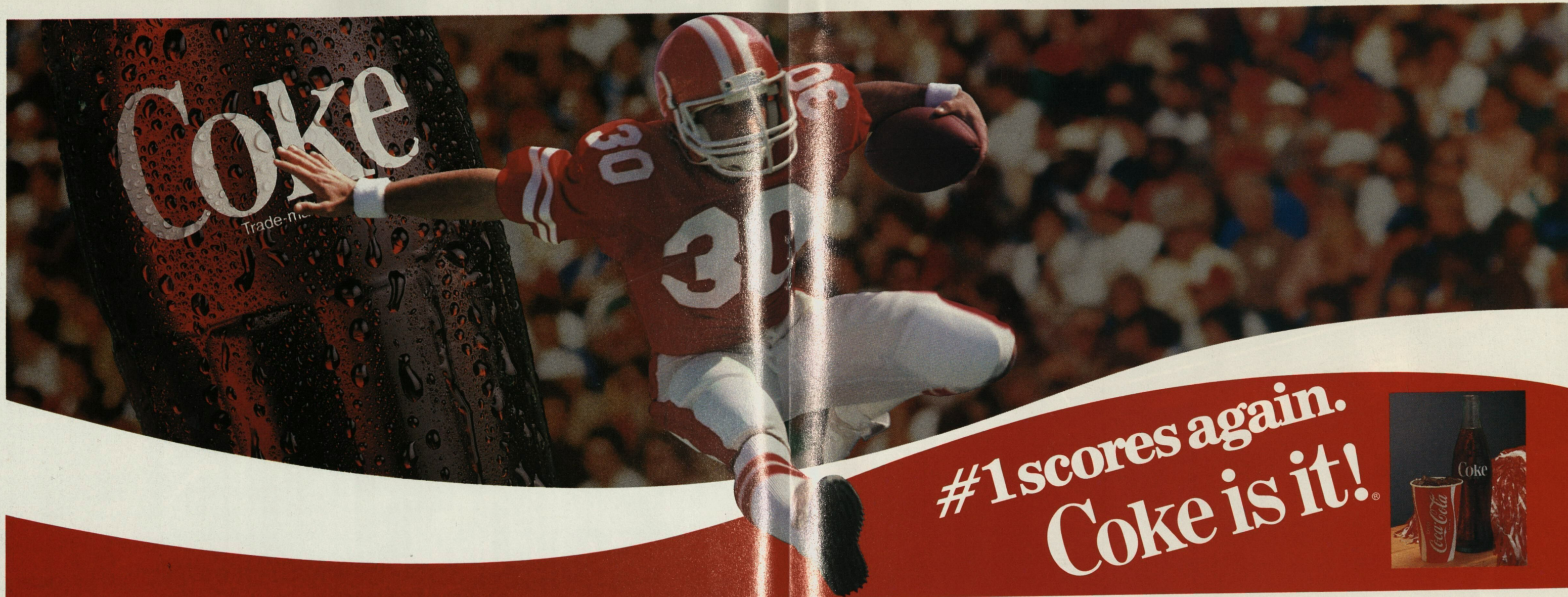
University of Oregon 1984 Roster

No.	Name	Pos.	Ht.	Wt.	Cl.-Exp.	Hometown	No.	Name	Pos.	Ht.	Wt.	Cl.-Exp.	Hometown
1	Kevin Willhite	FB	6-0	206	So.-1VL	Rancho Cordova, CA	48	Ron Zemp	MLB	6-0	209	Jr.-1VL	Aloha
2	Doug Judge	FS	6-2	215	Jr.-2VL	Carson, CA	49	Todd Welch	OLB	6-1	202	Sr.-2VL	Foster City, CA
3	Eugene King	TB	6-0	191	Jr.-2VL	Vallejo, CA	50	Gary Smith	OG	6-4	257	Fr.-RS	Oregon City
4	Mike Jorgensen	QB	6-1	202	Sr.-3VL	Ontario	51	Tom Talbot	MLB	6-2	219	So.-Sq.	Lake Oswego
5	Elliott Dunning	CB	5-11	170	Fr.-HS	Santa Ana, CA	54	Dan Devaney	OLB	6-3	211	So.-1VL	Portland
5	Mike Sanson	FL	6-1	180	Fr.-HS	Eugene	55	Ken Warner	C	6-5	256	Jr.-2VL	Gresham
6	Tim Norton	QB	6-3	216	So.-Tr.	Oakland, CA	57	Tony Grossi	DT	6-2	224	Jr.-Sq.	Mercer Island, WA
7	Jan Cespedes	SE	6-0	180	Jr.-Tr.	Panorama City, CA	58	Scott Skipper	OLB	6-2	214	Fr.-RS	Sandy
8	Anthony Newman	CB	6-1	185	Fr.-HS	Portland	59	Bob Hudetz	MLB	6-2	221	Sr.-3VL	Wheaton, IL
9	Kirk Dennis	K	6-0	160	Fr.-HS	Salem	60	Lino Vaccher	OG	6-3	258	Jr.-1VL	Fullerton, CA
10	Andre Holland	SS	6-0	180	Fr.-RS	Santa Monica, CA	61	Greg Aitkenhead	C	6-4	230	Fr.-HS	Mission Viejo, CA
11	Wendell Cason	CB	6-0	184	Sr.-3VL	Carson, CA	62	John Weaver	OG	6-2	235	Jr.-Sq.	Lauderhill, FL
12	Chris Miller	QB	6-2	191	So.-1VL	Eugene	63	Jeff Stefanick	C	6-5	246	Fr.-RS	Seattle, WA
13	Chad McCloud	TB	5-11	185	Fr.-HS	Pomona, CA	64	Greg Schwab	OT	6-7	254	Jr.-1VL	The Dalles
13	Tim Cooper	CB	5-10	173	So.-Sq.	Beaverton	65	Joe Mansfield	DE	6-5	225	So.-Sq.	Ontario
14	Mike McCarty	FL	5-9	181	Fr.-RS	Oregon City	66	Frank Miller	OG	6-4	240	Fr.-HS	Arroyo Grande, CA
15	J.T. Doupnik	SE	5-11	170	Jr.-Tr.	Loomis, CA	67	Brad Smith	OG	6-4	246	So.-1VL	Klamath Falls
16	Mike Preacher	P	6-2	175	So.-Tr.	Downey, CA	68	Ron Morris	OT	6-6	215	Fr.-HS	Forest Grove
17	Edmund Rivera	OLB	6-0	215	Sr.-1VL	Palm Springs, CA	68	David Johnson	DE	6-2	220	Fr.-HS	Eugene
18	Adam Muniz	QB	5-11	170	Fr.-HS	Visalia, CA	69	Anthony Fields	OG	6-2	230	Fr.-HS	Santa Ana, CA
19	Bobby DeBisschop	TE	6-2	212	So.-1VL	Ontario	70	Steve Jenson	OT	6-4	270	Sr.-1VL	Walnut, CA
20	Ron Lockwood	SS	6-0	180	Fr.-HS	Vista, CA	71	Craig Kaylor	OG	6-4	250	Sr.-2RS	Sacramento, CA
21	Don Brown	CB	5-10	165	Jr.-2VL	Carson, CA	72	David Culp	DT	6-4	296	Sr.-1VL	Silverton
22	Don Pllum	OLB	6-2	213	Sr.-2VL	Banning, CA	73	Gary Gilbert	OT	6-5	220	Fr.-HS	Red Bluff, CA
23	Ed Hulbert	CB	5-10	164	So.-1VL	Los Angeles, CA	74	Drew Smetana	OT	6-7	281	Jr.-1VL	Salem
24	Randy Willhite	FB	6-1	200	Fr.-HS	Rancho Cordova, CA	75	Rollin Putzier	DT	6-5	265	Fr.-HS	Post Falls, ID
25	Dean Otto	K	6-2	190	Fr.-HS	Glenwood, S. Africa	76	Ray Wheatley	OG	6-5	265	Sr.-1VL	Spruce Grove, Alb.
26	Jeff Williams	FS	6-2	196	Sr.-3VL	Santa Ana, CA	77	Rob Marshall	DE	6-6	225	Fr.-RS	Denver, CO
27	Keith Jenkins	CB	5-11	190	Fr.-HS	Berkeley, CA	78	Sandy Tuliau	OT	6-6	240	Fr.-HS	Long Beach, CA
28	Tony Cherry	TB	5-8	179	Jr.-RS	Victorville, CA	79	Brent Orick	OT	6-7	260	So.-Tr.	Elk Grove, CA
29	Harvey Watson	FL	6-0	170	Fr.-HS	Diamond Bar, CA	80	Ken Nichols	SE	6-2	180	Fr.-RS	El Cerrito, CA
29	Aaron Thomas	FS	6-1	175	Fr.-HS	Coos Bay	81	Eric Elliott	TE	6-3	219	Fr.-RS	Elk Grove, CA
30	John Wolf	OLB	6-1	206	So.-Sq.	Gold Beach	82	Lew Barnes	FL	5-10	175	Sr.-1VL	San Diego, CA
31	Ron Johnson	CB	5-10	177	Jr.-1VL	Seattle, WA	83	Scott Holman	SE	6-2	189	Jr.-Sq.	Beaverton
32	Dan Wilken	SS	6-1	200	Jr.-2VL	Eugene	84	Gary Robertson	TE	6-6	220	Fr.-HS	Westminster, CO
33	James Harper	TB	5-9	184	Fr.-RS	Inglewood, CA	85	Scott Harter	TE	6-3	221	So.-Tr.	Albany
34	Alex Mack	FB	6-1	201	Jr.-1VL	San Francisco, CA	86	Rich Gaiser	TE	6-4	230	Jr.-2VL	Oregon City
35	Todd Bland	FB	6-2	225	Jr.-2VL	Beaverton	87	Doug Herman	TE	6-3	225	Sr.-3VL	Renton, WA
36	Lerry Wilson	MLB	6-3	233	Jr.-2VL	Irrigon	88	J.J. Birden	SE	5-10	161	Fr.-RS	Portland
37	Paul Fitzgerald	P	6-0	198	So.-Tr.	LaGrande	89	Tim Parker	DE	6-5	234	Fr.-RS	Salem
38	Matt MacLeod	K	5-10	165	Jr.-Sq.	Vancouver, B.C.	90	John Byrne	DE	6-4	224	Jr.-2VL	Pacifica, CA
39	Marty Cleveland	MLB	6-3	215	Fr.-HS	Portland	91	John Friske	DT	6-5	225	Fr.-HS	Anaheim, CA
40	Alan Jackson	FB	5-11	189	So.-1VL	Riverside, CA	92	Matt Brock	DE	6-5	215	Fr.-HS	San Diego, CA
41	Mike Blakey	OLB	6-3	195	Fr.-HS	Milwaukie	93	Joe Taylor	DE	6-4	215	Fr.-HS	Lake Grove
42	Kevin McCall	TB	5-9	190	Sr.-1VL	Carson, CA	94	Dale Dorning	DE	6-6	255	Sr.-1VL	Seattle, WA
43	E. J. Duffy	OLB	6-2	225	Jr.-2VL	Portland	95	Chuck Haggard	DE	6-5	215	Fr.-HS	Pleasant Hill
44	Tony Hill	SS	5-10	191	So.-1RS	Sacramento, CA	97	Dave Maley	DT	6-4	264	So.-1VL	Prineville
45	Don Jones	OLB	6-2	223	Jr.-Tr.	Cottage Grove	98	Mike Erlin	DT	6-4	237	So.-Sq.	Tiburon, CA
46	Scott Kozak	OLB	6-3	190	Fr.-HS	Molalla	99	Devin FitzPatrick	DT	6-4	225	Fr.-HS	Portland
47	Will Stipanovich	DT	6-3	241	So.-1VL	San Pedro, CA							
48	Ron Zemp	MLB	6-0	209	Jr.-1VL	Aloha							

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When OREGON Has The Ball

DUCKS' OFFENSE

83	SCOTT HOLMAN (189)	SE
64	GREG SCHWAB (254)	LT
67	BRAD SMITH (246)	LG
55	KEN WARNER (256)	C
71	CRAIG KAYLOR (250)	RG
70	STEVE JENSON (270)	RT
87	DOUG HERMAN (225)	TE
12	CHRIS MILLER (191)	QB
42	KEVIN McCALL (190)	TB
1	KEVIN WILLHITE (206)	FB
82	LEW BARNES (164)	FL

TIGERS' DEFENSE

99	RICH SARRIS (225)	LE
57	ANDY FRANKS (255)	LT
63	COLLIS GALLOWAY (190)	NG
90	JIM BANNOWSKY (230)	RT
36	JOE TAYLOR (215)	RE
31	SHELDON MACKENZIE (205)	LL
68	NICK HOLT (215)	RL
4	TOMMY PURVIS (185)	LC
42	KEVIN GREENE (190)	SS
3	DARRELL DIVINITY (190)	WS
41	LA SHAWN WELLS (175)	RC

THE DUCKS

13	Cooper	CB
14	McCarthy	FL
15	Douppnik	SE
16	Preacher	P
17	Rivera	OLB
18	Muniz	QB
19	DeBisschop	TE
20	Lockwood	SS
21	Brown	CB
22	Pellum	OLB
23	Hulbert	CB
24	R. Willhite	FB
25	Otto	K
26	Williams	FS
27	Jenkins	CB
28	Cherry	TB
29	Watson	FL

29	Thomas	FS
30	Wolf	OLB
31	R. Johnson	CB
32	Wilken	SS
33	Harper	TB
34	Mack	FB
35	Bland	FB
36	Wilson	MLB
37	Fitzgerald	P
38	MacLeod	K
39	Cleveland	MLB
40	Jackson	FB
41	Blakey	OLB
42	McCall	TB
43	Duffy	OLB
44	Hill	SS
45	Jones	OLB

46	Kozak	OLB
47	Stipanovich	DT
48	Zemp	MLB
49	Welch	OLB
50	G. Smith	C
51	Talbot	MLB
54	Devaney	OLB
55	Warner	OG
57	Grossi	DT
58	Skipper	OLB
59	Hudetz	MLB
60	Vaccher	OG
61	Aitkenhead	C
62	Weaver	OG
63	Stefanick	C
64	Schwab	OT
65	Mansfield	DE

66	F. Miller	OG
67	B. Smith	OG
68	Morris	OT
69	D. Johnson	DE
70	Jenson	C
71	Kaylor	OG
72	Culp	DT
73	Gilbert	OT
74	Smetana	OT
75	Putzier	DT
76	Wheatley	OG
77	Marshall	DE
78	Tuliau	OT
79	Orick	OT
80	Nichols	SE
81	Elliott	TE

82	Barnes	FL
83	Holman	SE
84	Robertson	TE
85	Harter	TE
86	Gaiser	TE
87	Herman	TE
88	Birden	SE
89	Parker	DE
90	Byrne	DE
91	Friske	DT
92	Brock	DE
93	Taylor	DE
94	Dorning	DE
95	Haggard	DE
97	Maley	DT
98	Erlin	DT
99	FitzPatrick	DT

When PACIFIC Has The Ball

TIGERS' OFFENSE

85	TONY CAMP (230)	TE
71	WES SIBOLE (260)	LT
72	EDUARDO YAGUES (260)	LG
53	ROBERT ZOLG (255)	C
73	GREG PACOS (235)	RG
79	FLOYD LAYHER (260)	RT
82	RON WOODS (185)	WR
14	PAUL BERNER (210)	QB
5	JAMES MACKEY (180)	RB
35	BILL WOLSKY (210)	HB
9	GENE THOMAS (160)	WR

DUCKS' DEFENSE

94	DALE DORNING (255)	LE
97	DAVE MALEY (264)	LT
72	DAVID CULP (296)	RT
90	JOHN BYRNE (244)	RE
54	DAN DEVANEY (211)	LLB
59	BOB HUDETZ (221)	MLB
49	TODD WELCH (202)	RLB
2	DOUG JUDGE (215)	SS
11	WENDELL CASON (184)	LC
23	ED HULBERT (164)	RC
26	JEFF WILLIAMS (196)	FS

THE TIGERS

10	Shollin	DB
14	Berner	QB
16	Pitz	QB
17	Hardcastle	QB
18	Young	DB
19	Norgaard	K
25	Simien	RB
28	Stockton	DB
29	Weisensee	DB
31	MacKenzie	LB
32	Griffiths	RB

34	Michaels	HB
35	Wolsky	HB
36	Taylor	DE
38	Dana	LB
41	Wells	DB
42	Greene	DB
44	Plunkett	DB
45	Ferrer	DE
47	Thompson	DE
48	Sladek	DE
49	Budlong	LB

51	Weimers	OT
53	Zolg	C
54	Schafer	C
56	Hancock	DE
57	Franks	DE
58	Barnes	DT
60	Meagher	DT
62	Gibson	OG
63	Galloway	NG
64	Franck	OG
65	Cappuccio	OG

66	O'Keefe	NG
68	Holt	LB
69	Lee	LB
70	Clower	OG
71	Sibole	OT
72	Yagues	OG
73	Pacos	OG
74	McGowan	C
75	D. Smith	DT
76	S. Smith	OT
78	Ferguson	DT

79	Layher	OT
80	Long	TE
81	Stenlund	WR
82	Woods	WR
84	Freudenthal	TE
85	Camp	TE
86	M. Scott	WR
89	Greg Thomas	WR
90	Bannowsky	DT
98	C. Scott	LB
99	Sarris	DE

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TIGERS



University of the Pacific Alphabetical Roster

No.	Player	Pos.	HT	WT	YR	Hometown	No.	Player	Pos.	HT	WT	YR	Hometown
90	Bannowsky, Jim	DT	6-4	230	Sr	Stockton, CA	27	McMillen, Steve	WR	5-9	170	Fr	Ft. Bragg, CA
14	Berner, Paul	QB	6-3	210	Sr	San Diego, CA	34	Michaels, Steve	HB	6-2	210	So	Stockton, CA
49	Budlong, Pete	LB	5-11	185	Fr	Sacramento, CA	83	Moffatt, Shelby	WR	6-3	195	Jr	Sacramento, CA
6	Buggs, Terry	DB	5-11	180	Jr	Long Beach, CA	19	Norgaard, Ken	PK	6-3	180	So	San Juan Bautista, CA
13	Cabot, Mark	PK	5-9	170	Fr	Los Altos, CA	66	O'Keefe, Tim	NG	6-2	235	Jr	Hawthorne, CA
85	Camp, Tony	TE	6-5	230	Sr	Costa Mesa, CA	30	Osborn, Brad	HB	5-8	180	Jr	Mercer Island, WA
65	Cappuccio, Joe	OG	6-3	245	Jr	Monterey, CA	73	Pacos, Greg	OG	6-3	235	Sr	El Toro, CA
70	Clower, Steve	G/OT	6-3	245	So	Fountain Valley, CA	16	Pitz, Mike	QB	6-1	160	So	Colfax, CA
15	Conti, Gene	DB	6-1	175	Jr	Stockton, CA	44	Plunkett, Jeff	DE	6-2	210	Jr	Stockton, CA
38	Dana, Mike	DE	6-2	215	Fr	Colusa, CA	37	Power, Bob	S	6-1	190	Fr	Eugene, OR
33	Daniel, Gregg	RB	6-0	180	So	Inglewood, CA	4	Purvis, Tommy	DB	6-0	185	Jr	Richmond, CA
3	Divinity, Darrell	DB	6-0	190	Jr	Los Angeles, CA	21	Rhoads, Ken	DB	6-2	200	Jr	Tracy, CA
78	Ferguson, Kevin	DT	6-4	255	Jr	Gardena, CA	12	Roberts, Mark	DB	6-1	200	Fr	Richmond, CA
57	Franks, Andy	DT	6-3	255	Jr	Vallejo, CA	26	Rogers, Derek	RB	5-10	170	Fr	Los Altos, CA
84	Freudenthal, Kevin	TE	6-4	225	Sr	Modesto, CA	99	Sarris, Rich	DE	6-2	225	Jr	Victorville, CA
63	Galloway, Collis	NG	5-11	190	Jr	Stockton, CA	54	Schafer, Jeff	DT	6-3	230	Jr	Malibu, CA
39	Gibbs, Don	WR	6-4	190	Fr	Huntington Beach, CA	98	Scott, Chris	LB	6-4	225	Jr	Torrance, CA
62	Gibson, Lamont	OT	6-3	255	So	Oakland, CA	86	Scott, Michael	WR	5-11	180	Sr	Richmond, CA
92	Gowdy, Robert	DB	5-11	175	Fr	Atherton, CA	55	Shanahan, Pat	LB	6-3	235	Jr	Ventura, CA
42	Greene, Kevin	DB	6-1	190	Sr	Ventura, CA	10	Shollin, Bob	DB	6-0	180	Sr	Newport Beach, CA
32	Griffiths, Derek	RB	6-0	180	So	Huntington Beach, CA	71	Sibole, Wes	OT	6-6	260	Jr	Lodi, CA
8	Griggs, Johnny	HB	6-0	185	Jr	Jersey City, NJ	25	Simien, Anthony	RB	5-7	165	Fr	Carson, CA
56	Hancock, Carl	DE	6-1	200	Jr	Richmond, CA	48	Sladek, Burdette	TE	6-2	200	So	Meadow Vista, CA
17	Hardcastle, David	QB	6-1	180	Jr	Reedley, CA	75	Smith, Dan	DT	6-2	250	Jr	Anaheim, CA
67	Hawkins, Mike	LB	6-2	215	Fr	Walnut Creek, CA	76	Smith, Steve	OT	6-8	275	Sr	Modesto, CA
1	Heinrich, Kurt	WR	5-9	160	Jr	Saratoga, CA	81	Stenlund, Gary	WR	5-11	175	Sr	Santa Ana, CA
68	Holt, Nick	LB	6-0	215	Jr	Lafayette, CA	28	Stockton, Andre	DB	5-8	175	Sr	Los Angeles, CA
23	Hurt, Fred	WR	5-10	165	Jr	San Jose, CA	36	Taylor, Joe	DE	6-2	215	Jr	Los Angeles, CA
94	King, Blair	WR	5-8	168	Jr	Atherton, OR	9	Thomas, Gene	WR	6-1	160	Jr	San Diego, CA
50	King, Michael	G/C	6-0	235	Jr	Cupertino, CA	89	Thomas, Greg	HB	6-6	215	Sr	Richmond, CA
7	Lampson, Marshall	P	6-3	200	So	Long Beach, CA	47	Thompson, Kevin	DE	6-1	205	Jr	Sacramento, CA
96	Lanier, Damon	DT	6-1	210	Sr	Los Alamitos, CA	2	Thornton, Ron	RB	5-8	185	Jr	Oakland, CA
79	Layher, Floyd	OT	6-8	295	Sr	Jackson, CA	51	Weimers, Stuart	OT	6-7	250	Sr	Manteca, CA
69	Lee, Richard	LB	6-3	225	Sr	San Francisco, CA	29	Weisensee, Pat	DB	5-10	175	Fr	Palm Springs, CA
87	Lincoln, Todd	HB	6-4	225	So	Beaverton, OR	41	Wells, La Shawn	DB	5-10	175	Jr	Monrovia, CA
80	Long, Mark	TE	6-3	235	Jr	Millbrae, CA	35	Wolsky, Bill	HB	6-2	210	Sr	Boulder, CO
31	MacKenzie, Sheldon	LB	6-1	205	Sr	Santa Barbara, CA	82	Woods, Ron	WR	5-11	165	Sr	Long Beach, CA
5	Mackey, James	RB	5-10	180	So	French Camp, CA	72	Yagues, Eduardo	G	6-4	260	Jr	Imperial Beach, CA
11	McCahill, Jim	WR	6-1	185	So	Costa Mesa, CA	18	Young, Michael	DB	5-11	170	Jr	El Cerrito, CA
74	McGowan, Dennis	C	6-2	245	Fr	Huntington Beach, CA	53	Zolg, Robert	C	6-4	255	Jr	Downey, CA

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University of The Pacific

University of the Pacific offers a diversity of academic programs that would normally be associated with a much larger university than the 6,000 students attending classes in Stockton, Sacramento and San Francisco.

