1-1-1989

Crimes; arson

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Recommended Citation
The University of the Pacific, McGeorge School of Law, Crimes; arson, 1989 U. Pac. L. Rev. (2019). Available at: https://scholarlycommons.pacific.edu/nlr/vol1989/iss1/36

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Crimes; arson

**NEV. REV. STAT.** § 205— (new); § 205.020 (amended).
AB 771 (Callister); 1989 STAT. Ch. 452

Existing law imposes a variety of penalties for arson. In addition to those penalties, Chapter 452 allows a court to order a convicted arsonist to pay court costs and the costs incurred by prosecutors, police, and fire departments in connection with the crime. Furthermore, Chapter 452 makes it a crime for a person to set fire to unoccupied personal property in which that person and another share a legal interest.

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1. **NEV. REV. STAT.** § 205.010-.030 (1987) (definitions and penalties for various degrees of arson). Depending on the degree of the offense, arson is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for up to 15 years and a fine up to $15,000. *Id.* § 205.010 (1987).
2. 1989 Nev. Stat. ch. 452, sec. 1, at 964 (enacting **NEV. REV. STAT.** § 205—).
4. 1989 Nev. Stat. ch. 452, sec. 2, at 964 (amending **NEV. REV. STAT.** § 205.020). Burning unoccupied personal property is considered third degree arson. *Id.* Third degree arson is punishable by imprisonment from one to six years in the state prison, and a fine up to $5000. *Id.*