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Transportation and Motor Vehicles; Drivers' Training School

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Transportation and Motor Vehicles

ling on a highway at a speed slower than the lawful limit and imped­ing the forward movement of other traffic, to drive on the extreme right side of the paved portion of the highway to permit impeded traffic to pass. Chapter 341 clarifies the duties of a driver of a slow moving vehicle. Chapter 341 imposes a duty to drive on the extreme right portion of the paved highway upon a driver who travels on a highway with one lane of traffic in each direction and at a speed slower than the lawful limit. A slower driver on a highway with two or more lanes of traffic in their direction is required to drive in the extreme right hand lane. In addition, Chapter 341 mandates the use of alternate routes where possible, when the roadway is a controlled-access highway. Finally, Chapter 341 prohibits a person from stopping a vehicle on a roadway in a manner that blocks or impedes normal traffic movement. These provisions, however, do not apply if the reduced speed or stopping of the vehicle is necessary for safety or is in compliance with the law.

Transportation and Motor Vehicles; drivers’ training school

NEV. REV. STAT. §84.251 (amended).
AB 50 (Committee on Transportation); 1983 STAT. Ch 132

Existing law states that a violation of any traffic law is punishable as a misdemeanor, unless otherwise provided. Under Chapter 132, the court may order a person who has twice been convicted of violating the traffic laws to pay tuition for and attend an approved drivers’ training school for the purpose of retraining the driver. The new law further provides that willful noncompliance with a court order mandating

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drivers' training is a misdemeanor. 4

4. Id.

Transportation and Motor Vehicles; certificate of registration

 AB 490 (Malone); 1983 Stat. Ch 413

Prior law required every owner of a vehicle 1 to place the original copy of the vehicle registration certificate 2 for that vehicle within the vehicle, 3 or in the case of a motorcycle, trailer or semitrailer, in a tool bag or other receptacle attached to the vehicle. 4 Chapter 413 requires the owner of the vehicle to place either the original registration certificate or a legible copy of the certificate in the vehicle, 5 or in the case of a motorcycle, trailer, or semitrailer, in a tool bag or other receptacle attached to the vehicle. 6 Furthermore, an owner or an operator of a motor vehicle 7 must, upon demand, surrender the original or the copy of the certificate of registration for examination by a peace officer, 8 justice of the peace, or deputy of the Department of Motor Vehicles. 9 Finally, a person charged with failing to carry or failing to surrender the certificate of registration or the copy will not be convicted if the person can produce in court a previously issued certificate of registration that was valid at the time of demand for surrender. 10

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2. Id. §482.245 (requirements for certificate of registration).
4. Id.
5. Nev. Rev. Stat. §482.255(1) (amended by 1983 Nev. Stat. c. 413, §1, at 1030); see also Op. Att'y Gen. No. 4. /Id./ (March 22, 1939) (finding that it was the intent of the legislature that the certificate of registration be carried on and in the registered motor vehicle at all times).
7. Id. §482.075 (definition of motor vehicle).
8. Id. §169.125 (definition of peace officer).