Pacific was founded in 1851 as California's first chartered university. The independent institution now is comprised of 10 schools and colleges.

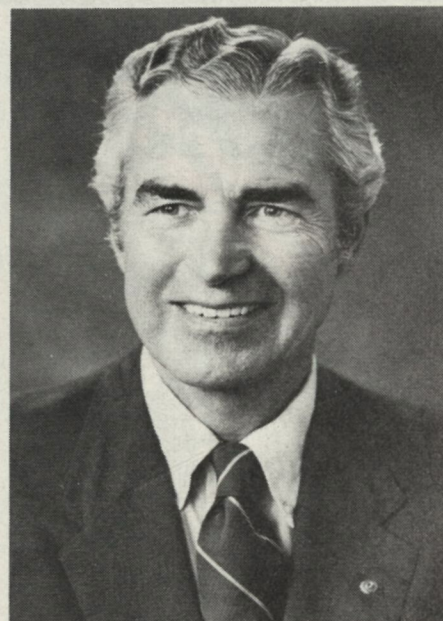
Located on the Stockton campus are two liberal arts colleges and schools of music, engineering, education, pharmacy, business and public administration, and a graduate school. The university's dental school is in San Francisco and Pacific's McGeorge School of Law is in Sacramento.

The liberal arts college includes Col-

lege of Pacific, the largest arts and sciences college with more than 50 major programs and Elbert Covell College, the only Spanish-speaking college in the United States.

Throughout Pacific, the emphasis is on teaching although research is recognized as having a need in the various disciplines.

The students at the university are represented on nearly all the policy-making committees, and the Associated Students play an active role in campus life through social and cultural programs for the community. The Stockton metropolitan area, with a population of more than 200,000 also is the scene of many programs that take the students off campus in a multitude of community involvement activities.



Dr. Stanley E. McCaffrey, president.

The second smallest school in Division I also sported nationally ranked programs in softball, which made a trip to the NCAA World Series in 1983 and was ranked in the Top Five for most of 1984 and the water polo team has been in the Top Ten the past two years and has produced two All-Americans.

UOP Athletic Goals In Sight

Under the direction of first-year athletic director Dr. Carl R. Miller, who molded North Dakota into one of the top Division II programs in the country, the University of the Pacific

is looking to re-capture some of the pride and tradition of years past that accounted for consistent success and national acclaim in the late 40's and early 50's.

Coaching The Tigers

Bob Cope, who became University of the Pacific's 14th head football coach in December 1982, was a fixture in the collegiate football ranks for some 20 years as an assistant coach before coming to UOP last year and laying the foundation for what should prove to be a successful program in the near future.

Cope, 47, spent four years in the early '70's (1972-75) as an assistant coach at Pacific under Chester Caddas and is intimately familiar with the University's role in the community and its station as the only private institution in the Pacific Coast Athletic Association. Upon being named mentor, he was genuinely excited about returning to Stockton for his first head coaching assignment.

"I've always said that this was a head coaching job I'd want if I could get it," says Cope. "I'm excited about the opportunities here and don't think they've ever been greater."

"As much as I love this University, if I didn't think we could win, I wouldn't have come back."

Cope knew about winning his first time at Pacific as the Tigers compiled a

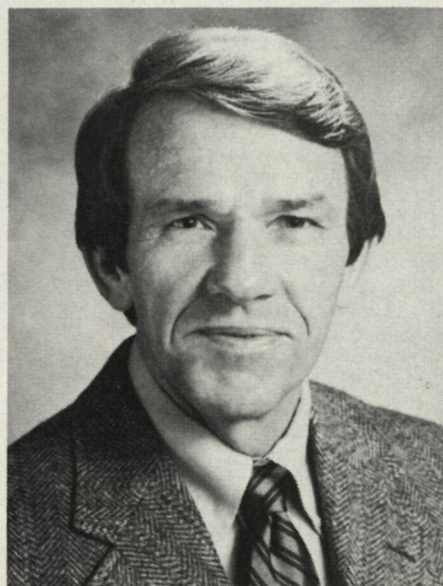
26-16-2 record and back-to-back seasons of 8-3 and 7-2-1 in 1972 and 1973. The foundation of those teams was Cope's (served as defensive coordinator and assistant head coach) defensive unit, which ranked fifth nationally against the run in 1972 and seventh in scoring a year later.

A 1961 graduate of Carson-Newman College (Jefferson City, TN), Cope was the defensive coordinator at Purdue in 1982. He spent the 1981 season as the defensive coordinator at Mississippi after tutoring the secondary for four seasons (1977-80) at Arkansas under Lou Holtz.

Between his four-year stays at Pacific and Arkansas, Cope was the defensive line coach for Ron Meyer, (now head coach for the New England Patriots), at SMU.

He got his start in the collegiate coaching circles at Vanderbilt in 1964 and spent eight years there before joining Caddas at UOP.

Cope got his start in the coaching ranks at Hammond High School (VA) in 1961. The next two years were spent as defensive coordinator at Morristown High School (TN).



Bob Cope knows all about winning at UOP.

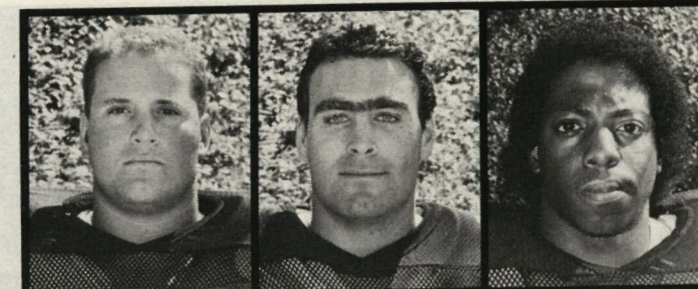
Cope enjoyed a successful playing career as well at Carson-Newman as he was a four-year letterwinner as a two-way player (center and linebacker) and a Small College All-American in 1960.

A native of Chattanooga, TN, he received his Masters from George Peabody College (Nashville, TN) in 1965. He and his wife Jimmie Ruth, have an 11-year old daughter, Susan Kimberly.

TIGERS



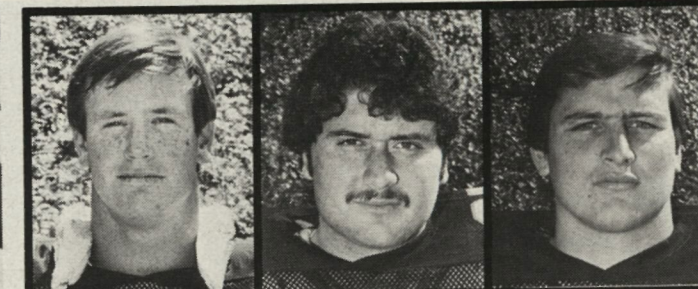
Safety Kevin Greene is the Tigers' only returning first-teamer.



Jim Bannowsky
Defensive Tackle

Paul Berner
Quarterback

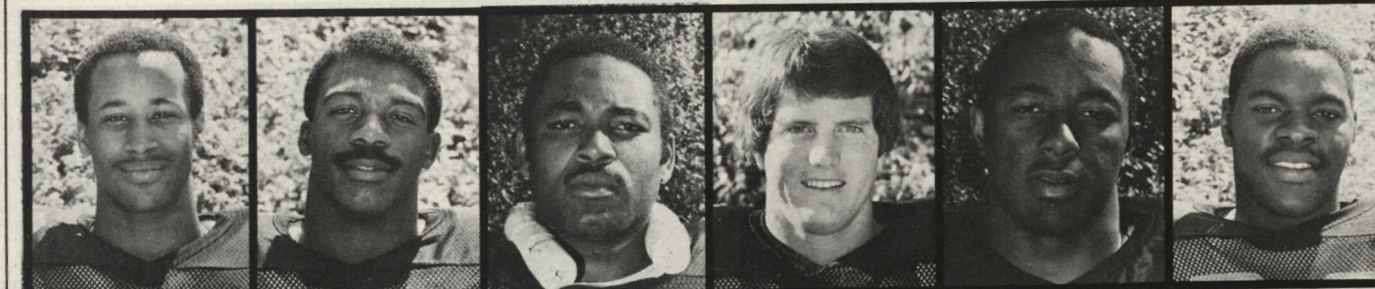
Terry Buggs
Defensive Back



Tony Camp
Tight End

Joe Cappuccio
Offensive Guard

Steve Clower
Offensive Tackle



Gregg Daniel
Running Back

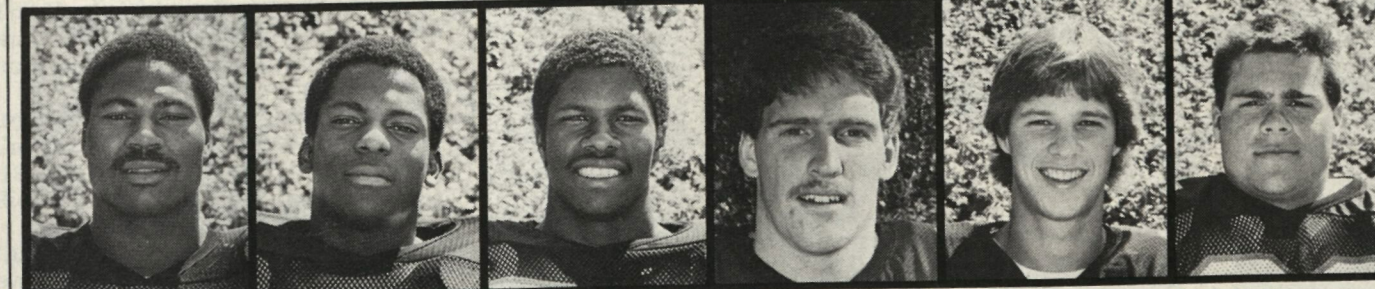
Darrell Divinity
Defensive Back

Andy Franks
Defensive End

Kevin Freudenthal
Tight End

Collis Galloway
Noseguard

Lamont Gibson
Offensive Tackle



Kevin Greene
Defensive Back

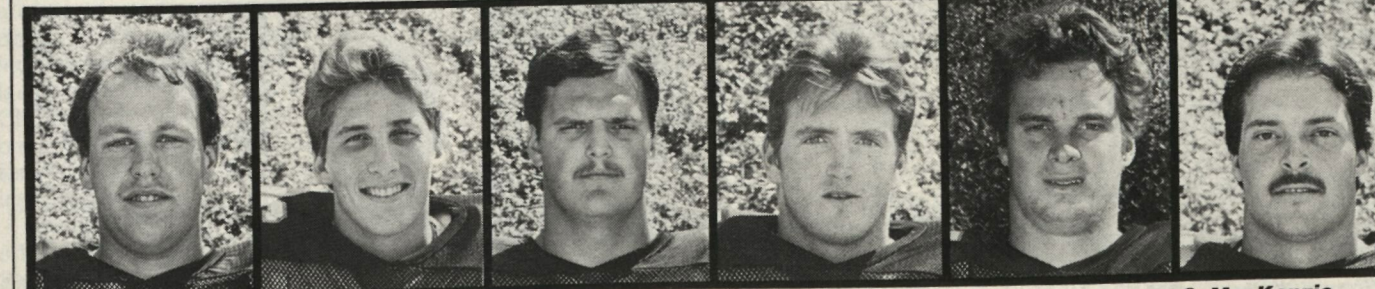
Derek Griffiths
Running Back

Carl Hancock
Defensive End

David Hardcastle
Quarterback

Kurt Heinrich
Wide Receiver

Nick Holt
Linebacker



Marshall Lampson
Punter

Damon Lanier
Defensive Tackle

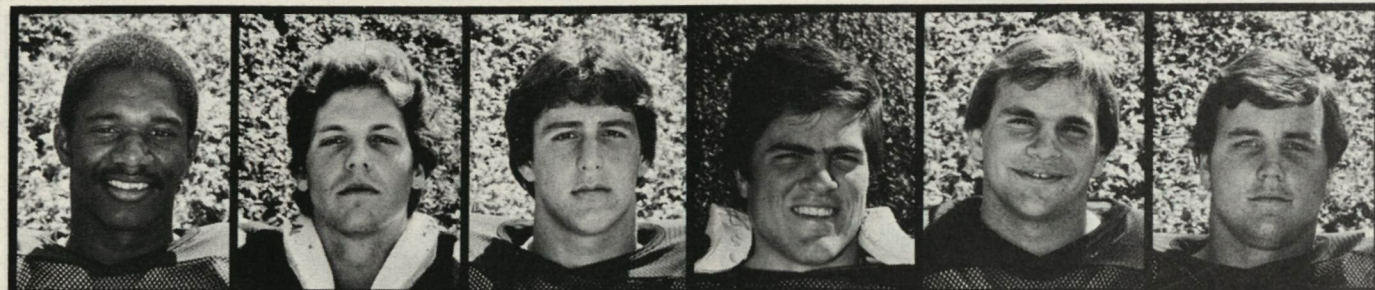
Floyd Layher
Offensive Tackle

Richard Lee
Linebacker

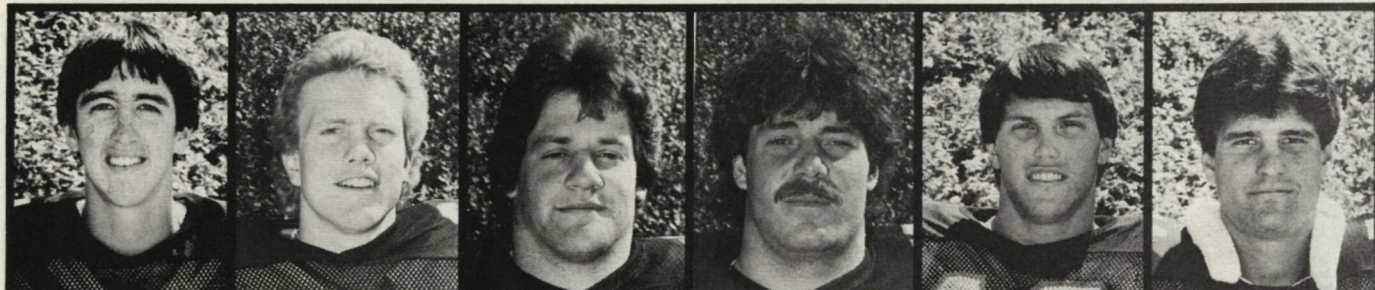
Mark Long
Tight End

S. MacKenzie
Linebacker

TIGERS



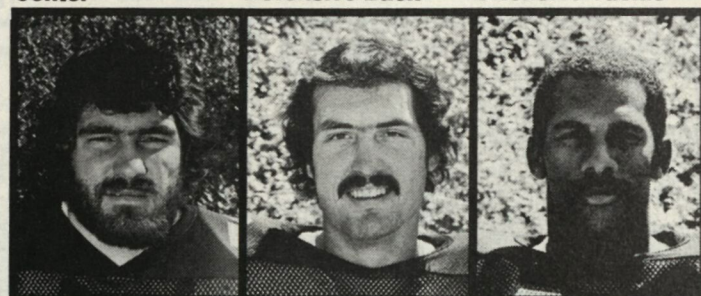
James Mackey Running Back **Seamus Meagher** Defensive Tackle **Steve Michaels** H-Back **Tim O'Keefe** Noseguard **Brad Osborn** H-Back **Greg Pacos** Offensive Guard



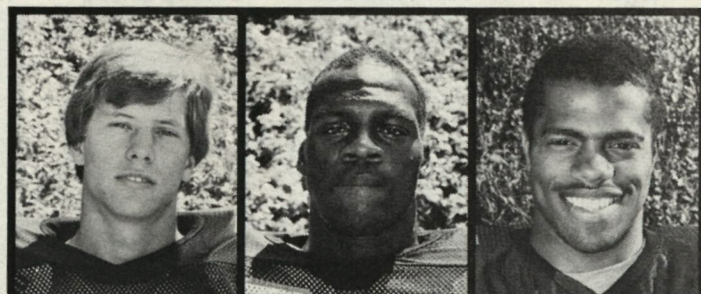
Mike Pitz Quarterback **Ken Rhoads** Defensive Back **Rich Sarris** Defensive End **Jeff Schafer** Center **Bob Shollin** Defensive Back **Wes Sibole** Offensive Tackle



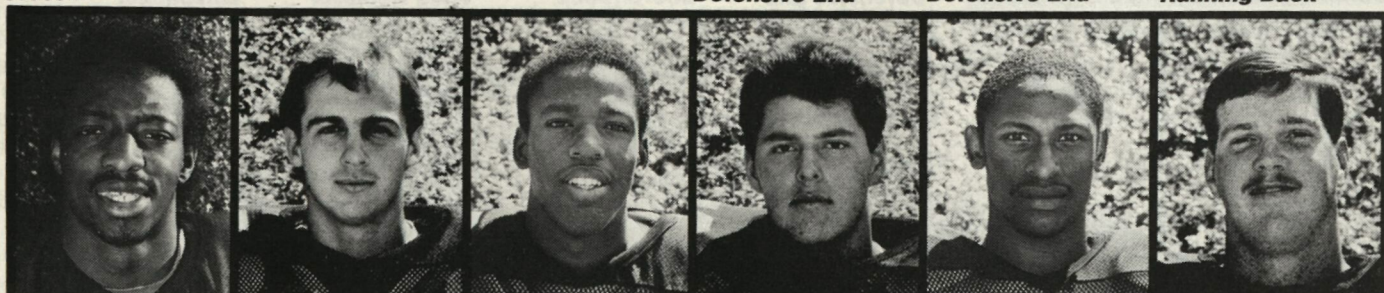
James Mackey was UOP's No. 2 rusher as a freshman last season.



Dan Smith Defensive Tackle **Steve Smith** Offensive Tackle **Andre Stockton** Defensive Back



Joe Taylor Defensive End **Kevin Thompson** Defensive End **Ron Thornton** Running Back



La Shawn Wells Defensive Back **Bill Wolsky** Halfback **Ron Woods** Wide Receiver **Eduardo Yagues** Guard **Michael Young** Defensive Back **Robert Zolg** Center



THE DUCKS' ATHLETIC STAFF

C. William Byrne, Jr., was appointed the sixth director of athletics at the University of Oregon since 1948 on August 20.

Byrne is completing his second year at Oregon. As associate athletic director since October, 1982, Byrne was responsible for Oregon's athletic fund raising, promotions and marketing and ticket operations.

A 1967 graduate of Idaho State University in business administration, Byrne was director of the University of New Mexico Lobo Club (1976-1980) and assistant athletic director for external affairs at San Diego State University (1980-82).

The Duck Athletic Fund's annual drive raised more than \$1.1 million during the 1983-84 athletic year in direct cash and in-kind donations. While at San Diego State, the Aztec Athletic Foundation increased its donations from \$404,000 in Byrne's first year to more than \$750,000 in his third campaign.

Byrne started a statewide fund-raising organization of more than 300 volunteers, started a fund-raising office in the Portland area and established a full-time marketing and promotions operation that spawned the "Quack Attack" marketing campaign.

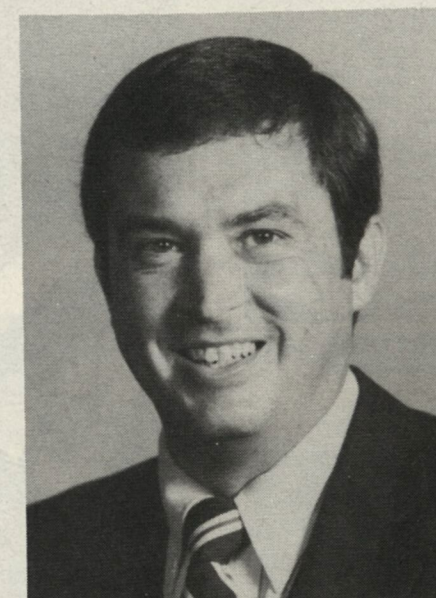
Oregon increased its home football attendance by nearly 7,000 persons per game in 1983, among the best improvements in the nation. The Duck Athletic Fund raised more than \$100,000 toward financing the new OmniTurf at Autzen Stadium.

The other Oregon athletic directors were Leo Harris (1948-67), Len Casanova (1967-70), Norv Ritchey (1971-76), John Caine (1976-81) and Rick Bay (1981-84).

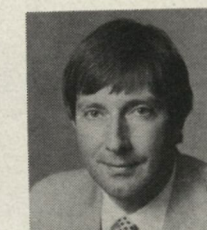
Byrne works closely with a staff that has staged top-flight athletic events at Autzen Stadium, McArthur Court and Hayward Field.

Herb Yamanaka has served the athletic department for 23 years, currently as special assistant for projects such as the Oregon Relays and last spring's NCAA Track and Field Championships. Chris Voelz has been Oregon's top assistant director for women's athletics and head volleyball coach since 1978.

