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Health and Welfare; indigents

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Health and Welfare; birth certificates of missing children

**NEV. REV. STAT. § 440.____ (new).**
SB 464 (Committee on Judiciary); 1987 STAT. Ch 639

Under existing law, the State registrar\(^1\) must issue a birth certificate to an applicant provided the registrar is satisfied that the applicant has a direct and tangible interest in the recorded birth.\(^2\) Chapter 639 prohibits the State registrar from issuing an original or copy of a birth certificate to any person\(^3\) or governmental entity if the child is listed as missing in an Attorney General’s bulletin.\(^4\) Chapter 639 further provides that the State registrar must inform the Attorney General or the investigation division of the Department of Motor Vehicles and Public Safety of the name, identifying information, dates, and circumstances of those persons or governmental entities requesting the birth certificate of a missing child.\(^5\)

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1. **NEV. REV. STAT. § 440.060** (definition of state registrar). See also *id.* § 440.110 (the administrator of the Health Division is the State registrar of vital statistics).
2. *Id.* § 440.650.
3. *Id.* § 0.039 (definition of person).
5. 1987 Nev. Stat. ch. 639, sec. 1, at ____ (enacting *NEV. REV. STAT. § 440.____*). The state registrar must also release any other information which might be helpful in furthering the purposes of the missing child statutes. *Id.* See *NEV. REV. STAT.* §§ 432.150-432.220 (missing children statutes).

Health and Welfare; indigents

**NEV. REV. STAT. § 428.____ (new); § 428.010 (amended).**
AB 400 (Sedway); 1987 STAT. Ch 646

Existing law permits a board of county commissioners\(^1\) (board) to establish and approve policies and standards for programs to provide

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1. **NEV. REV. STAT. § 0.035** (board of county commissioners and board defined).
Health and Welfare

care and relief to the resident indigent. Chapter 646 requires a board to establish eligibility standards for financial and medical assistance to indigent persons. Chapter 646 further specifies minimum standards of eligibility for such assistance. Under Chapter 646, a person who is denied assistance is entitled to an appeal. The appellate procedure must provide adequate notice to the appellant, and an adverse decision must be in writing.

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4. Id. sec. 2, at _ (enacting Nev. Rev. Stat. § 428._). Standards of eligibility for medical assistance must not be less than $438 for a single-member household, $588 for a two-person household, and $588 plus $150 per person for households of three or more people. Id. The county’s program of medical assistance must provide payment for emergency medical care and all necessary medical care rendered in a medical facility designated by the county. Id. Emergency medical care means any care for an urgent medical condition which is likely to result in serious and permanent bodily disability or death. Id.


6. Id. An appellant denied relief at the county level may petition the district court where the appellant resides for a non-jury review of the decision. Id. The court must make a decision upon the record unless a party moves for leave to present additional evidence. Id. The court must not substitute its judgment for that of the county as to the weight of the evidence. Id. The court may remand or affirm the county’s decision. Id. The aggrieved party may appeal the final judgment of the district court to the supreme court. Id.

Health and Welfare; autopsy - parental notification

AB 455 (Committee on Health and Welfare); 1987 Stat. Ch 739
AB 632 (DuBois); 1987 Stat. Ch 739

Existing law regulates the dissection of dead human bodies. Chapter 739 provides that the person who orders an autopsy on the body of a minor must make a diligent effort to give the parents or

2. Id. § 159.023 (definition of a minor).
3. Id. § 432B.080 (definition of parent).