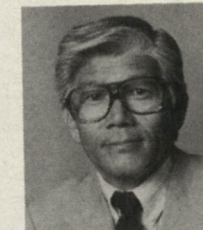
Aiding in Oregon's fund raising efforts are assistant athletic director Sam Baker, back at Oregon after 4½ months at Tennessee; Len Casanova, former football coach for 16 years



Bill Byrne
Director of Athletics



Sam Baker
Assistant Director



Herb Yamanaka
Special Assistant



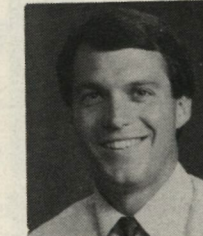
Chris Voelz
Assistant Director



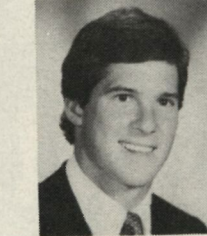
Len Casanova
Emeritus
Athletic Director



Sandy Walton
Business Manager



Jeff Parsons
Marketing Director



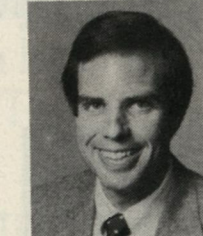
Jeff Mengis
Duck Athletic Fund



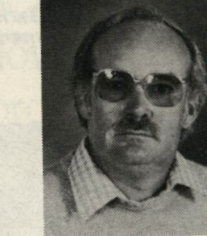
Bill Bryant
Academic Counselor



Hunt Holsapple
Ticket Manager



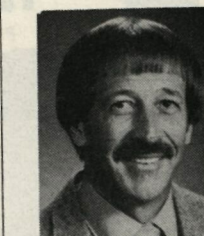
Steve McBride
Events Manager



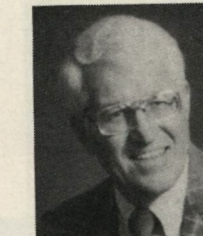
John Yates
Facilities Supervisor



Steve Hellyer
Sports Information



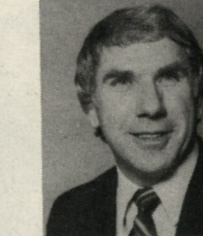
Dean Adams
Head Trainer



Dr. William Lawton
Team Physician



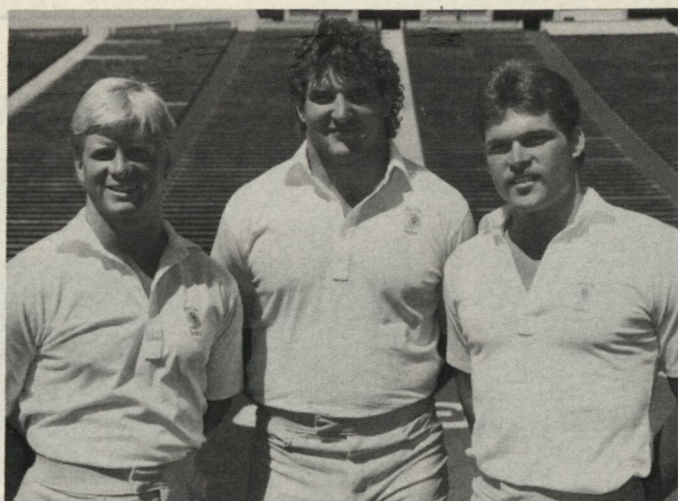
Pat Conrad
Equipment Manager



Don Essig
Public Address

and director of athletics before his retirement in 1970; Jeff Parsons, director of marketing and promo-

tions, and Jeff Mengis, regional director of the Duck Athletic Fund in Portland.



GRADUATE ASSISTANT COACHES — (L-R) Todd Spencer, Beaverton; Scott Shepard, Prineville; Jim Huson, Eugene.



OREGON'S STUDENT MANAGERS — (L-R) Jerry Upshaw, Eugene; Curt Nelson, Oregon City; Ed Garland, Ontario; Bill Gels, Eugene; David Taylor, Portland; Joe Tynsdale, Eugene.



OREGON TRAINERS — Front Row (L-R) Don Gallotte, Brenda Black, Dan Wright, Tom Newberg; Back Row (L-R) Richard DeChellis, Dean Adams, Ed Elder.

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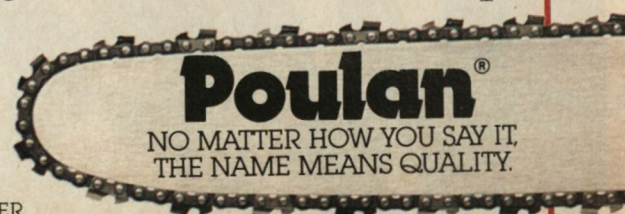
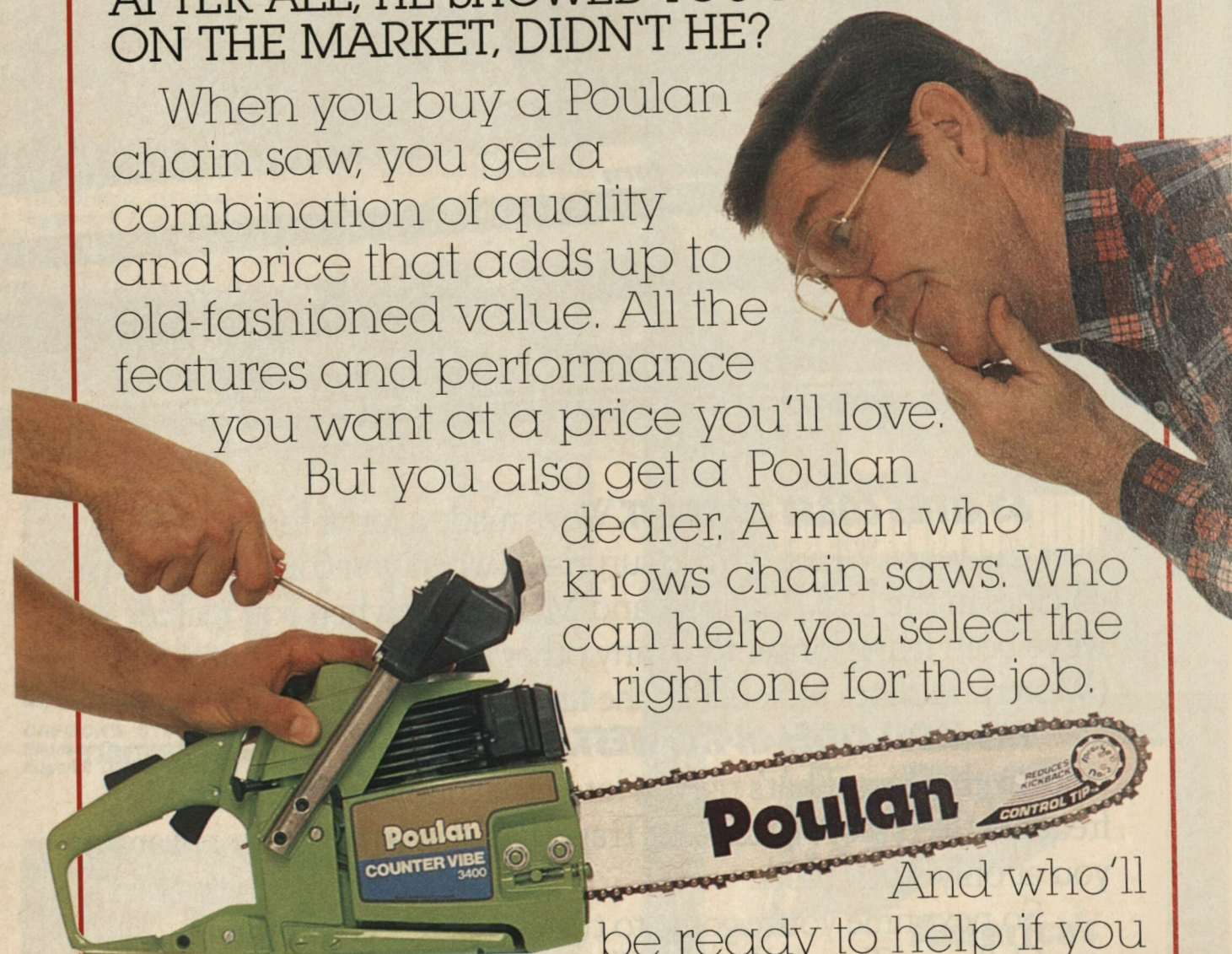
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And who'll be ready to help if you have a problem. In fact, he knows so much about chain saws that, chances are, he can even tell you how to pronounce our name ('Pō-len). See a Poulan dealer today.

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THE PACIFIC-10 CONFERENCE



The Pacific-10 Conference has long had the well-deserved reputation as the strongest, most competitive, and most successful intercollegiate athletic conference in the country. The conference has a long and rich history which backs up that reputation.

The roots of the Pac-10 go back 69 years. On December 2, 1915, the Pacific Coast Conference was founded at a meeting at the Oregon Hotel in Portland. Original membership consisted of four schools — University of California, University of Washington, University of Oregon, and Oregon State College (now Oregon State University).

Pacific Coast Conference play began in 1916. One year later, Washington State was accepted into the PCC and Stanford University joined in 1918.

In 1922, the PCC expanded to eight teams with the admission of University of Southern California and University of Idaho. Montana joined the conference in 1924 and in 1928 the PCC grew to 10 members with the addition of UCLA.

The Pacific Coast Conference competed as a 10-team league until 1950, with the exception of 1943-1945 when World War II somewhat curtailed athletic competition at the university level. In 1950, Montana resigned from the conference to join the Mountain States Conference. The PCC continued as a nine-team conference through 1958.

In 1959, the PCC was dissolved and a new conference was formed called the Athletic Association of Western Universities. Original AAWU membership consisted of California, Stanford, Southern California, UCLA and Washington. Washington State became a member in 1962 with Oregon and Oregon State joining in 1964. In 1968 the name Pacific-8 Conference was adopted.

Ten years later, on July 1, 1978, University of Arizona and Arizona State University were admitted and the Pacific-10 Conference became a reality.

In 1940 the office of Commissioner was established and Edwin N. Atherton was appointed to that position. Atherton served until 1944 and was succeeded by Victor O. Schmidt, who held the position from 1944 through 1958.

Thomas J. Hamilton became Executive Director of the AAWU, later the Pac-8, in 1959 and was succeeded by Wiles Hallock in 1971. Thomas Hansen took over the position in 1983.



PAC-10 RECORD HOLDERS

ALL-TIME INDIVIDUAL RECORDS

(Note: Bowl game performances are included in career records, but not season records.)

SCORING

MOST POINTS:

Game: 36, Dick Dunn (California), vs. Nevada, 1922.
Anthony Davis (USC), vs. Notre Dame, 1972.
Season: 138 (23 TDs), Marcus Allen (USC), 1981.
Career: 318, Charles White (USC), 1976-79.

MOST TOUCHDOWNS:

Game: 6, Dick Dunn (California), vs. Nevada, 1922; Anthony Davis (USC), vs. Notre Dame, 1972.
Season: 23, Marcus Allen (USC), 1981.
Career: 53, Charles White (USC), 1976-79.

MOST PATs:

Game: 12, Chuck Diedrick (WSU), vs. Idaho, 1975.
Season: 60, Efen Herrera (UCLA), 1973 (60-64).
Career: 121, Efen Herrera (UCLA), 1971-73.

MOST PATs ATTEMPTED:

Game: 12, Chuck Diedrick (WSU), vs. Idaho, 1975.
Season: 64, Efen Herrera (UCLA), 1973 (60-64).
Career: 127, Efen Herrera (UCLA), 1971-73.

BEST PAT PERCENTAGE:

Game: 1,000 (12 of 12), Chuck Diedrick (WSU), vs. Idaho, 1975.
Season: (Minimum of 45), 1,000 (45-45), Luis Zendejas (Arizona State), 1981.
Career: 1,000 (38 of 38) Rick Kulaas (Oregon State), 1973-74.

LONGEST FIELD GOAL: 59 yards, Rod Garcia (Stanford), vs. USC, 1973; Mark Harmon (Stanford), vs. Purdue, 1981.

MOST FIELD GOALS:

Game: 5, Luis Zendejas (ASU), vs. Stanford, 1983.
Season: 28, Luis Zendejas (ASU), 1983.
Career: 68, Luis Zendejas (ASU), 1981.

MOST POINTS BY KICKING:

Career: 307, Luis Zendejas (ASU), 1981.

TOTAL OFFENSE

MOST YARDS:

Game: 466, Mike Pagel (Arizona State), vs. Stanford, 1981.
Season: 3,104, John Elway (Stanford), 1982 (3,242 passing, -138 rushing).
Career: 9,070, John Elway (Stanford), 1979-82 (9,349 passing, -279 rushing).

MOST PLAYS, RUSHING AND PASSING:

Game: 66, John Elway (Stanford), vs. Ohio State, 1982.
Season: 481, Steve Dils (Stanford), 1978.
Career: 1,495, John Elway (Stanford), 1979-82.

MOST YARDS PER GAME:

Season: 282.2, John Elway (Stanford), 1982 (3,104 in 11 games).
Career: 255.6, Jim Plunkett (Stanford), 1968-70 (8,178 in 32 games).

MOST TOUCHDOWNS RESPONSIBLE FOR, SCORED AND PASSING:

Game: 7, Mike Pagel (Arizona State), vs. Stanford, 1981.
Season: 33, Mike Pagel (Arizona State), 1981.
Career: 82, John Elway (Stanford), 1979-82.

RUSHING

Longest Run: 99, Terry Baker (OSU), vs. Villanova, 1962 Liberty Bowl.
Regular Season Game: 98, Mark Malone (Arizona State), vs. Utah State, 1979.
Conference Game: 98, Bill Powell (California), vs. OSU, 1951.

MOST YARDS:

Game: 347, Ricky Bell (USC), vs. WSU, 1976.
Season: 2,342, Marcus Allen (USC), 1981.
Career: 6,245, Charles White (USC), 1976-79.

2-Yr

Career: 3,423, O.J. Simpson (USC), 1967-68.

Half:

268, Jerry Drew (California), vs. Oregon State, 1954 (2nd half).

MOST YARDS:

Freshman: 1,069, Darrin Nelson (Stanford), 1977.
Sophomore: 1,291, Charles White (USC), 1977.
Junior: 1,875, Ricky Bell (USC), 1975.
Senior: 2,342, Marcus Allen (USC), 1981.

MOST CARRIES:

Game: 51, Ricky Bell (USC), vs. WSU, 1976.
Season: 403, Marcus Allen (USC), 1981.
Career: 1,147, Charles White (USC), 1976-79.

BEST RUSHING AVERAGE:

Season: 212.9, Marcus Allen (USC), 1981 (2,342 yards in 11 games).
Career: 163.0, O.J. Simpson (USC), 1967-68 (3,423 yards in 21 games).

BEST PLAY AVERAGE:

Game: 25.7, Jerry Drew (California), vs. OSU, 1951 (11 for 283).
Season: (Minimum 40 rushes); 12.2, Jackie Robinson (UCLA), 1939 (42 for 512).
(Minimum 100 rushes): 7.5, Kermit Johnson (UCLA), 1973 (150 for 1,129).
Career: (Minimum 200 rushes): 6.7, Kermit Johnson (UCLA), 1971-73 (370 for 2,495).

MOST SEASONS RUSHED 1,000 YARDS: 3, Anthony Davis (USC), 1972-73-74; Charles White (USC), 1977-78-79; Darrin Nelson (Stanford), 1977-78-81.

FRESHMAN GAINING 1,000 YARDS: 1,069, Darrin Nelson (Stanford), 1977.

MOST TDs BY RUSHING:

Game: 5, Duke Morrison (California), vs. Washington, 1921; Hugh McElhenny (Washington), vs. Washington State, 1950; James Matthews (Washington State), vs. Idaho, 1982.

ALL-PURPOSE RUNNING

MOST YARDS:

Game: 369, Darrin Nelson (Stanford), vs. Washington State, 1980 (202 rushing, 167 receiving).
Season: 2,559, Marcus Allen (USC), 1981 (2,342 rushing, 217 rec.).
Career: 7,226, Charles White (USC), 1976-79 (6,245 rush., 541 rec., 440 KOR).

2-Yr

Career: 4,098, O.J. Simpson (USC), 1967-68.

PASSING

LONGEST SCORING PLAY: 96 yards, Jim Plunkett to Randy Vataha, (Stanford), vs. WSU, 1970.

MOST YARDS:

Game: 466, Mike Pagel (Arizona State), vs. Stanford, 1981.
Season: 3,242, John Elway (Stanford), 1982.
Career: 9,349, John Elway (Stanford), 1979-82.

MOST PASSES ATTEMPTED:

Game: 63, John Elway (Stanford), vs. Ohio State, 1982.
Season: 405, John Elway (Stanford), 1982.
Career: 1,246, John Elway (Stanford), 1979-82.

MOST PASSES COMPLETED:

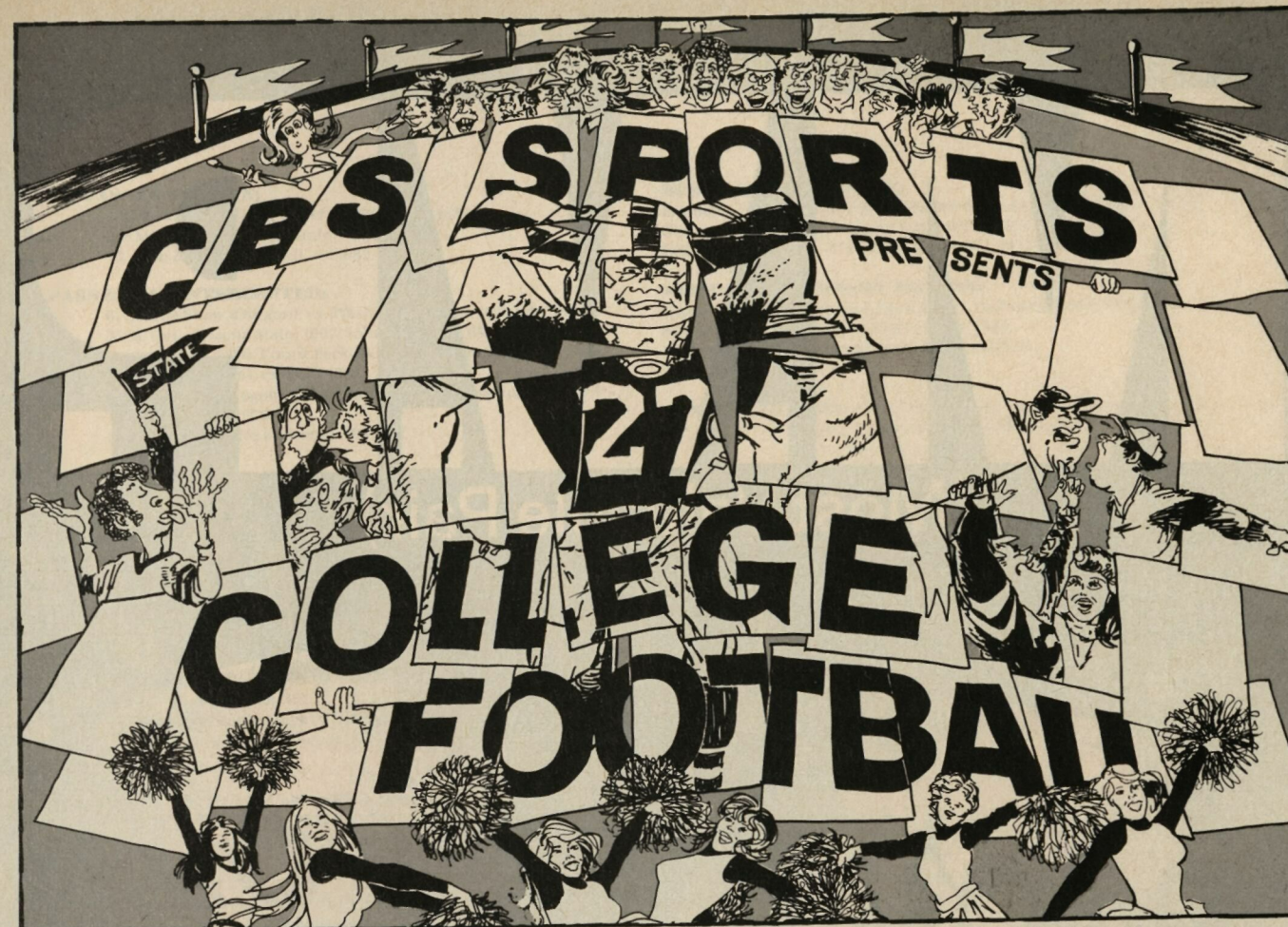
Game: 43 (of 53), Rich Campbell (California), vs. Florida, 1980.
Season: 262 (of 405), John Elway (Stanford), 1982.
Career: 774 (of 1,246), John Elway (Stanford), 1982.

MOST CONSECUTIVE COMPLETIONS: 21, Rich Campbell (California), 1980.

BEST PERCENTAGE:

Game: 1,000 (10 of 10), Steve Endicott (Oregon State), vs. UCLA, 1971.
.941 (16 of 17), Tom Flick (Washington), vs. Arizona, 1980.
.926 (25-27), Rick Neuheisel (UCLA), vs. Washington, 1983.
(Min. 100 atts.) .707 (193 of 273), Rich Campbell (California), 1980.
Career: .645 (599 of 929), Rich Campbell (California), 1977-80.

continued



M.V.P.

(Most Valuable Pair)



PAC-10 RECORD HOLDERS *continued*

MOST TD PASSES THROWN:

Game: 7, Mike Pagel (Arizona State), vs. Stanford, 1981.
Season: 29, Mike Pagel (Arizona State), 1981.
Career: 77, John Elway (Stanford), 1979-82.

MOST PASSES HAD INTERCEPTED:

Game: 6, George Shaw (Oregon), vs. Washington, 1952; Jerry Henderson (WSU), vs. Arizona State, 1967; Sonny Sixkiller (Washington), vs. Oregon State, 1970; Chuck Peck (WSU), vs. California, 1974; Gale Gilbert (California), vs. USC, 1982.
Season: 24, Dan Fouts (Oregon), 1970; Chris Rowland (Washington), 1973; Ty Paine (WSU), 1970.
Career: 56, Tom Tunnicliffe (Arizona), 1980-83.

BEST INTERCEPTION AVOIDANCE, SEASON (Minimum 200 Attempts):

2.08% (5 of 240), Paul McDonald (USC), 1979.

MOST PASSES WITHOUT INTERCEPTION:

143, Paul McDonald (USC), 1979.

PASS RECEIVING

MOST RECEPTIONS:

Game: 14, Vincent White (Stanford), vs. UCLA, 1982; Eric Cross (Stanford), vs. Hawaii, 1972.
Season: 71, Gene Washington (Stanford), 1968.
Career: 223, Darrin Nelson (Stanford), 1977-81.

MOST YARDS:

Game: 289, Wesley Walker (California), vs. San Jose St., 1976.
Season: 1,124, Mike Levenseller (WSU), 1976.
Career: 2,517 (146 receptions), Ken Margerum (Stanford), 1977-80.

MOST TD RECEPTIONS:

Game: 4, Ken Margerum (Stanford), vs. Oregon State, 1980; Jojo Townsell (UCLA), vs. Long Beach State, 1982.
Season: 13, Steve Sweeney (California), 1972.
Career: 32, Ken Margerum (Stanford), 1977-80.

MOST CONSECUTIVE GAMES CATCHING A PASS:

36, Randy Simmrin (USC), 1975-77.

PUNT RETURNS

LONGEST RETURN: 100 yards, Hugh McElhenny (Washington), vs. USC, 1951; Don Guest (California), vs. WSU, 1966.

MOST RETURNS:

Game: 13, Phil Moffat (Stanford), vs. Dartmouth, 1930.
Season: 47, Mike Battle (USC), 1967.
Career: 99, Mike Battle (USC), 1966-68.

MOST YARDS RETURNED:

Game: 162 (4 returns), Mike Garrett (USC), vs. California, 1965.
Season: 570, Mike Battle (USC), 1967.
Career: 1,105 (78 returns), Jake Leicht (Oregon), 1945-47.

BEST RETURN AVERAGE:

Season: 26.2 (10 for 262), Sam Brown (UCLA), 1954.
Career: 18.8, Don Guest (California), 1965-66.

TDs BY PUNT RETURN:

Game: 2, Sam Brown (UCLA), vs. Stanford, 1954; Mike Garrett (USC), vs. California, 1965.
Season: 3, Jim Sears (USC), 1952; Sam Brown (UCLA), 1954; Mark Williams (WSU), 1969; Mark Lee (Washington), 1979.
Career: 4, Sam Brown (UCLA), 1954-55.

KICKOFF RETURNS

Game: 10 (173 yards), Wesley Walker (California), vs. Alabama, 1973.
Season: 32, Ray Taroli (Oregon State), 1971.
Career: 83, Ray Taroli (Oregon State), 1971, 73-74.

MOST YARDS RETURNED:

Game: 218 (3 returns), Anthony Davis (USC), vs. Notre Dame, 1972.
Season: 908, Ray Taroli (Oregon State), 1971.
Career: 2,160, Ray Taroli (Oregon State), 1971, 73-74.

BEST RETURN AVERAGE:

Game: 82.0, Ron Inge (Stanford), vs. Oregon State, (2 for 164).
Season: 42.5, Anthony Davis (USC), 1974.
Career: 34.0, Anthony Davis (USC), 1972-74.

MOST TDs BY KICKOFF RETURN:

Game: 2, Anthony Davis (USC), vs. Notre Dame, 1972.
Season: 3, Anthony Davis (USC), 1974.
Career: 6, Anthony Davis (USC), 1972-74.

LONGEST RETURN: 100 by six different players: First by Ed Solinsky (California), vs. California Aggies, 1937; Last by Jojo Townsell (UCLA), vs. California, 1980. Twice by Anthony Davis (USC), vs. Arkansas and vs. Notre Dame, 1974.

FUMBLES

MOST YARDS RETURNED:

Game: 99, Jim Smith (Oregon), vs. Oregon State, 1949; Charles Phillips (USC), vs. Iowa, 1974.

INTERCEPTIONS

LONGEST INTERCEPTION RETURN: 100 yards, Jim Jurkovich (California), vs. USC, 1940; Jimmy Allen (UCLA), vs. California, 1973.

MOST INTERCEPTIONS:

Game: 4, Shy Huntington (Oregon), vs. Penn, 1917 Rose Bowl; Bobby Grayson (Stanford), vs. Washington, 1934; Adrian Young (USC), vs. Notre Dame, 1967; Al Worley (Washington), vs. Idaho, 1968; Steve Brown (OSU), vs. Stanford, 1971; Herman Edwards (California), vs. WSU, 1974.
Season: 14, Al Worley (Washington), 1968.
Career: 20, Artimus Parker (USC), 1971-73 and Phil Moffat (Stanford), 1929-31.

MOST YARDS RETURNED INTERCEPTIONS:

Game: 181, Charles Phillips (USC), 1974 (2 interceptions).
Season: 302, Charles Phillips (USC), 1974 (7 interceptions).
Career: 365, Charles Phillips (USC), 1972-74.

INTERCEPTIONS RETURNED FOR TDs:

Game: 2, Bobby Grayson (Stanford), vs. Washington, 1934; Jim Psaltis (USC), vs. WSU, 1952; Charles Phillips (USC), vs. Iowa, 1974; Brian Baggot (UCLA), vs. California, 1978.
Season: 3, Charles Phillips (USC), 1974.
Career: 4, Randy Robbins (Arizona), 1980-83.

PUNTING

LONGEST PUNT: 85 yards, Ernie Zampese (USC), vs. Wisconsin, 1956.

BEST AVERAGE:

Game: 58.0, Kirk Wilson (UCLA), vs. Kansas, 1956.
Season: 49.3 (30 for 1,479), Kirk Wilson (UCLA), 1956.
Career: 44.6 (77 for 3,432), Kirk Wilson (UCLA), 1956-58.

MOST PUNTS:

Game: 17, Leo Ziel (Washington), vs. California, 1923.
Season: 94, John Misko (OSU), 1978.
Career: 217, Gavin Hedrick (WSU), 1974-77.

MOST YARDS PUNTED:

Game: 573, Mike Monahan (WSU), vs. Stanford, 1969.
Season: 3,637, John Misko (OSU), 1978.
Career: 9,409, Gavin Hedrick (WSU), 1974-77.

HAD BLOCKED, SEASON: 4, Bob Dunn (Washington), 1953.

LONGEST RUN WITH BLOCKED PUNT: 76 yards, Orrie Robbins (Oregon State), vs. USC, 1927.

MOST TDs BY BLOCKED PUNT: 2, Robert Gaines (Washington), vs. Stanford, 1975.



PAC-10 MEMBERS OF THE COLLEGE FOOTBALL HALL OF FAME



Victor Markov



Vic Bottari

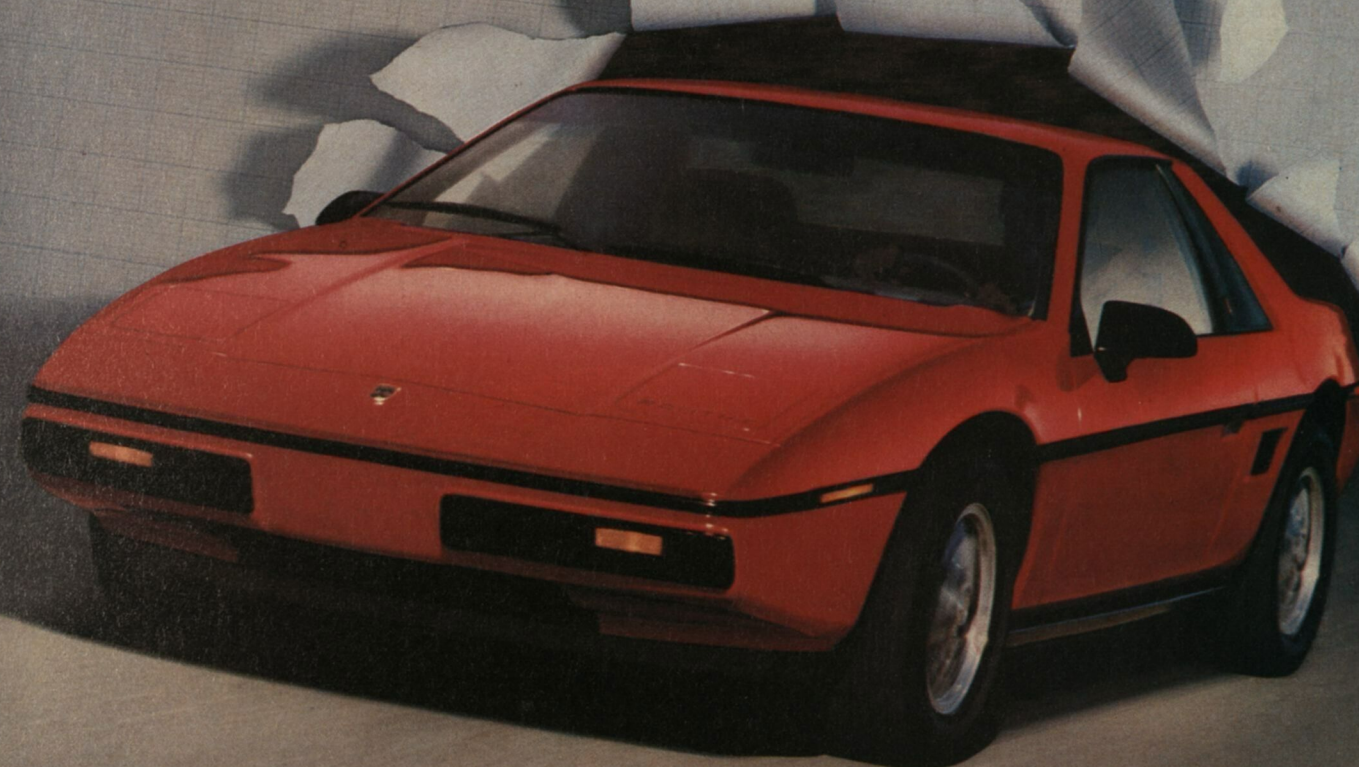


Irvine "Cotton" Warburton

Player	School	Pos.	Years Played	Year Inducted	Player	School	Pos.	Years Played	Year Inducted
Frank C. Albert	Stanford	QB	1939-41	1956	Jack Jensen	California	FB	1946-48	1983
Terry Baker	Oregon State	QB	1960-62	1982	Morton Kaer	USC	HB	1923-26	1972
Stanley N. Barnes	California	C, E	1918-21	1954	John Kitzmiller	Oregon	HB	1928-30	1969
John W. Beckett	Oregon	T	1913-16	1972	Victor Markov	Washington	T	1935-37	1976
Vic Bottari	California	HB	1936-38	1981	William McColl	Stanford	E	1949-51	1973
Raymond Brown	USC	T	1930-32	1980	Hugh McElhenny	Washington	HB	1950-51	1981
Charles O. Carroll	Washington	HB	1926-28	1964	Dan A. McMillan	USC	T	1916-17	1971
Sam Chapman	California	HB	1935-37	1983		California	T	1919-22	
William Corbus	Stanford	G	1931-33	1957	Donn D. Moomaw	UCLA	LB	1950-52	1973
Morley Drury	USC	QB	1925-27	1954	Harold Muller	California	E	1920-22	1951
Glen Edwards	Washington State	T	1929-31	1975	Ernest A. Nevers	Stanford	FB	1923-25	1951
Thomas Fears	UCLA	E	1946-47	1976	Erny Pinckert	USC	HB	1929-31	1957
John Ferraro	USC	T	1943-44	1974	Robert Reynolds	Stanford	T	1933-35	1961
			1946-47		Les Richter	California	G	1949-51	1982
Rodney T. Franz	California	G	1946-49	1977	Aaron Rosenberg	USC	G	1931-33	1966
Hugh H. Gallarneau	Stanford	HB	1938-40	1982	Paul Schwegler	Washington	T	1929-31	1967
Frank N. Gifford	USC	HB	1949-51	1975	Ernest Smith	USC	T	1930-32	1970
Walter A. Gordon	California	T	1916-18	1975	Harry Smith	USC	G	1937-39	1955
Robert Grayson	Stanford	FB	1933-35	1955	Chuck Taylor	Stanford	G	1940-42	1983
Robert A. Hamilton	Stanford	HB	1933-35	1972	Norman Van Brocklin	Oregon	QB	1947-48	1966
Melvin Hein	Washington State	C	1928-30	1954	Irvine Warburton	USC	QB	1932-34	1975
Robert J. Herwig	California	C	1935-37	1964	Kenneth Washington	UCLA	HB	1937-39	1956
Edwin Horrell	California	C	1922-24	1969	George S. Wilson	Washington	HB	1923-25	1951

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ROAD & TRACK September 1983
Fiero prices start at just \$7,999* Even at \$8,499* (Fiero Sport Coupe shown). Fiero takes its rightful place among the great cars of the world. The mid-engine Pontiac Fiero: practical, durable, economical* and flat-out exciting—only from Pontiac!

*Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Price including dealer prep. Taxes, license, destination charges and optional equipment additional. Fiero Sport Coupe (shown), with WS6 perf. pkg. — \$463 additional. *Pontiac Fiero Sport Coupe offers an EPA EST MPG of 26* and a highway estimate of 40. Use estimated MPG for comparisons. Your mileage may differ depending on speed, distance, weather. Actual highway mileage lower.

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THERE'S NEW FIRE AT FIRESTONE.

So you think college football is a rough, tough game?

You're right, it certainly is, but how about all those athletes who played the great American game during the first 70 years — the "60-minute men."

Now that was really rough and tough football and it challenged an athlete's

stamina as much as his skills. The college football players of the "good ol' days" played both offense and defense and were in the game from the opening kickoff to the final gun.

Unlike the game today in which 11 fresh players trot onto the field whenever the ball goes from one team to the other, football in the old days was played with just 11 men.

For most of college football's 115 years, the "60-minute men" dominated the sport, and it wasn't until 1941, when the free-substitution rule was adopted, that there were full units of specialists for offense and defense.

It was a mark of courage, toughness and durability to play the entire game in the old days and the entire game actually was 90 minutes instead of 60 because the halves were 45 minutes, not 30.

Substitutions were rare (most often there were just 15 players on a team — 11 regulars and four substitutes) and a substitute could only enter the game when there was an injury.

On occasion, however, a tiring player would be asked by his coach or captain to feign an injury in order to get a fresh player in the lineup.

Force was the name of the game and the flying wedge was one of the most popular plays.

One wonders how long college football would have survived as a college sport had not President Theodore Roosevelt intervened in the early 1900s in the interests of safety and less brutal play.

The story is told that Roosevelt reacted in rage after seeing a photograph of an injured Swarthmore player who had been the object of some particularly rough play on the part of Pennsylvania.

The sight of Bob Maxwell staggering off the field caused Roosevelt to issue an ultimatum to the football fathers of the day:

"Clean up the game or it'll be banned by presidential edict."

60 THE -MINUTE MEN

by Wayne DeNeff,
The Ann Arbor News

Led by Walter Camp, often called "The Father of Football," the college football people reacted quickly to Roosevelt's demand.

Here are some of the changes instituted:

- Forward passing was legalized, making the game more a game of skill.
- Mass interference plays were eliminated.

- A neutral zone was established at the line of scrimmage.

- The yardage for a first down was increased from five yards to 10 yards.

So the game started to change from a pushing and shoving match to a game of skills in which a knack for throwing and catching the ball was as important as wrestling an opponent in a mass of bodies.

And legalization of the forward pass created the glamour boy of football — the quarterback.

Who were some of the great 60-minute football players?

Almost every outstanding football player from the birth of the game in 1869 to the free-substitution rule of 1941—Walter Camp, Pudge Heffelfinger, Knute Rockne, Red Grange, Jim Thorpe, Bronco Nagurski, Ernie Nevers, Alonzo Stagg, Frank Hinkey, Willie Heston, Chic Harley, and the list could go on and on.

The rules makers added three little words that made all the difference in the world:

A substitute could enter the game "at any time."

Previously, a player could not re-enter the game during the period in which he had left.

There are times in athletics when an innocent rule revision results in revolutionary changes of the sport itself. All it takes is some ingenuity on the part of the coaches.

And ingenuity, plus necessity, was

there on Oct. 13, 1945, when the era of "60-minute man" finally came to an end.

On that date, Michigan was scheduled to play one of the greatest Army teams of all time, led by Mr. Inside and Mr. Outside, Glenn Davis and Doc Blanchard.

It was during World War II. Some of the Army players were 22 and 23 years

old, while Michigan Coach Fritz Crisler was fielding a team of 17- and 18-year-old freshmen. Most of the older players had been drafted into military service.

The week of the game, New York sportswriters were calling Crisler's team "The Fuzz Kids" and the Cadets were solid five-touchdown favorites.

Crisler figured there was no way he was going to defeat Army with his best 11 against Army's best 11, but his idea, developed during a week of practice, was to have one Michigan unit for offense and one unit for defense.

It marked the beginning of two-platoon football.

Instead of 11 against 11, it would be something like 22 Wolverines against 11 Cadets.

"When you have a dime and the other guy has \$1,000," said Crisler, "it's time to gamble."

The 70,000 spectators in Yankee Stadium on that mid-October day looked on in amazement as a whole new group of Wolverines entered the game when Michigan took over the ball, and another new group entered when the Wolverines went on defense.

Army scored the first two touchdowns to take a 14-0 lead but the college football world was shocked when Michigan became the first team to score on Army that season and the lead was trimmed to 14-7.

The harried Cadets finally scored twice in the fourth quarter for a 28-7 victory, but Michigan's amazing Wolverines were the talk of college football that fall.

Crisler's phone was ringing off the hook the rest of that season as coaches and sportswriters sought more information on the revolutionary way of playing the game.

"Our only hope was to keep fresh players in the game and play our best tacklers on one unit and our best runners and blockers on the other unit," said Crisler.

On that day the "60-minute man" had passed into oblivion.

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Michigan went to the first Rose Bowl in 1902, vs. Stanford.



FAMOUS FIRSTS IN FOOTBALL

— The first time a football with a rubber covering was used in a major college game was on October 13, 1951, at Grant Field in Atlanta, Georgia. Georgia Tech beat Louisiana State 25-7 in that game.

— The first football book was *American Football*, written by Walter "Father of American Football" Camp in 1891. It contained 175 pages with 31 portraits.

— The first football club was the Oneida Football Club, organized in 1862 at Epes Sargent Dixwell's School in Boston, Massachusetts. Members played all challengers from 1862-65. The club was never defeated and its goal line was never crossed.

— The first intercollegiate football association was the Intercollegiate Football Association organized in Springfield, Massachusetts, with Columbia, Harvard and Princeton as its charter members (Rutgers and Yale joined later). The Association standardized the number of men on the field—15—and the area of the field—140 by 70 yards.

— The first football dummy used for tackling practice was designed by Coach Amos Alonzo Stagg at Yale in the fall of 1889. He used an old gymnasium mat.

— The first all-star football game was organized by Chicago Tribune Charities, Inc., a non-profit organization, and was played on August 31, 1934 at Soldier Field, Chicago. The Chicago Bears, coached by George Halas, played the College All-Stars, coached by Noble Kizer of Purdue. The score was 0-0.

— The first Army-Navy game was played on November 29, 1890 at West Point, New York. Navy beat Army, 24-0.

— The first football game to be played at night occurred on September 29, 1892 at the Mansfield Fair, Pennsylvania. The opponents, Mansfield Teachers College and Wyoming Seminary, played under 20 electric lights of 2,000 candlepower. Neither team scored in the game, which lasted 70 minutes and consisted of only one half.

— The first college football game played in the United States and broadcast by radio in England involved Yale and Harvard. Harvard won, 13-0.

— The first game to attract 100,000 fans was played at Memorial Stadium at the University of California, Berkeley on Novem-

ber 22, 1924. Both the Bears and Stanford were undefeated coming into the game, which ended in a 20-20 score. The stadium held 76,000, while 24,000 more fans watched from "Tight Wad" hill near the stadium.

— The first indoor college game pitted Springfield Massachusetts Young Men's Christian Association against the Yale Consolidated Team, which included five Yale varsity players. It was played at the end of the 1891 season as part of a three-day winter carnival at Madison Square Garden, New York. The score was 16-10 in Yale's favor.

— The first intercollegiate football championship was won in the fall of 1876 by Yale, which played and beat Columbia, Harvard and Princeton.

— The first international college football game was played on December 6, 1873 at New Haven, Connecticut. Yale beat Eton, England two goals to one.

— The first goal post was used in a game between McGill University of Canada and Harvard, at Cambridge, Massachusetts, on May 14, 1874. Also at that game, admission was charged for the first time at a college sports event. (The proceeds were used to entertain the McGill team.)

— The first player to score 50 points in one game was Clark Hinkle of Bucknell University, Pennsylvania on November 28, 1929 vs. Dickinson College, Pennsylvania. Hinkle made eight touchdowns and two extra points. Bucknell won, 78-0.

— The first team to score more than 750 points in a season was Harvard, in 1886. The team made 765 points in 14 games; it won 12, lost two.

— The first midwestern team to play on the Pacific Coast was the University of Chicago, on December 25, 1884 vs. Stanford. The score was 24-4, Chicago.

— The first Rose Bowl game was played in 1902, matching up Michigan and Stanford.

— The first time two teams wore uniforms was on November 13, 1875 at a New Haven, Connecticut game between Yale and Harvard.

— The first time uniform numbers were worn was on December 5, 1880. The teams were the University of Pittsburgh and Washington & Jefferson University.



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When we say "Quality is Job 1" it's more than just



THE ROLE OF THE CONFERENCE COMMISSIONER

by Ron Maly,
Des Moines Register

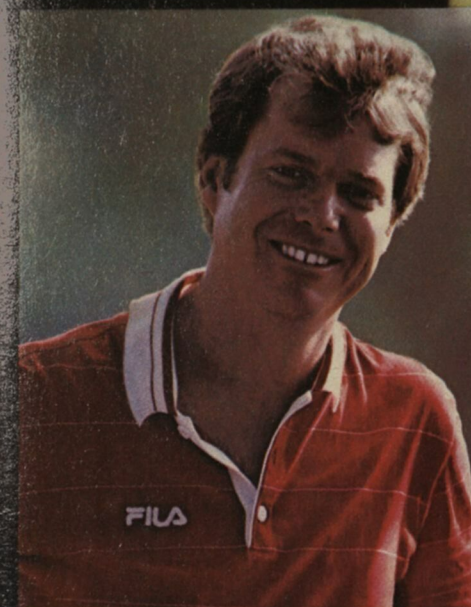
If the assignment was to write a classified ad for the job of commissioner of an athletic conference, the listing might go something like this:

WANTED: Intelligent, mature person for commissioner. Must be skilled in public relations, dealing with people, rules interpretation and eligibility. Should have a thorough knowledge of the television industry. Law back-

ground helpful. Those who are fans of a particular team need not apply. Should be prepared to work long hours, seven-day week possible. Be on call at all hours. Salary open.

Yes, it takes a talented, well-rounded, thick-skinned person to be a conference commissioner these days. Gone is the time when someone who had been a coach or athletic director was simply

continued



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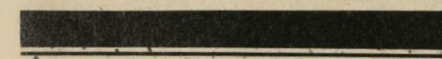
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CONFERENCE COMMISSIONER

continued



"kicked upstairs" and could be a good ol' boy commissioner who showed up every Saturday in the fall at a different football stadium and at the conference meeting in the spring.

"I was the youngest commissioner in the nation when I started in the Big Eight Conference at age 34," says Wayne Duke of the Big Ten. "I thought I knew all the answers, but found out I didn't know half the questions."

Managing and maintaining peace in a conference is often rewarding, often frustrating in the ever-changing world of collegiate athletics. Indeed, because so many decisions are made in the courtroom these days, a law degree might be helpful. And with television's megabucks being such an integral part of the sports scene, a commissioner had better know about such things as ratings, markets and contracts, and be on a first-name basis with network executives.

"The role of commissioner has expanded considerably in recent years," says Dick Martin of the Missouri Valley Conference. "A commissioner must be involved with TV, promotion and marketing much more now. Frankly, much of my time is spent on TV."

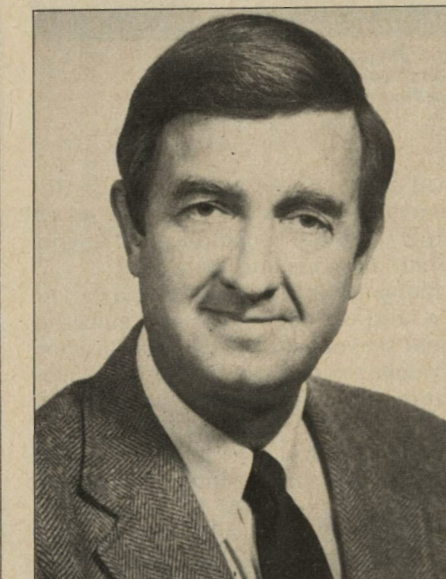
"Then there are such things as eligibility and enforcement, which are very important. There are more issues today, such as financial pressures on institutions."

Martin served in various athletic capacities to prepare himself to be a commissioner. He was a high school and college football coach, a college athletic director and was a Big Eight administrator.

Duke didn't coach and wasn't an athletic director, but came from a public relations background to work for the National Collegiate Athletic Association



Patty Viverito
Commissioner — Gateway Collegiate Athletic Conference



Dick Martin
Commissioner
Missouri Valley Conference

tion and was commissioner of the Big Eight before going to the Big Ten.

One thing Duke, or any other commissioner, can't be is a fan.

"I'm not an Iowa Hawkeye, a Michigan Wolverine or a Wisconsin Badger," says Duke. "I'm all those people. Everyone must realize that what a commissioner does is for the common good."

"I actually consider myself a very private person, but as commissioner of the

Big Ten I feel I'm working in a fishbowl. We're sitting in a very large geographical base, which means we have a large number of followers, as well as some critics.

"Even though I'm a sensitive person, I can accept the criticism of people if they know what we as a conference are doing is for the good of all 10 teams."

Duke feels commissioners are often given too much credit when something good happens and too much blame when something not so good happens.

"We have a lot of influence at such things as NCAA meetings, but have different roles," Duke commented. "I hope people respect me for what I say. But I feel I don't carry any more weight than the commissioner of any other conference."

Duke is in charge of a conference office that employs 18 persons. The Big Ten, with its lucrative Rose bowl contract and its ability to put an unusual number of teams in other bowl games and national basketball tournaments, is viewed with envy around the country.

Although Duke won't say so, much of the reason the Big Ten has fared so well in those areas is because of him and his years of experience in working with influential persons at the national level.

By the same token, there also may be a "backlash" effect in other leagues because of the success the Big Ten has

continued

CONFERENCE COMMISSIONER

continued

had.

"I know my job is much more complex than it was years ago," said Duke. "In the old days, a football man might be moved upstairs to the conference office to assign officials for games, and that was about all there was to his job."

Fred Jacoby was commissioner of the Mid-American Conference from 1971-82, and has been in charge of the Southwest Conference ever since.

"My feeling is that a conference office has two functions—service and regulation," says Jacoby, who adds that his job is "on my mind seven days a week."

Jacoby wishes he had more time to digest all the things there are to read in regard to his job. He spends a considerable amount of time talking on the telephone about rules and the interpretation of them. Every night he takes home a briefcase filled with materials he hasn't had time to deal with in his office.

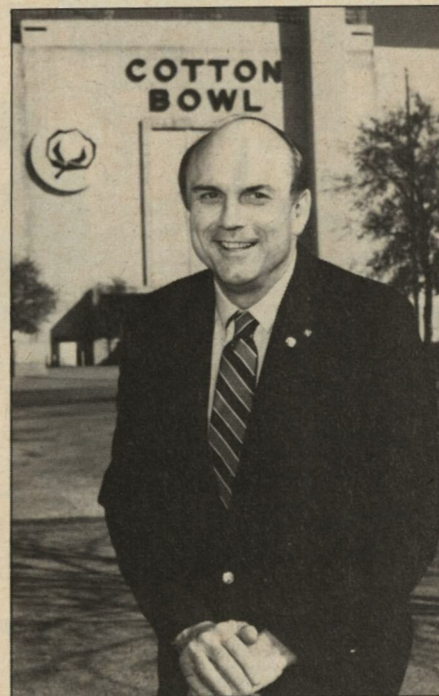
"We have nine men's sports and eight women's sports in the Southwest Conference," Jacoby said, "and financing is a very big item. We make money from football, TV, the conference post-season basketball tournament and a little from baseball in men's sports, but the women have no sports in which receipts exceed expenses."

Because Jacoby spent many years as a coach, he admits having a "sensitivity to coaches and the recruiting process. It would help to have a law background so you could understand the legal process," he said. "The job is more difficult than it was in the 1970s because of so many legal matters."

"But I think those of us who have a background in coaching have an advantage in being a commissioner. I can relate to the coach's position."

Jacoby said the most dramatic change in the commissioner's job has been the growth of women's programs. He feels there are more rewards than frustrations on the job "because there's so much variety."

Variety is something Tom Hansen of the Pac-10 is used to. Hansen, who has been executive director of the Pac-10 since August of 1983, spent 15 years on the staff of the National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) where he was involved in all facets of the administration of intercollegiate athletics. As



Fred Jacoby
Commissioner —
Southwest Conference

head of the NCAA Communication Department he directed, among other things, all the Association's activities in public relations and marketing.

Hansen's appointment at the Pac-10 is a kind of "coming home," since he spent six years in the 1960s as director of public relations for the Athletic Association of Western Universities — the forerunner of the Pacific-10 Conference.

"I have found that being executive director or commissioner of a major conference is one of the most challenging and invigorating positions in the world of athletic administration," said Hansen. "The primary charge is to provide service and leadership to the member institutions of the conference. But there are many publics to be served. While we are primarily concerned with the administration of athletic programs, it must be remembered that these programs fall within the larger context of higher education, in the case of the Pac-10 some of the country's foremost institutions of higher learning. You also are operating in the very real world of business, and in this day and age, a solid grasp of both fiscal and legal matters are a necessity. All of this is

done under the glare of considerable attention. In short, you wear many hats."

Steve Hatchell, commissioner of the Metropolitan Intercollegiate Athletic Conference, commonly called the Metro, would like to be a fan, but knows he can't.

"You go to a game and cheer for the guys wearing the black and white shirts—the officials," said Hatchell. "You hope they make all the right calls."

The Metro is primarily a basketball conference, but all the schools play football on an independent basis. In a way, it surprised Hatchell that he was picked for the job last year.

"At my age (36), I didn't think there would be much opportunity to be a commissioner," said Hatchell, who was in the Big Eight office at the time. "But the Metro expressed an interest in me, and I pursued the job."

Patty Viverito took office as the first commissioner of the women's Gateway Collegiate Athletic Conference two years ago, and calls it a "fun job — the most rewarding I've ever had."

Viverito studied marketing in college, worked as a sales representative, went back to college to study sports management and calls herself a "frustrated jock."

"You serve as a mediator," she says. "We have 10 schools and nine sports. At national meetings, women are starting to be noticed. When those running the meetings see five or six skirts in the room, they say, 'Well, now, how will this ruling concern women?' It used to be that women weren't really heard from."

The biggest change for Lou McCullough, commissioner of the Trans-America Conference — primarily a basketball league — is that now he is responsible for 10 teams instead of one. Before going to the Trans-America, he was the athletic director at Iowa State.

"We're a small conference," said McCullough, "and money is our big problem."

Ken Free is commissioner of the Mid-eastern Athletic Conference. He thinks commissioners must be marketing experts more than in the past. "You have to be a super-salesman," Free said, "in order to bring in the needed revenue."

Free said much of his job entails "making sure our schools play by the rules and continue in the pursuit of excellence."



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THE MAXWELL AWARD



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Founded in 1937, the primary goal of the Maxwell Football Club has never changed. That goal is to foster and promote the game of football in the name of Robert "Tiny" Maxwell, a man whose many qualities as an All-America football player (University of Chicago, 1902; Swarthmore, 1904-05), a respected and dedicated football official, and as a noted sports editor and humorist endeared him to football fans throughout the country.

The Maxwell Club organizes numerous activities annually to enhance the sport of football. These activities include sponsorship of an athletic injury clinic for area coaches and trainers, as well as financial support for sports medicine clinics at the University of Pennsylvania and Temple

University.

Perhaps the Maxwell Club's most important function is the financing, through membership fees and donations, of an awards program which is conducted during the football season. Weekly luncheons honor outstanding high school and college athletes and provide a public forum for local fans and speakers of national note.

The Maxwell Club has also given financial support to the Philadelphia City All-Star Football Game, the Philadelphia Eagles "Fly for Leukemia" campaign and to national studies on protective equipment; specifically, studies concerning improvement of football shoes and helmets.

Each year the Maxwell Club presents the Maxwell Trophy to the nation's out-

standing college player. The selection process begins with a nominating ballot which is sent to members, media representatives and former Maxwell Award winners. Each person nominates three players and the ballots are forwarded to the Maxwell Club executive committee. Using the ballots along with players' season statistics and accomplishments, the committee narrows the field to three to five names. Then the Club board of governors makes the final selection.

The Club also sponsors the Bert Bell Award honoring the outstanding professional football player of the year.

MAXWELL AWARD RECIPIENTS

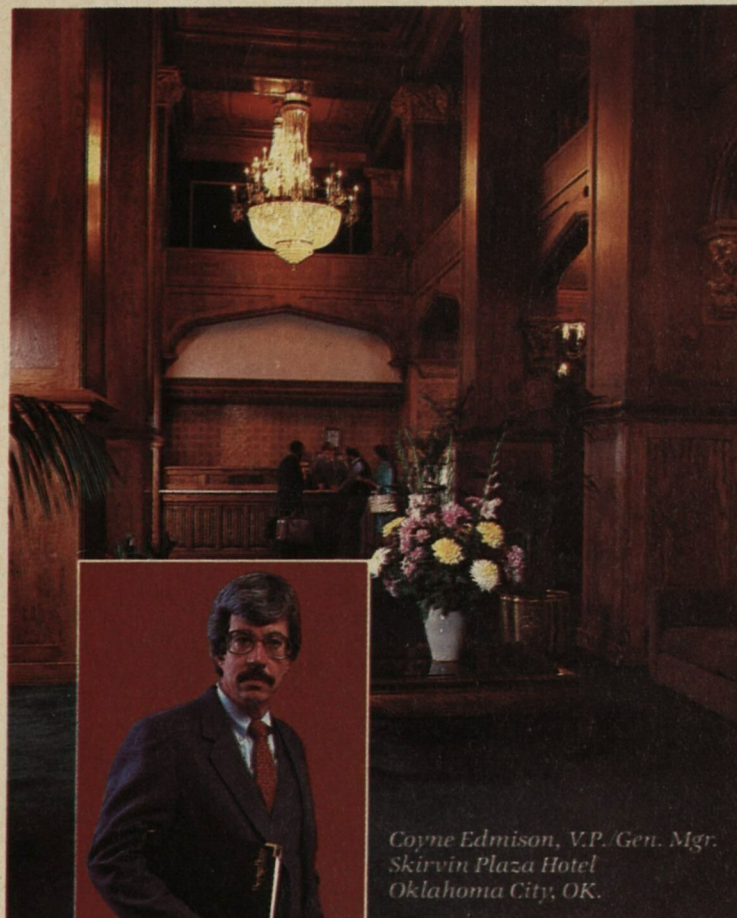
1937—Clinton E. Frank Yale University
 1938—David O'Brien Texas Christian University
 1939—Nile Clarke Kinnick, Jr. University of Iowa
 1940—Tom Harmon University of Michigan
 1941—William McGarvey Dudley University of Virginia
 1942—Paul Vincent Governali Columbia University
 1943—Robert H. Odell University of Pennsylvania
 1944—Glen W. Davis United States Military Academy
 1945—Felix A. Blanchard United States Military Academy
 1946—Charles Trippi University of Georgia
 1947—Ewell Doak Walker Southern Methodist University
 1948—Charles Philip Bednarik University of Pennsylvania
 1949—Leon Joseph Hart University of Notre Dame
 1950—Francis James Bagnell University of Pennsylvania
 1951—Richard W. Kazmaier Princeton University
 1952—John Lattner University of Notre Dame
 1953—John Lattner University of Notre Dame
 1954—Ronald Gerald Beagle United States Naval Academy
 1955—Howard Cassady Ohio State University
 1956—Thomas F. McDonald University of Oklahoma
 1957—Robert Harland Reifsnyder United States Naval Academy
 1958—Peter M. Dawkins United States Military Academy
 1959—Richard John Lucas Pennsylvania State University

1960—Joseph Michael Bellino United States Naval Academy
 1961—Robert Eugene Ferguson Ohio State University
 1962—Terry Wayne Baker Oregon State University
 1963—Roger Thomas Staubach United States Naval Academy
 1964—Glenn Ressler Pennsylvania State University
 1965—Tommy Henry Nobis, Jr. University of Texas
 1966—James Robert Lynch University of Notre Dame
 1967—Gary Joseph Beban University of California at Los Angeles
 1968—Orenthal James Simpson University of Southern California
 1969—Mike Reid Pennsylvania State University
 1970—Jim Plunkett Stanford University
 1971—Ed Marinaro Cornell University
 1972—Brad Van Pelt Michigan State University
 1973—John Cappelletti Pennsylvania State University
 1974—Steve Joachim Temple University
 1975—Archie Griffin Ohio State University
 1976—Anthony Dorsett University of Pittsburgh
 1977—Ross Browner University of Notre Dame
 1978—Chuck Fusina Pennsylvania State University
 1979—Charles White University of Southern California
 1980—Hugh Green University of Pittsburgh
 1981—Marcus Allen University of Southern California
 1982—Herschel Walker University of Georgia
 1983—Mike Rozier University of Nebraska

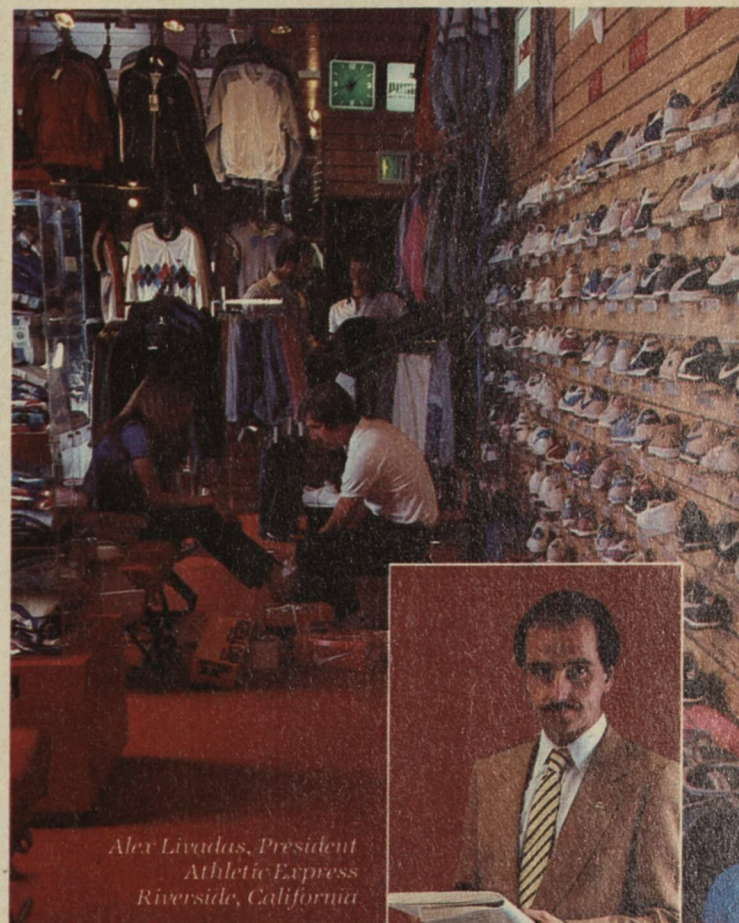


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THE 1964 ALL-AMERICAS:

Where are They Now?



Gale Sayers of Kansas has been referred to as the most feared breakaway runner of all time.

by Gene Collier, Pittsburgh Post-Gazette

Coming from Dick Butkus, the fearsome and fearless Hall of Fame linebacker, the following admission of fear was filled with irony.

Here was a middle linebacker whose brutality glorified his position and whose menace made offenses fidget. He'd met every foe with the glare of a grizzly and the disquieting sight of thick forearms forever caked with the obligatory mud and blood. Yet in a recent conversation, Dick Butkus uttered a sentence that had genuine fear in it.

"They put us up against Dallas," he sighed. "It was a very tough situation."

The "Dallas" Dick Butkus spoke of with such apprehension is your Friday prime-time Dallas — J.R. and Sue Ellen and Cliff Barnes and all that oily money and all those Nielsen points. It was more than enough to bring about the cancellation of a show called "Blue Thunder," which starred a certain former University of Illinois and Chicago Bear linebacker — Dick Butkus himself.

"Our ratings started to come up a

little at the end," Butkus said. "But it was too late."

Twenty years ago it was a lot simpler. Twenty years ago, if Dick Butkus had had a problem with Larry Hagman and those other hobnobbers, he'd just have decked them. Twenty years ago, Dick Butkus was a part of the collective omnipotence of a remarkable assemblage of talent known as the 1964 All-

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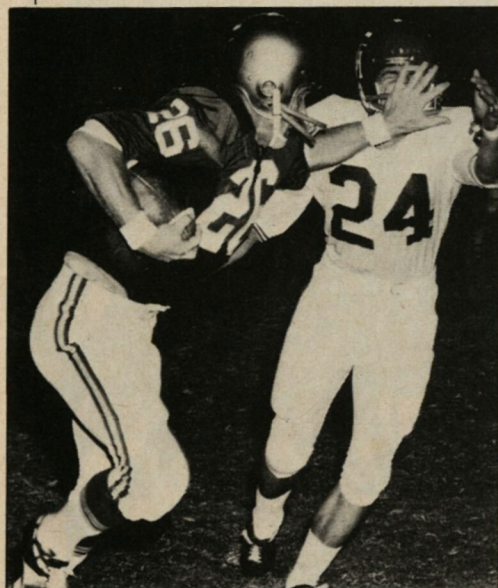
THE 1964-ALL AMERICAS

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Americas.

Gale Sayers and Fred Biletnikoff and Jack Snow and Tucker Frederickson and Ralph Neely were among them as well, and while each of those players impacted the professional game and are success stories in other disciplines today, none has remained so visible as Butkus.

We watched him on television on Sunday afternoons until 1973, then we watched him accompany Bubba Smith in fruitless pursuit of culture in beer commercials. We even watched bemusedly as he toyed with a singing career. And if Dick Butkus is right, we will



Baylor's Lawrence Elkins left the football field for the oil fields.

watch him on some prime-time television venture again this fall. All that is certain is that he will not be playing Don Knotts' character on something called Mayberry RF3D.

Twenty years ago, Butkus never dreamed television dreams. In 1964, all that mattered to him was winning. Being an All-America didn't give him the rush it had the previous autumn.

"It wasn't that big a deal," he remembers. "I was an All-America my junior year (1963) and we went to the Rose Bowl. In 1964, we were picked to win the Big Ten, but at that time, you couldn't repeat as the conference representative to the Rose Bowl.

"We got off to a bad start our senior year. It was a pretty disappointing season for us."

Far more disappointing perhaps than last season and the end of "Blue

Thunder."

"Blue Thunder" was a good opportunity," he said. "I took it because it was good experience and to show that I was serious about television and about acting. I decided that maybe two years ago. I wasn't thinking about making it a career until then.

"But I began to realize that I really liked the little bit of acting I had done and I just decided to move everybody out here to California. So far it's worked out. I'm considering various offers for the next television season and there might be a movie deal coming up too."

And the beer commercials.

"Oh, yeah. I just shot another one."

And now back to Dallas.

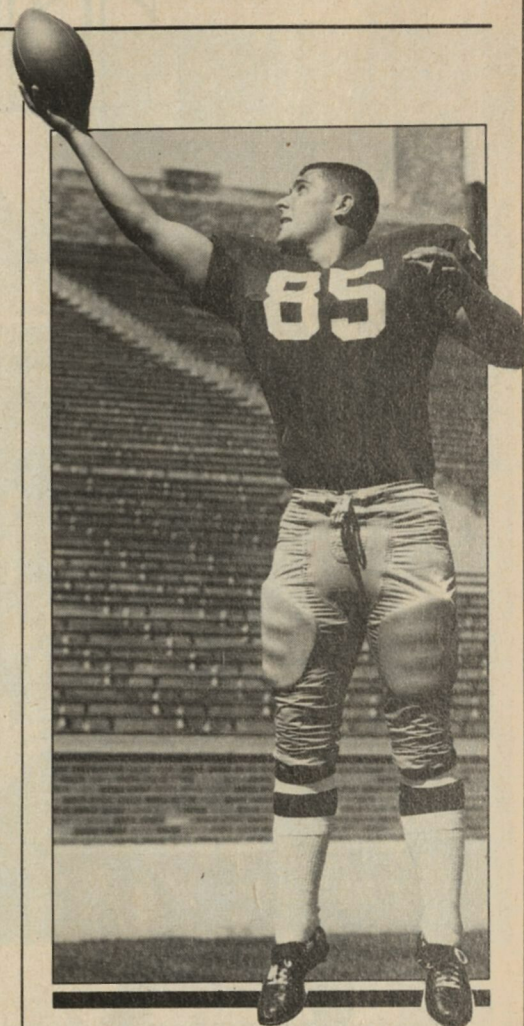
Dallas is the real life address of Ralph Neely, who runs Ralph Neely and Associates, a real estate development corporation. Neely, a Cowboy for his entire career, played the game so well he joined Butkus and Sayers on the Pro Football Hall of Fame selection committee's all-pro team of the 1960s.

Unlike Butkus, being an All-America at Oklahoma in 1964 made a great deal of difference in Neely's future.

"It was one of the real big deals that happened to me sports-wise," Neely remembers. "I hadn't thought about playing football professionally until I got to college. I went there to get an education. I always thought that if football came along, it came along.

"Well, it came along and I played 13 years professionally, but I didn't know if I could make it at one point."

Rick Redman was a force at Washington in 1964.



All-America wide receiver Jack Snow was a standout at Notre Dame.

Helping to assuage Neely's fears was his 1964 All-America selection at offensive tackle. You see, he knew he could play defense, because he'd been selected All-America at defensive tackle in 1963.

"In 1963 I played both ways, actually," Neely said. "I averaged 50 minutes a game or something like that. In 1964, they put in the free substitution rule and the coaches told me they were going to move me to offense and keep me there."

The 1964 season was not a particularly good one at Oklahoma, which put it in common with any season in which the Sooners do not win the Big Eight Championship, but the disappointment felt in Norman, Okla. didn't sting like that felt at Auburn.

"We were picked to be No. 1 in the country," said Tucker Frederickson, now a New York investment broker. "Sports Illustrated had us on the cover."

But early season injuries shredded the Tigers' dreams and the only real bright spot of a long season was Freder-

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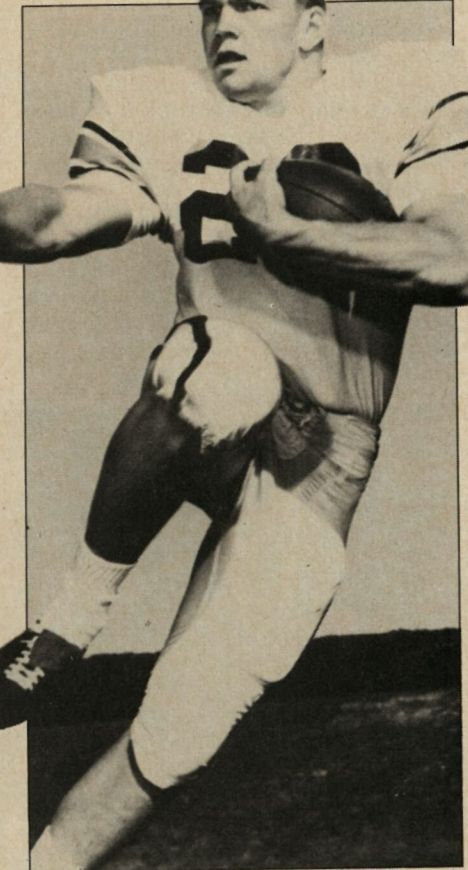


THE 1964-ALL AMERICAS

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John Huarte won the Heisman Trophy in 1964 while quarterbacking the Fighting Irish.



Tucker Frederickson of Auburn was the first player taken in the pro draft following the 1964 college season.

ickson's selection as an All-America.

"I guess if you really want to put it in perspective, that was a big deal," said Frederickson. "I wasn't expecting anything like that, but I wound up being the first player taken in the draft by the Giants."

The Giants selected a running back who would have a fine rookie season. But Frederickson had knee surgery in each of the next two seasons and had a very painful time hanging on until 1971, when his career ended.

"I guess being an All-America had a lot to do with me coming to New York and getting into New York business and into New York life," Frederickson said. "Those things are very important to me now."

In 1963, football was very important to Notre Dame. It just didn't look that way. And that's why what happened at South Bend 20 years ago this fall seems so incredible.

Ara Parseghian was Notre Dame's new coach charged with shaking down some of the old thunder.

Hugh Devore, in one miserable year at the helm, had gone 2-7. Joe Kuharich,

in the four years previous, did not produce a single winning team. In the three years prior to the arrival of Parseghian, Notre Dame never had to worry about the strength of its bench, specifically because the condition of its starters was plenty enough to produce widespread handwringing.

Yet from that same virtually useless bench, Parseghian would excavate two players who would not only become All-America, but who would spark Notre Dame to a national championship in the process.

They were wide receiver Jack Snow and quarterback John Huarte.

"Being an All-America in that season is something I'll always remember because of what transpired in that year," said Snow, who does color commentary for CBS college telecasts and works for IDB, a building and developing company in Seal Beach, Calif. "I hadn't done much until that year. To accomplish as much as we did accomplish that season was really something. And it was something to come off the bench and finish fifth in the Heisman voting."

Notre Dame went from a team with

100 ways to beat itself to one with 100 ways to beat everybody else and didn't bother to spare many of them on nine straight opponents in 1964.

The Irish opened with a 31-7 rout of Wisconsin on the road, won the home opener against Purdue, 34-15, went on the road to whip Air Force 34-7, blitzed UCLA 24-0 and Stanford 28-6 at Notre Dame, mauled Navy 40-0 at Philadelphia, nudged Pitt at Pitt 17-15, then ripped Michigan State 34-7 and Iowa 28-0 at home.

It wasn't until their final game at USC that the Irish stumbled.

"Typical USC stuff," Snow said. "We were No. 1 and unbeaten. We led at the half 17-0 and lost 20-17."

Nonetheless, Notre Dame was given the MacArthur Bowl as the nation's top team at season's end.

"It was just remarkable because we were under a new coach with a lot of new players who had never played together before," Snow said. "It really was a tribute to coaching and what coaching can do."

"What some of us did was remarkable,

continued

THE 1964-ALL AMERICAS

continued

but more remarkable than anyone was John Huarte."

John Huarte, now in Tempe, Ariz., explained where he is and what he does 20 years after. He is president of Arizona Tile, which imports tiles from Italy, Brazil and Germany.

"We have six regional offices," Huarte said, "from San Diego to Anaheim to Denver."

Huarte can speak much more confidently about the tile business than he could about Notre Dame football, par-

had never won a letter. I hadn't even played enough to win a letter, but I thought I was a pretty good athlete.

"I was just kind of thrust into this situation. I knew I was the best passer on the team, but I didn't even know if we were going to use much of a passing offense."

Parseghian put in plenty of passing but he put in enough of something intangible and even foreign to Notre Dame at that point in its history to make the largest portion of the improvement

finishing a collegiate career in which he gained 6.5 yards per carry. Today, he works for a public relations firm in Chicago, where he played pro ball for only seven seasons because of almost crippling knee injuries. Yet those seven seasons were a self-sculpted monument to his talent.

In 1969, the Hall of Fame selection committee picked Sayers to the all-time all-pro team, which was chosen in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the NFL.



Dick Butkus was an All-America his junior and senior years at Illinois and was the star of the 1963 Rose Bowl.

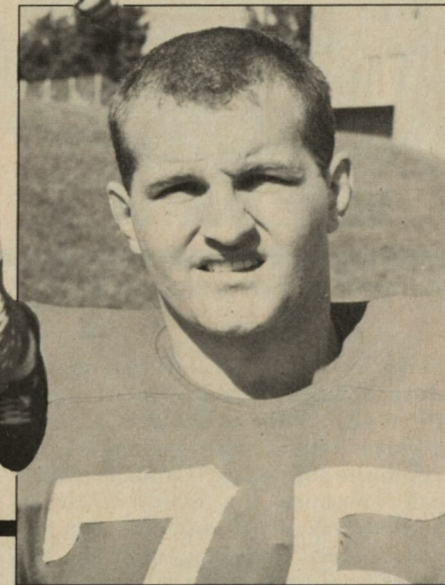
ticularly his contribution at the start of the 1964 season.

"I still wonder about it to this day," he said. "You talk about wanting to give up. Imagine what it must have been like to sit for three years."

In 1964, John Huarte completed 114 of 205 passes for a Notre Dame record of 2,062 yards (it would later be broken by Joe Theismann) and a Notre Dame record 16 touchdowns (later tied by Theismann), nine of which were to Snow.

In the three seasons through 1963, Huarte had not so much as earned a letter. In 1964, he won the Heisman Trophy.

"Being an All-America and winning the Heisman Trophy was really a traumatic experience for me," he said. "I



Nebraska's Larry Kramer is now head football coach at Emporia State.

possible, according to Huarte.

"That was a generally inexperienced team, but it was very enthusiastic with good leadership and also very ambitious," Huarte said. "But the real key was solid coaching."

Coaching was almost an incidental element in the romantic career of one Gale Sayers, the 1964 All-Americas' foremost contribution to greatness. You don't associate Sayers with coaches for the same reason you don't associate Einstein with math teachers.

What Sayers had, what Sayers did, you couldn't coach. But you could watch and the watching was pretty good.

Twenty years ago, he was at Kansas,



Ralph Neely played both ways at Oklahoma and was a 1964 All-America selection at offensive tackle.

He has been referred to often as the most feared breakaway threat of all time.

Sayers may not be the most feared PR man of all time, but his football accomplishments are burned into our memories as are those of most of this class of memorable All-Americas.

Rick Redman, Washington's 215-pound All-America guard in 1964, is the president of Sellen Construction Company in Seattle. Larry Kramer, Nebraska's All-America tackle that year, is head football coach at Emporia State University in Emporia, Kans. Glenn Ressler, Penn State's All-America center-guard, is a Camp Hill, Pa. restaurateur, Lawrence Elkins, Baylor's All-America flanker that year, is an independent oil and gas contractor in Texas.



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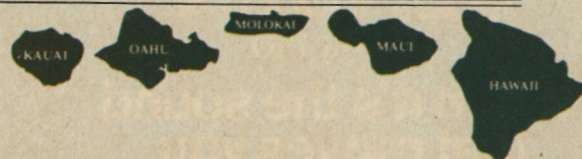
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PLAYING SURFACES

Do They Make a Difference?

by Mickey Spagnola, Jackson Daily News

From the beginning, we had grass, those soft green blades to carpet our land, and most importantly, our athletic arenas.

Grass had personality. You could grow it, cut it, shape it, even vary the shades of it to suit any whim, not to mention athletic ability. Fast teams were into the crew cut. Slow teams were into the rarely cut. Accusations inevitably were levied. Advantages were gained, albeit they were mostly psychological.

Then, as we explored space, got into synthetics and were enamored with the creation of artificial substitutes for milk, potatoes, sweeteners and whatnot, grass was no exception. We created artificial grass for our athletic arenas first, then for our very own porches.

Artificial turf had no personality. You couldn't grow it, you laid it. You couldn't cut it or shape it, you sewed it. And only wear and tear and exposure to

the sun varied the shade of factory green. Fast teams insisted they became faster, but bad teams rarely became better. It became a status symbol, as do most artificial substitutes.

But now, in the year foretold by George Orwell, with Big Brother still a little ways off, the rush for artificial surfaces in college football has entered its remission stage. Since we've grown so accustomed to this stuff which does not grow, it no longer is a telltale difference — if it ever really was.

Going into this 1984 season, in Division I-A football alone 56 schools play their football on artificial turf, while the other 48 still play on the much more traditional grass. There is no rhyme or reason as to who has it or who doesn't — nothing to do with geographical location, quality of football or financial assets.

In the Big Ten Conference, only one

continued

PLAYING SURFACES

continued

institution still plays on real, live grass — Purdue. The same holds true in the Big Eight. Only Missouri plays on grass. In the Pac-10 it's an even split, five on artificial turf and five on grass. In the Southwest Conference, it's a clean sweep for artificial turf, while in the Atlantic Coast Conference, grass fields hold a 6-2 advantage. In the Southeastern Conference, six of the 10 teams play on the real thing.

In fact, one southern school has gone in the opposite direction, digging up its artificial turf to replant grass.

"It was a situation in which the wear and tear on the field was not that important," said the school's athletic director, pointing out that half his school's home games were played in a larger city 160 miles down the road. "And when we looked at our schedule, we realized we had been playing on grass more than artificial turf."

"And maybe most of all, our climate here is very conducive to growing grass," he said.

There were some financial considerations, too. The existing artificial turf had been down eight years, and the fibers were wearing thin. So was traction. It had been the second carpet laid since 1970. It was time for a third.

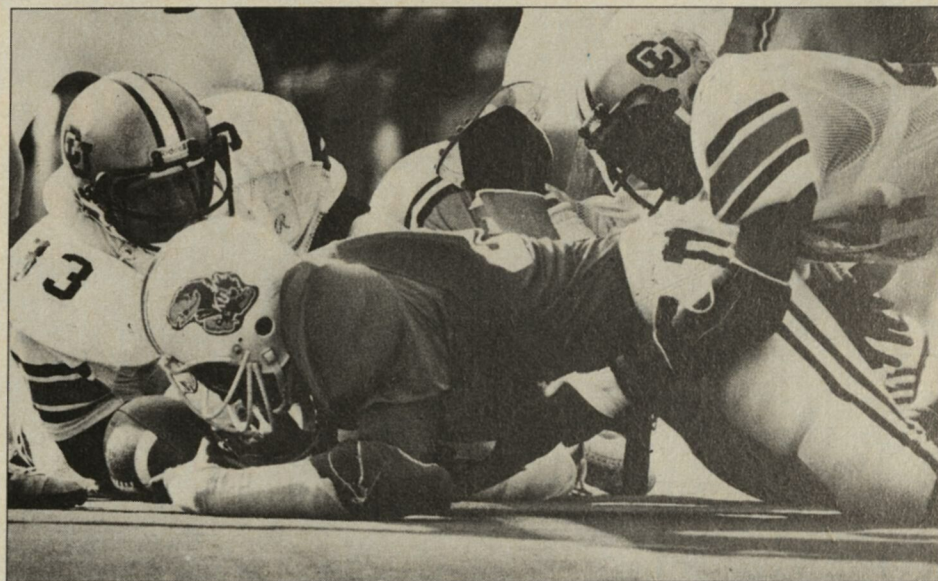
To replace the artificial turf would have cost roughly \$475,000, and that did not include the possibility of having to replace the seven-to-eight inches of asphalt padding underneath. If that had been the case, the cost would have nearly doubled.

Yet to dig up the existing turf and padding and sprig a field of grass — akin to a hair transplant — the cost ran roughly \$350,000. But then, too, you must figure in yearly upkeep of the grass field. The artificial turf costs next to nothing, except for a little white-wash on the lines and maybe a new carpet every eight years or so. Maintenance of the grass field — watering, fertilizing and cutting — is estimated to run roughly \$10,000 a year, but much of that is already being paid for the upkeep of existing grass practice fields.

There was another consideration. Heat. Southern fall afternoons are not much different than August afternoons. It is no secret that these artificial turfs conduct heat, so when it's 90 degrees outside, on the playing field it's liable to be upwards of 120 degrees.

"If you have artificial turf in the South you should be playing at night," said a southern college coach. "Grass is cooler, and I do like that aspect."

There are other differences between the two surfaces. Traction is one. No matter the weather, save an ice storm,



The footing on artificial turf is much better, but bad teams don't become good and good teams better because of the surface.

the footing on artificial turf is much better. Linemen can push off better. Running backs seem to pick up speed. And wide receivers can make sharper cuts.

"Your timing is different," said one coach of moving from one surface to the other. "You see kids stumble around for a while."

Maybe the most difficult conversion is for running backs going from accustomed artificial turf to grass. They invariably lose their footing, trying to make cuts too sharp, their feet flying out from underneath. They talk of the grass slowing them down.

Many schools without artificial playing surfaces have installed 10, maybe 20, yards of the synthetic turf on their practice fields. This is used before games to be played on artificial turf, to enable linemen to acclimate themselves and kickers to adjust to the sturdy footing.

"But I think the kicking game is affected the most," said one coach. "On grass, though, it's still hard to tell, but you can nearly figure out how the ball is going to bounce. But on artificial turf the ball is liable to go anywhere. It's much more unpredictable."

The most celebrated controversy is injury susceptibility. Increasingly it has become evident more knee and ankle injuries are likely to occur on artificial turf, since there is no give in the footing. And there is this new-fangled injury called "turf toe," a direct by-product of artificial turf. It is simply the swelling of the big toe from repeated run-ins with the unmovable turf.

"We just seem to have more joint injuries on artificial turf than we have on natural grass," said the coach from the school which is reverting to a grass field. "Plus, the artificial turf would hurt your legs. It's so hard, it seemed to tire the team out. Even though we had it, we stayed off it. We'd spend 90 percent of our time on grass. We wouldn't go on it before a game until Thursday."

But on the other side of the ledger, if an indoor practice facility is not available, having an artificial turf playing field insures a school of a place to practice no matter the weather. "Most coaches just want a place to practice if the weather is bad," said one athletic director.

As for the actual playing of the game, strategy remains unchanged. No more passes are thrown on one surface than the other. No more blitzes are called. No one yet has detected an ability to rush for more yards on artificial surface than natural grass.

And maybe most importantly, bad teams do not become good and good teams do not become better just because of the surface.

"We've lost to teams that have had artificial turf and to teams that did not have artificial turf. The type of surface does not change the ability of a football team," said the southern school athletic director.

"Most teams that play well on artificial turf will play well on grass, and most teams that play well on grass will play well on artificial turf," he added.

The turf leaves no telltale difference in the final score.

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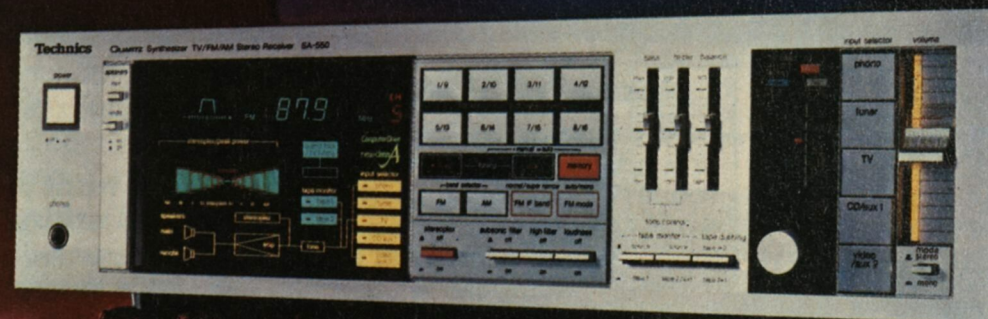
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THE ONE-BACK OFFENSE

Why Don't We See More of it in College Football?

by Joe McLaughlin
Houston Chronicle

The One-back Offense in college football, up to the present time, has been about as scarce as the whooping crane.

An offense which has been employed almost exclusively by the professionals has never made much of an impression in college football.

Why? To begin with, college coaches have stubbornly adhered to the belief,

with some justification, that passing teams don't win championships. And, the One-back Offense is basically a passing formation.

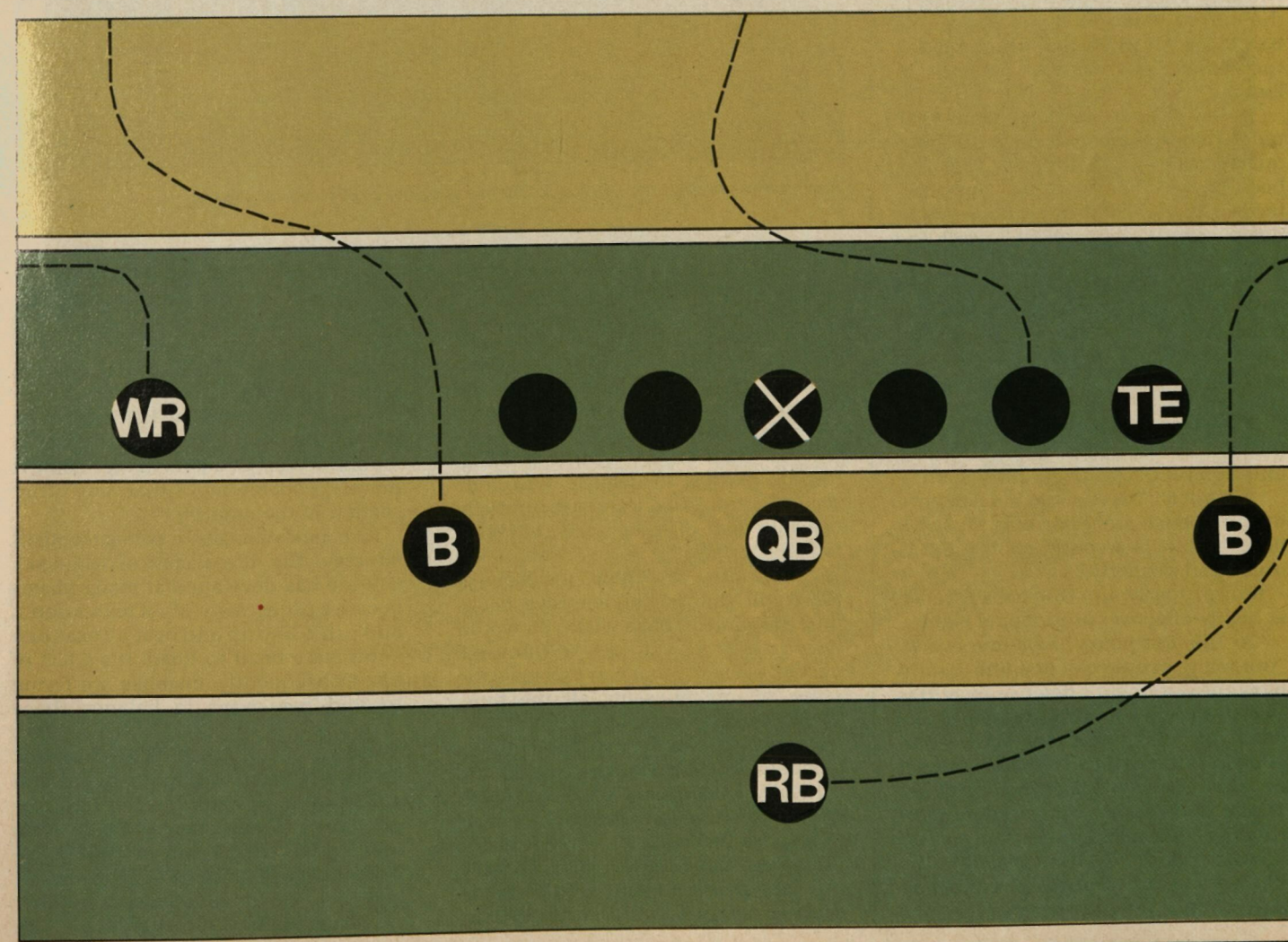
Historically, coaches have been correct in their assumptions. One would be hard-pressed to name a national champion or, in most cases, a conference champion which was an advocate of the One-back Offense.

College coaches, in the main, have stuck to the premise that three things can happen when you throw the football, and two of them are bad.

Proponents of the One-back Offense, however, point out legitimate reasons why this thinking has been prevalent.

One coach says, "College football has always been trendy. One team will

continued



THE ONE-BACK OFFENSE

continued

come out with something new, have some success with it, and all of a sudden everyone is trying it. It happened that way with all the offenses — the Single and Double Wings, the Split Backs, the Veer, the Wishbone, the I and the Multiple Offense.

"If a few more teams start having some success with the One-back Offense, you will see more college coaches turning to it."

In the past, the concept has been that if you are throwing the ball a lot, you are usually behind and trying to catch up. And passing is the quickest way to do it.

One-back Offense theories explain the difference: "The philosophy is this," says one coach. "You go into the game with the idea that you want to throw the ball, not that you have to."

"There are three ways to throw the ball: (1) down field; (2) control passing; and (3) option passing. The ideal is to control the ball by passing, much like running teams control it on the ground."

"You can't run the One-back Offense without a good, sharp quarterback," the coach continued, "because his hands are on the ball all the time. It's the most 'quarterback offense' in football."

"A lot of coaches don't want that much pressure on one man. But a sharp quarterback can handle it. That has been proven. The key is for your quarterback to control the ball, have a good defense and not to revert to running when you get close to scoring."

"You try to let your predominant ballcarrier have the ball. You get four receivers out real quickly, spreading the other team's defense. You hope to catch the defense in a lot of one-on-one situations."

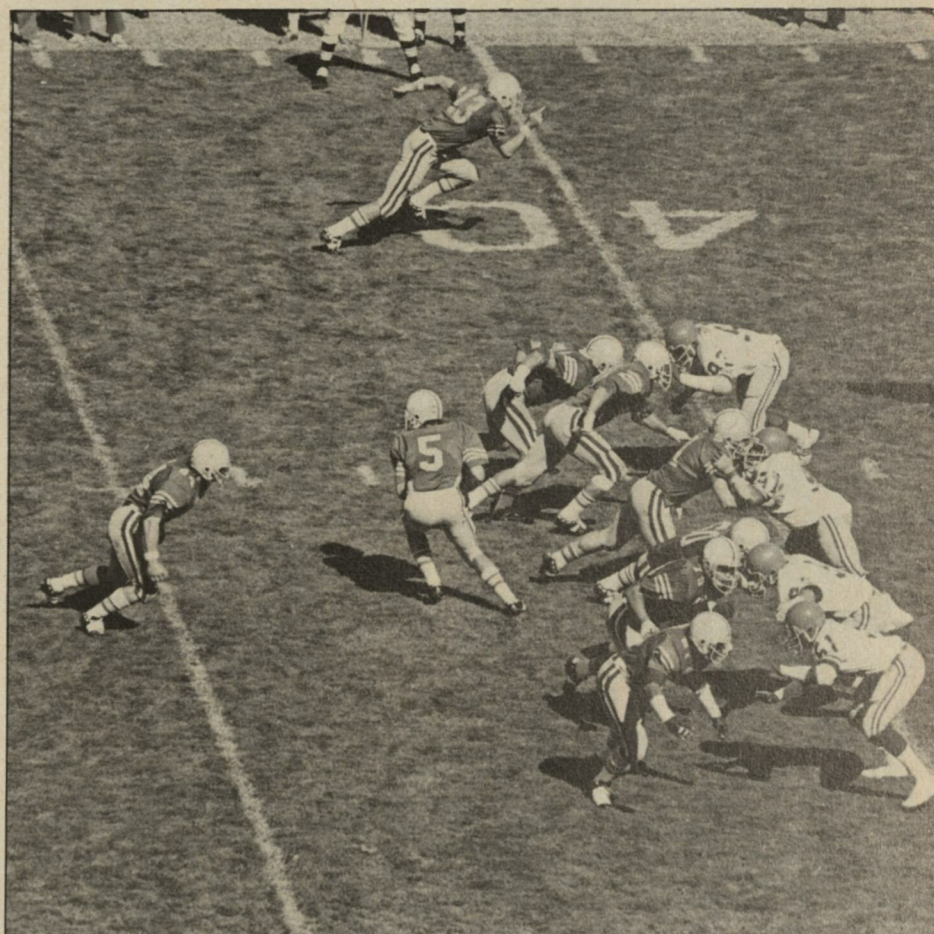
"Once again, to control the ball passing, you throw high-percentage passes and don't often go deep down field."

"First of all, the coaches must believe in the offense and your kids must believe in it. It is a sound offense if it is organized properly."

Run properly, the One-back Offense is highly effective, proponents claim.

"In the first place," says one coach, "not many people can just line up and blow the opponent's defense away. It is easier to teach pass blocking, especially since the rules have changed where an offensive lineman can use his hands if he is in a retreat block or giving ground. That's one reason even predominant running teams now are throwing more."

Most college coaches agree that the day is gone when one team can line up and simply overpower another one



A team that employs the One-back Offense uses the pass to set up the run.

week in and week out. Consequently, the traditional running teams are now passing more.

"One reason for that," a coach says, "is that everybody is putting their best athletes on defense, and the offense has to find new ways to move the ball."

Another coach says, "If a One-back Offense team knows what it is doing, it's the hardest to defense. With four receivers going out, a defense generally can take two of them away, but with four it's tough."

"Then, they say, 'Well, the defense then will put seven defensive backs into the game.' That's what you would love to see if you are a One-back offensive coach. That way you have the other people guessing all the time. Then you can come back with your traps, draws, counters and sweeps. It's a constant cat-and-mouse game."

Ideally, a team will pass about 50 percent of the time in a One-back Offense. If you are throwing 75 percent of the time, you're usually trying to catch up.

"Many passing teams get the ball in scoring position and then turn to the

run, and most often, fail. The key to the One-back is that you start with the pass and you finish with it."

"Perhaps the most successful passing team in the college ranks is Brigham Young University," says one coach. "They are not strictly a One-back Offense, even though their philosophy is similar. A lot of the West Coast teams are using it more—probably more than any other section of the country."

Like most changes in college football strategy, the popularity of One-back Offense has developed at many places because of necessity. Most teams don't, and can't, line up and beat a Texas or a Penn State head to head. It's a fact of life. Consequently, coaches are trying to find new ways to balance those inequities.

As one coach put it, "The One-back Offense is becoming more popular in college. But you still have to have key personnel in any offense. There is no real answer to all the problems, because there is none."

But the One-back Offense is another exciting chapter in the game.

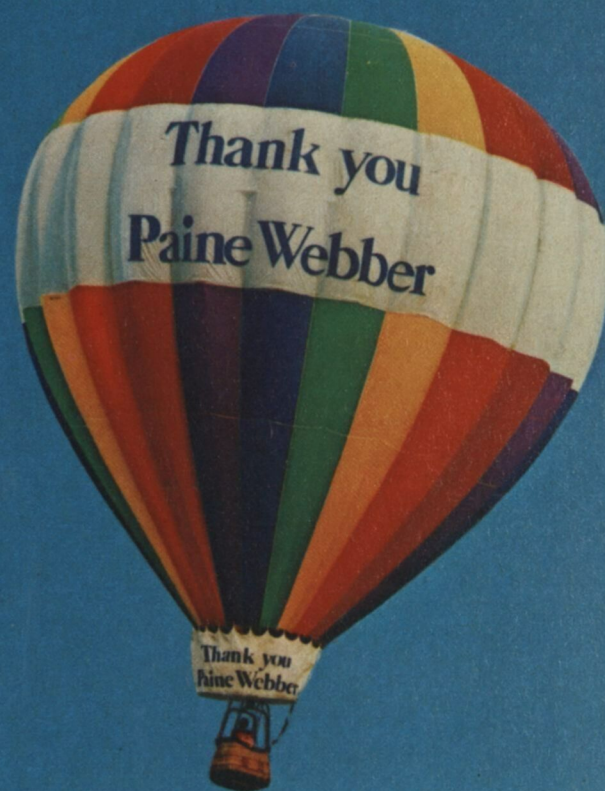
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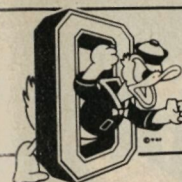
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SUCCESS FOLLOWS PLAYING CAREERS FOR FORMER OREGON ATHLETES

The emergence of Oregon's Ahmad Rashad as a reporter of national caliber for NBC-TV has placed him in a category with several former Duck sports figures whose post-graduate achievements help put to rest the unfair stereotype of the athlete who has little interest in academics.

Rashad (previously known as Bobby Moore) set school scoring and rushing records as a halfback that still stand, and went on to earn recognition as the leading receiver in professional football before retiring from the Minnesota Vikings a year ago.

In addition to being known for his football skills, Rashad was also known among the sports media for being articulate and sensitive to the finer points of the game, so it was no surprise to see him on television last fall.

Rashad symbolizes a proud tradition of Oregon athletic stars who have gone on to even greater recognition in the demanding field of journalism. Three other athletes who shared the campus with Rashad in the late 1960s have gained distinction writing for world-renowned publications.

Probably the best known is Kenny Moore, whose articles appear regularly in the nation's leading sports magazine, *Sports Illustrated*. He is a former world-class marathon runner, and a skilled writer. The combination has made him the magazine's authority for articles on track and field. Moore was also in the forefront of the writers who provided in-depth coverage and insight to the Los Angeles Olympic Games.

Moore's style, first seen nationally in his sensitive reporting on the death of his fellow Duck runner and personal friend, Steve Prefontaine, has been recognized for its poetic qualities as well as for its skilled interpretation of the facts.

Both a student and an athlete, Moore was developing his writing ability in the Oregon classroom while polishing his distance running skill at Hayward Field and in the hills surrounding Eugene. He made the United States Olympic team as a marathoner in 1968 and 1972, taking fourth in 1972. He also led the Ducks' 1963-65 cross country teams to high national finishes.



Ahmad Rashad, known for his skill as both a receiver and a wordsmith, now is a reporter for NBC-TV.

While Moore's name is a byword to millions of magazine readers around the country, Bill Drozdiak and Jere Van Dyk, fellow writers and former Duck athletes, are well-known in the newspaper world. Drozdiak writes for the *Washington Post* and Van Dyk for the *New York Times*.

Before establishing his reputation with the *Post* as West German correspondent in Bonn, Drozdiak was one of the nation's most accurate free throw shooters for the Oregon basketball teams of 1969-71. He still ranks third in career free throw percentages and sixth in career field goal accuracy.

Van Dyk was one of the nation's top half-milers in the mid-1960s. He was fourth in the 1965 NCAA championships and his 1967 time of 1:47.9 for 880 yards is Oregon's third best ever.

But among readers of the *New York*

Times Magazine, Van Dyke is best known for a major article he wrote in October 1982, on his experience living undercover with guerrilla forces battling Russian invaders in Afghanistan. He returned to campus the following spring to describe that dangerous exploit to classes of his former University of Oregon political science professor, Arthur Hanhardt.

Another athlete of national repute who was a student with Rashad at Oregon, quarterback Dan Fouts of the San Diego Chargers, might consider broadcasting upon football retirement. Fouts' father was a prominent San Francisco sportscaster.

Happily for athletics, the journalistic achievements of Moore, Drozdiak, Van Dyk and Rashad, after their Oregon varsity days, help to put to rest that lingering stereotype of the jock athlete.

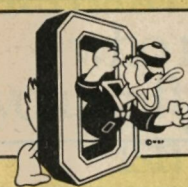
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AUTZEN STADIUM— HOME OF THE DUCKS



Autzen is the first stadium in the United States to use the Omni surface—a system that filters sand into the nap of the turf.

The borrowing of talent between football and track has long been a factor in the success of the two sports at Oregon.

In recent years it has featured such exchanges as high-scoring tailback Dwight Robertson qualifying for the NCAA meet as a hurdler in track and sprinter Don Coleman becoming a potent deep threat as a receiver for the football team.

But the relationship was even cozier before 1967 — a period when both sports used Hayward Field as home base. That was before Autzen Stadium opened to end a pre-AstroTurf era when autumn rains could turn the Hayward surface into a quagmire.

Of the 14,000 fans who filled the current Hayward stands for the NCAA track finals last June, only veteran sports observers at Oregon could recall the days when the end of spring signalled time to transform the track facilities into a site for football.

Just how long ago that was is reflected by the fact that the new artificial

turf installed for the 1984 campaign is the third in Autzen's history. The original turf was installed in 1969. The second application had been used since the 1976 season.

The new field cover is the Omni surface used on soccer fields in Europe. One of the last trips taken by Rick Bay as Oregon athletic director was to Europe to evaluate the surface. He and Coach Rich Brooks crossed the Atlantic to personally inspect the qualities that come from filtering sand into the napping of the rug.

The Autzen Omni is the first used in the United States other than as a surface for tennis courts.

The construction of Autzen Stadium itself was unique in an era when most new stadiums carried a long-term mortgage or bond indebtedness. Autzen was paid for, as it stood, with all future improvements also to be on a cash basis.

Gifts from all sources amounted to almost \$1,350,000. Reserves the athletic department had built for over 20 years

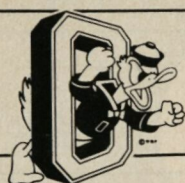
came to \$1 million. The major gift of more than \$250,000 came from the Autzen Foundation of Portland.

The stadium might have been built on the site of Hayward Field, but a shortage of materials caused by the Korean war shelved that plan.

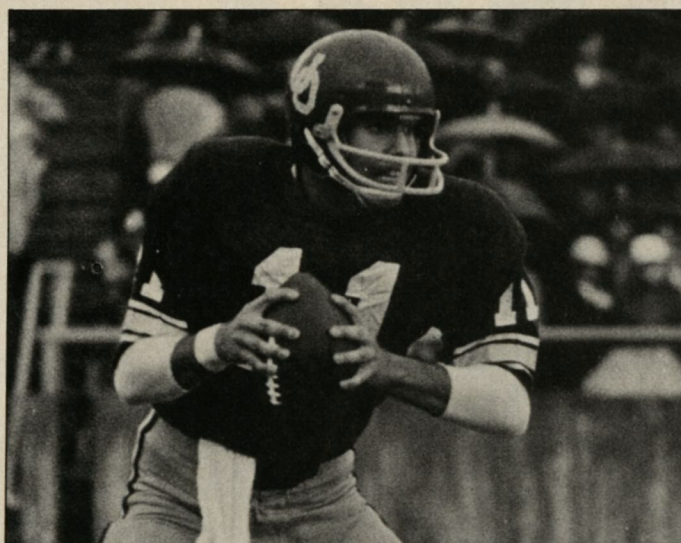
When the state made the 90 acres of the eventual site available, Athletic Director Leo Harris used the reserves he had begun building in 1947 to buy the land. It became the starting point for the development of the adjacent recreational area that became Baker Memorial Park.

Actual building of the 41,009-seat stadium began only nine months before its first use. Harris had retired by the dedication date of Oct. 7, 1967. But he was on hand with his successor, Len Casanova, and other dignitaries to help usher in the new era of Oregon athletics.

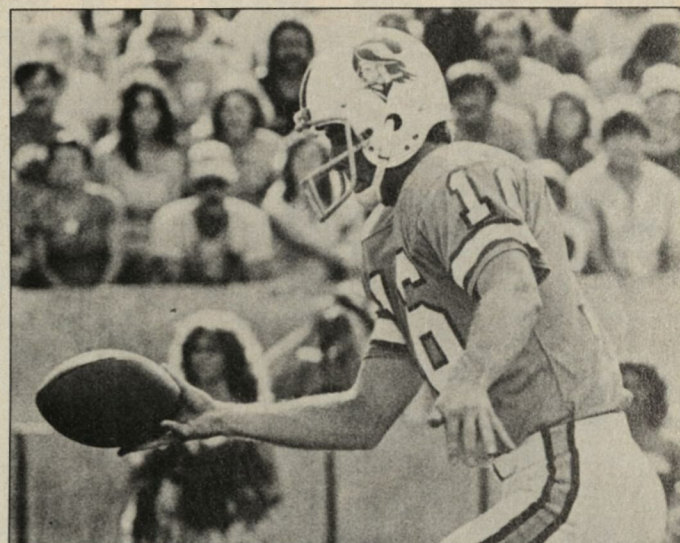
Other innovations have come in succeeding years, including the artificial turf and the addition of the Barker Stadium Club at the east end in 1982.



OREGON'S ALL-TIME FOOTBALL LEADERS



Dan Fouts



Tom Blanchard

RUSHING

GAME

Player	Yards	Opponent	Date
Bobby Moore	249	Utah	9-18-71
Jack Morris	212	USC	11-16-57
Bobby Moore	190	Washington State	10-3-70
Reggie Ogburn	179	Oregon State	11-15-80
Don Reynolds	179	Utah	9-29-73
Don Reynolds	178	California	10-13-73
Bobby Moore	168	USC	10-24-70
Dave Grayson	165	Utah	10-1-60
Bobby Moore	150	Stanford	10-25-71
Reggie Brown	149	Stanford	9-6-80

SEASON

Player	Year	TC	Yards	Ave.	TD
Bobby Moore	1971	249	1211	4.9	7
Don Reynolds	1973	226	1002	4.4	6
Bobby Moore	1970	203	924	4.5	6
Vince Williams	1978	183	842	4.6	1
George Bennett	1975	175	805	4.6	7
Don Reynolds	1974	165	787	4.8	2
Reggie Brown	1980	171	775	4.5	2
Mel Renfro	1962	126	753	6.0	10
Bob Sanders	1949	153	726	4.7	10
Terrance Jones	1982	165	715	4.3	2

CAREER

Player	Years	TC	Yards	Ave.
Bobby Moore	1969-71	474	2306	4.9
Don Reynolds	1972-74	443	2210	5.0
Jim Shanley	1955-57	381	1887	4.9
Vince Williams	1977-81	418	1824	4.4
George Bell	1946-49	367	1792	4.8
Jack Morris	1955-57	362	1688	4.7
Mel Renfro	1961-63	269	1540	5.2
Reggie Brown	1980-81	348	1465	4.2
Dick James	1953-55	304	1434	4.7
Bob Sanders	1947-49	328	1358	4.0

PASSING

GAME

Player	Yards	Opponent	Date
Dan Fouts	396	Air Force	11-7-70
Dan Fouts	337	Army	11-14-70
Dan Fouts	296	UCLA	9-30-72
Jack Henderson	277	Stanford	11-13-76
Herb Singleton	276	USC	10-20-73
Dan Fouts	271	Arizona	9-16-72
Dan Fouts	271	Stanford	9-26-70
Jack Henderson	265	Army	11-8-69
Tom Blanchard	264	Georgia	9-10-77
Tom Blanchard	262	California	9-12-70

SEASON

Player	Year	PA	PC	PI	Yards	TD
Dan Fouts	1970	361	188	24	2390	16
Dan Fouts	1972	348	171	19	2041	12
Bob Berry	1963	171	101	7	1675	16
Jack Henderson	1976	298	157	16	1582	6
Dan Fouts	1971	247	123	11	1564	9
Jack Henderson	1975	321	151	16	1492	6
Tom Blanchard	1969	184	106	7	1488	12
Bob Berry	1964	208	108	10	1478	15
Herb Singleton	1973	234	109	19	1333	10
Jack Henderson	1977	223	108	7	1286	5

CAREER

Player	Years	PA	PC	PI	Yards	TD
Dan Fouts	1970-72	956	482	54	5995	37
Jack Henderson	1975-77	842	411	39	4360	17
Bob Berry	1962-64	520	282	25	4297	39
George Shaw	1951-54	513	229	40	3088	17
Dave Grosz	1958-60	381	172	33	2374	15
Tom Blanchard	1967-70	295	161	13	2273	16
Reggie Ogburn	1979-80	322	170	17	2162	13
Hal Dunham	1950-52	364	158	28	2051	23
Norm Van Brocklin	1946-48	316	144	18	1949	18
Norval Turner	1972-74	296	143	22	1807	11

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EMERALD ATHLETIC TROPHY HONORS OREGON'S STUDENT-ATHLETES



Ryan Zinke, 1984 Emerald Athletic Trophy recipient, was a two-year starting football center.

The accomplishments of Oregon's athletes in 16 men's and women's sports are well documented in record books, newspaper accounts and radio-TV reports.

There's always another side to the college athlete, the student-athlete who gains respect within the community.

Each year, various sports honor their top athletes, scholars and citizens. But only one award encompasses all Oregon intercollegiate participants.

The Emerald Athletic Trophy was started in 1951 and is currently jointly sponsored by the athletic department and the *Oregon Daily Emerald*. It is awarded annually to a senior on the basis of outstanding achievement in the fields of athletics, scholarship and citizenship throughout a student-athlete's career.

The first winner was Jack Keller, who starred for the Ducks in both basketball and baseball in 1951.

Other recipients through the award's 33-year heritage include track's Alberto Salazar and Steve Prefontaine, basketball's Ron Lee and Greg Ballard and football's Steve Barnett and the late John Miller of wrestling.

Barnett was a 1962 All-America, Miller is Oregon's only NCAA champion (1969), Lee and Ballard went on to outstanding professional careers and Salazar and Prefontaine are past and present American record holders.

In all, 11 winners participated in track, seven were football players, and four came from baseball. Three basketball players, two gymnasts, one wrestler and one tennis player have received the award. And four winners were two-sport athletes.

The 1984 recipient of the Emerald Athletic Trophy is Ryan Zinke, a two-year football starter at center from Whitefish, Mont.

Oregon also has had nine NCAA post-graduate scholarship winners since the institution of the grants in 1964-65. The first was Olympic marathoner Kenny Moore in 1966 and the last was track-cross country standout Rudy Chapa in 1981.

Chapa, Moore, Miller (1970), gymnast Joe Percival (1975) and baseball's Mike Ritchey (1980) won both the Emerald Athletic Trophy and an NCAA post-graduate scholarship.

EMERALD ATHLETIC TROPHY WINNERS

- 1984 Ryan Zinke, football
- 1983 Kevin Lusk, football
- 1982 Bev Smith, women's basketball
- 1981 Alberto Salazar, track
- 1980 Mike Ritchey, baseball
- 1979 Rudy Chapa, track-cross country
- 1978 Scott McEldowney, gymnastics
- 1977 Greg Ballard, basketball
- 1976 Ron Lee, basketball
- 1975 Joe Percival, gymnastics
- 1974 Guy Krause, baseball
- 1973 Steve Prefontaine, track
- 1972 Peter Shmock, track
- 1971 Bob Newland, football
- 1970 John Miller, wrestling
- 1969 Arne Kvalheim, track
- 1968 Jim Smith, football
- 1967 Neil Steinhauer, track
- 1966 Ken Moore, track
- 1965 Corky Sullivan, football
- 1964 Dick Imwalle, football
- 1963 Steve Barnett, football
- 1962 Mike Rose, football
- 1961 Dave Grosz, football
- 1960 Dave Edstrom, track
- 1959 Wimp Hastings, basketball-baseball
- 1958 Jim Bailey, track
- 1957 Phil McHugh, football-basketball
- 1956 Lon Stiner, football
- 1955 Pete Williams, baseball
- 1954 Ron Lowell, tennis
- 1953 Jim Livesay, baseball
- 1952 Jack Hutchens, track
- 1951 Jack Keller, baseball-basketball

NCAA POST-GRADUATE SCHOLARSHIP WINNERS

- 1981 Rudy Chapa, track-cross country
- 1980 Mike Ritchey, baseball
- 1979 Willie Blasher, football
- 1976 Craig Brigham, track
- 1975 Joe Percival, gymnastics
- 1971 Bill Drozdak, basketball
- 1970 John Miller, wrestling
- 1967 Lloyd West, gymnastics
- 1966 Ken Moore, track

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DUCK ATHLETIC FUND

A Message From Bill Byrne . . .

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Bill Byrne

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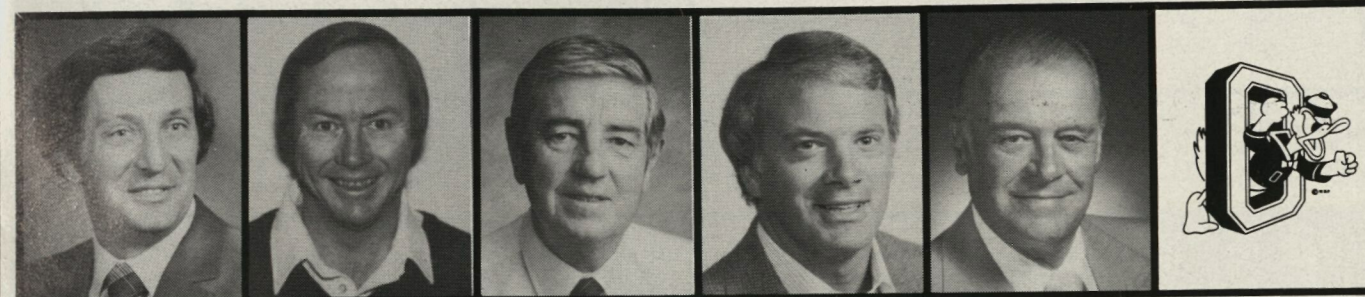
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States Dealer Supply
Thomas and Son
John F. Thompson
Timber Products Company
Timber Products Sales Company
Tiny Tavern
Mr. and Mrs. William Tremaine
Valley River Center
Waddle's Drive In
Ferris Walden
Earl and Sally Walter
Robert and Patricia Warr
Charles and Karen Warren
Robert Waterman
Western Beverage Company
Weyerhaeuser Company
Bula Smith White
Dave Wilcox
Leonard Wildish
Thomas Wildish
Wildish Industrial Development
Wildish Land Company
Willamette Industries
Wilson Properties
Charles H. Wilson
Charles Winn
Dick Wintermute

KEEPING THE DUCKS ON WHEELS

A special thanks to the following auto dealers who are providing staff members with automobiles this year for recruiting and carrying out other job duties. The University of Oregon is grateful for the support of its intercollegiate athletic program.



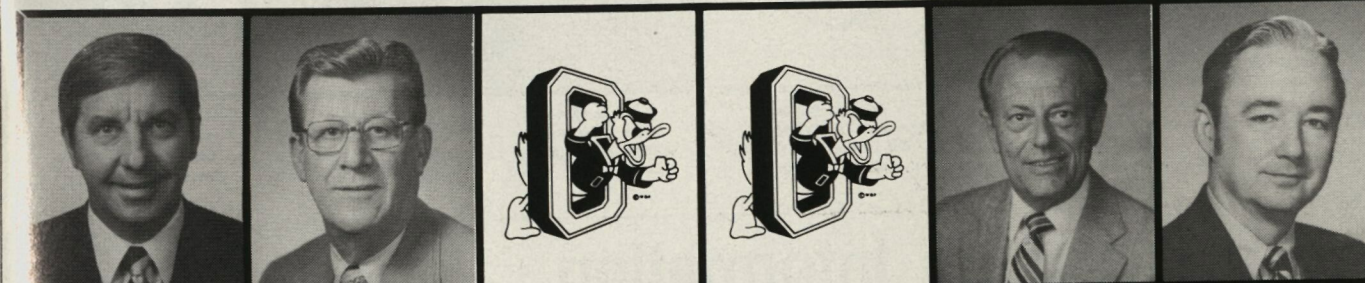
Vic Alfonso
Vic Alfonso Toyota
2700 W. 11th
Eugene, Ore. 97402
342-7611

Jim Coleman
Crater Lake Motors
Post Office Box 579
Medford, Ore. 97501
773-7591

Bob Miles
Miles Chevrolet
Post Office Box 338
Woodburn, Ore. 97071
981-9511

Greg Marshall
Marshall Leasing
Post Office Box 1735
Vancouver, Wash. 98668
206-696-0771

Joe Romania
Joe Romania Chevrolet
Post Office Box 3217
Eugene, Ore. 97403
342-1121



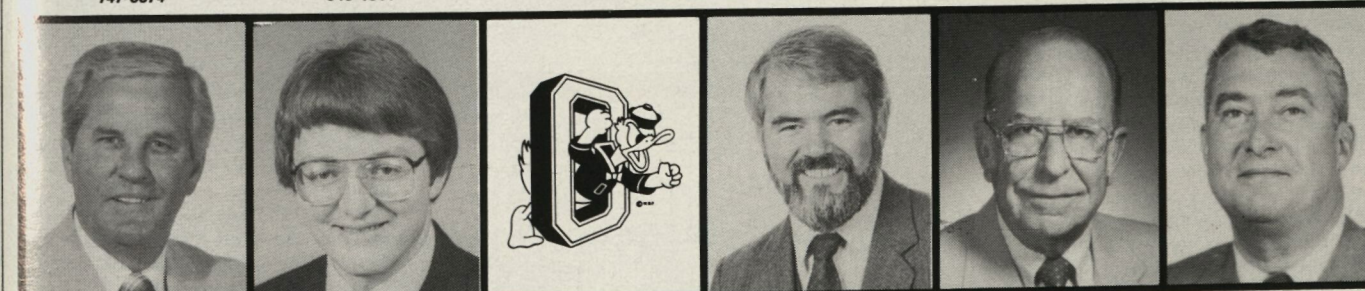
Bill Hutchins
Hutchins Imported Motors
863 Main Street
Springfield, Ore. 97477
747-3374

Robert Brooke
Dunham Olds Cadillac
Post Office Box 10165
Eugene, Ore. 97440
345-1511

Fred Siegrist
Siegrist Volkswagen
1570 South A
Springfield, Ore. 97477
746-8241

Wolfe Wernicke
Centennial Porsche Audi
80 Centennial Loop
Eugene, Ore. 97401
342-1763

Bob Brown
Brown Olds Co.
1005 S. E. Grand Ave.
Portland, Ore. 97214
232-4163



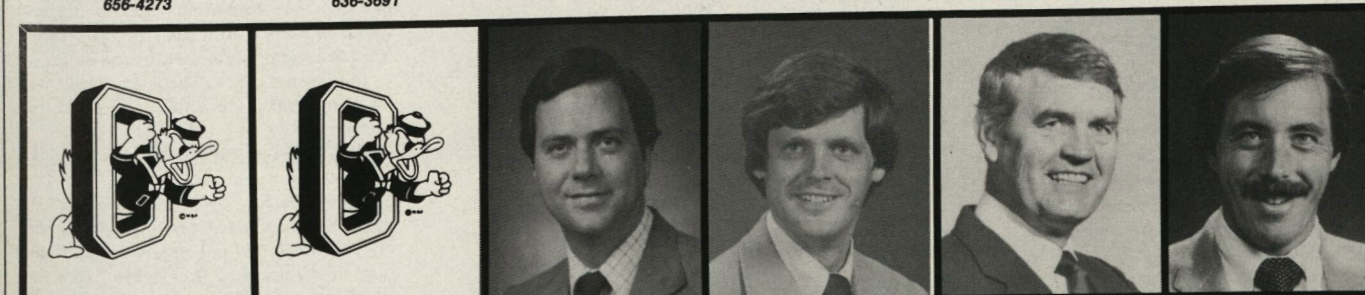
Frank Oswald
Immer-Oswald Volvo
825 McLoughlin Blvd.
Gladstone, Ore. 97027
656-4273

Scott Thomason
Dee Thomason Ford Co.
309 S. State
Lake Oswego, Ore. 97034
636-3691

John Ferguson
Valley River Dodge
Post Office Box 70326
Eugene, Ore. 97401
345-3311

Dick Rementería
Kendall Ford
Post Office Box 1318
Eugene, Ore. 97401
342-2151

Robert A. Herzog
Herzog Motors
SW 139th & Canyon Road
Beaverton, Ore. 97005
644-9121



Butch Thompson
Thompson Ford Sales
1500 Highway Ave.
Reedsport, Ore. 97467
271-2128

Scott Wentworth
Wentworth Buick Co.
2200 West 7th
Eugene, Ore. 97402
686-2424

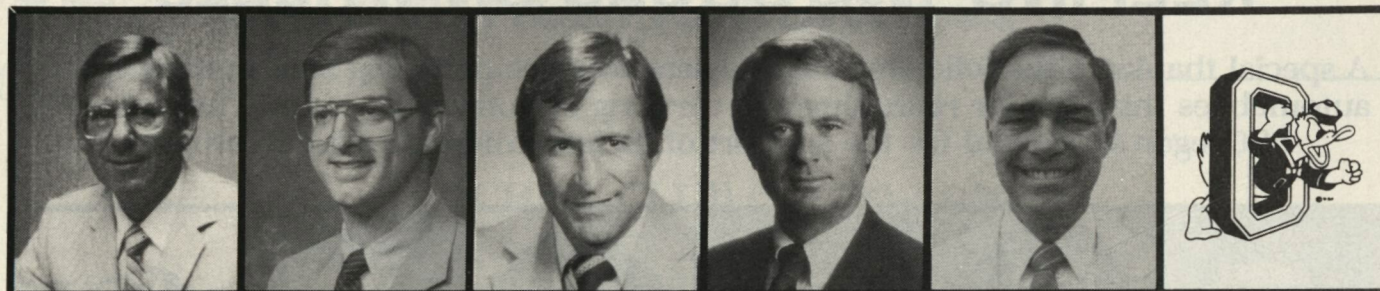
Paul Skillern
Kendall Datsun-Peugeot
2060 Centennial Blvd.
Eugene, Ore. 97401
686-2211

Herb Nill
Guaranty Chevrolet
20 Highway 99 South
Junction City, Ore. 97448
998-2333

Bob Fenstermacher
Commercial Equip. Leas.
Post Office Box 5126
Eugene, Ore. 97405
484-1884

KEEPING THE DUCKS ON WHEELS

Continued from 19



Jack Pinegar
Springfield Toyota
8th & Main Street
Springfield, Ore. 97477
747-3341

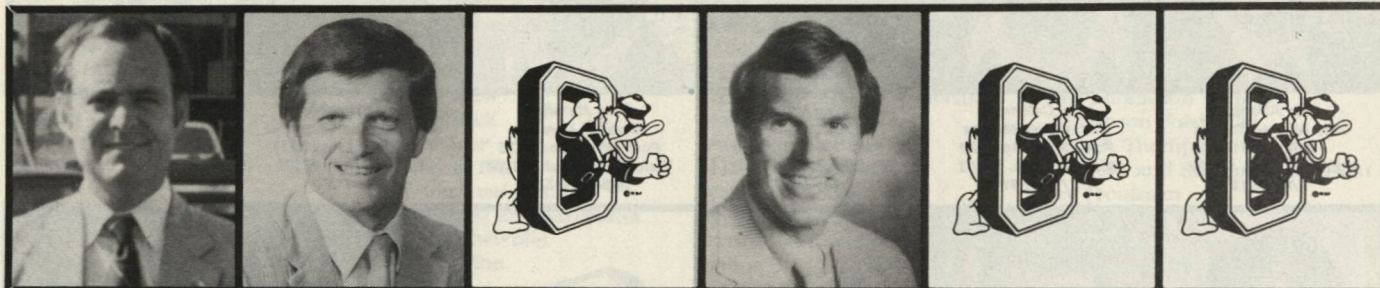
R. Scott Casebeer
Capitol Chevrolet-Cadillac
2711 Mission St. S.E.
Salem, Ore. 97309
362-0275

Phil Petrie
Evergreen Pontiac-Honda
2121 Centennial Blvd.
Eugene, Ore. 97401
686-2121

Wally Preble
Damerow Ford
12325 S.W. Canyon Rd.
Beaverton, Ore. 97005
644-1131

Gary McManus
Gary Worth Lincoln-Mercury
1155 McLoughlin Blvd.
Gladstone, Ore. 97027
656-1926

Bud Betz
Betz Chevrolet
33130 Row River Rd.
Cottage Grove, Ore. 97424
942-4415



Bill Atkin
Emerald Chrysler Plymouth
2300 West 7th
Eugene, Ore. 97402
342-6600

Dick Withnell
New Teague Dodge
Post Office Box 3085
Salem, Ore. 97302

Michael Roberson
Roberson Chrysler-Plymouth
435 Commercial St. N.E.
Salem, Ore. 97301

James Meyer
Volks of Beaverton
4250 S.W. 139th Way
Beaverton, Ore. 97005

Dick Ogen
Good Chevrolet
1530 J Street
Sacramento, Calif. 95814

Ed Ullman
Chrysler Corporation
10030 S.W. Allen Blvd.
Beaverton, Ore. 97005



Stadium Information

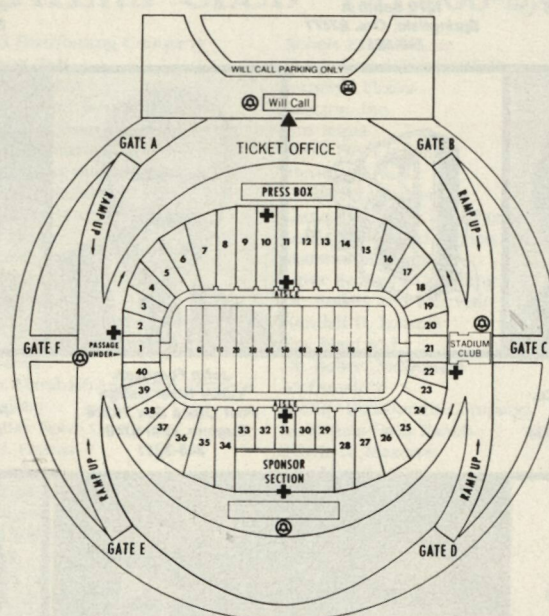
FIRST AID: Six Red Cross teams and ambulances are located in the stadium. They are stationed at the top and bottom of Sections 11 and 31 and at the top of Sections 1 and 21. Ambulances also are parked at the top of Sections 1 and 21. If needed, please contact the nearest usher or law enforcement officer for assistance.

LOST AND FOUND: Located at the east end of field level under Section 21. Found items may be turned in there or to any usher. Items may be claimed there until the end of the game. Items not claimed by that time can be retrieved at the recreation center (686-3711 or 686-4378) of the Erb Memorial Union or will be returned if they contain identification.

PAY PHONES: Telephones are located behind the scoreboard above Section 1, under the Stadium Club behind Section 21 and behind the Sponsor Section roof above Section 31. A phone also can be found at the main ticket office near Gate A.

RESTROOMS-CONCESSIONS: Facilities are located in four areas: under the press box on the north side, under the sponsors section roof on the south and on the lower levels under the scoreboard at the west end and under the Stadium Club on the east.

TICKET SALES: Tickets are sold at the main booth at Autzen Stadium each game day beginning at 9 a.m. They are



+ First Aid
 @ Telephone
 @ LTD Bus Stop

also sold at the gates when they open. Gate E for UO students only opens at 11:15 a.m., all others open at 11:30 a.m. The event information telephone number is 686-5241 and may be called 24 hours a day.

EMERGENCY CALLS: No pages inside Autzen Stadium will be made unless requested by a police agency or a doctors' exchange.

STADIUM POLICIES: Vans for ramp transportation are located on each ramp and are available for the elderly and mobility impaired only. For the safety of all patrons, participants and officials, glass containers, cans, fireworks, weapons and alcohol beverages and freezes are prohibited within the stadium. Should you experience any discomfort due to the actions of others and wish to seek relief from the same, please report the incident to the closest usher. The usher will then take the appropriate action to correct the incident.

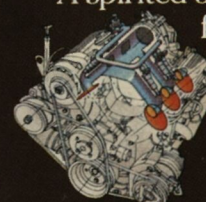
LOST TICKET POLICY: For reserved tickets that are misplaced or forgotten, the full price of the ticket must be paid at the time duplicates are issued. In the event the original tickets are found, they may be returned to the Ticket Office for a refund less \$2 ticket service charge. This must be done within a week of the game. No duplicates will be issued for general admission.

The 1985 Ninety-Eight Regency. Precise road management engineered in a luxury automobile.

High-tech engineering. That's the 1985 Ninety-Eight Regency Brougham. Each wheel has its own independent suspension to give you a smooth, controlled ride. An electronic load leveler automatically keeps your Ninety-Eight level with varying passenger or trunk loads.

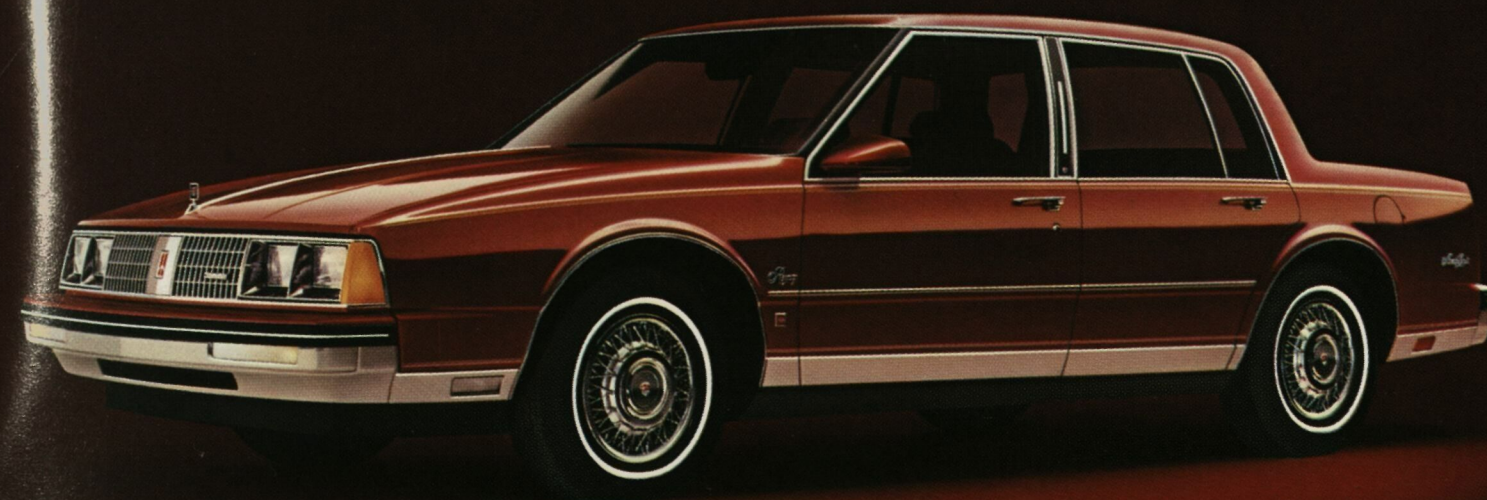


Four-Wheel
Independent
Suspension



3.8L Multi-Port
Fuel Injected Engine

A spirited 3.8 liter multi-port fuel injected engine is standard on Brougham models. A fuel metering system precisely regulates fuel for optimum performance. An optional electronic instrument panel for precise readouts is available.



There is a special feel
in an

Oldsmobile

Let's get it together... buckle up.

Touchdown tonight at Stuart Anderson's



It's a steak worth going for.

Everybody wins when Stuart Anderson's Restaurant is the goal for your post-game activities. Come satisfy your appetite with one of Stuart's tender, U.S. Choice Steak or hearty Prime Rib dinners, served complete.

After dinner, work out your kinks on the dance floor.

Go all the way for a good time tonight!

Stuart Anderson's 
**BLACK ANGUS/CATTLE COMPANY
RESTAURANTS.**

California • Arizona • Oregon • Washington • Idaho • New Mexico • Colorado • Texas
Nebraska • Minnesota • Missouri • Illinois • Indiana • Ohio • Iowa • Hawaii • Alaska • British Columbia