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Shasta Bees. A Honeyful Region - The Bee Lands - A Summer Paradise. (From Our Special Correspondent.) Sisson's Station near Mt. Shasta, December 17, 1874.

John Muir

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SHASTA BEES.

A Honeyful Home - The Bee-Land - A Honeymer Paradise.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

BISHOP'S STATION, NEAR MT. SHASTA.

December 17, 1874.

The Shasta woods are thick with honey, and their honey is exactly delicious. At least such was the quality of my samples, and no wonder, inasmuch as it is fed on the blossoms of the Shasta huckleberry, a plant which is clothed with sweet golden blossoms over the tops of the craters.

Regarding Mount Shasta from a bee point of view, the flower is exactly as honeyful as its name would indicate. In the spring, when it blooms, a bright and flowery bed is laid out in the center of the crater, and a honey-bath is rendered by the bees, who are drawn from all parts of the mountain. The flowers are exactly what bees love, and at least they are all sweet as honey.

The formation of the Shasta bees is easily understood. Shasta is a bee mountain, created by a succession of molten beds, which has solidified over the lip of the crater, layer over layer, grew outward, and upward, like the trunk of an enormous tree, until at length the glacier period began to change the rocks of the bottom, and, in retreating and breaking up into its component parts, the mountains and the crater, to the very edge of the Shasta peak, the mountains and the crater, to the very edge of the Shasta peak, the honey was formed with the snow. The rock, containing the honey, was molten around, just as a honeycomb is formed. The snow melted, and the honey was formed in the rock.

The peculiar vegetation for which the Shasta mountains are noted is the huckleberry, which is abundant on the surrounding mountains. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed.

The Shasta bees appear to be better fed than any other bees in the world. They are attracted to the mountains, and the honey is formed with the snow. They are drawn from all parts of the mountain, and the honey is formed in the rock. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed.

The Shasta bees are the most industrious and the most happy of any bees I have ever seen. They are always busy, and the honey is formed in the rock. They are drawn from all parts of the mountain, and the honey is formed in the rock. They are drawn from all parts of the mountain, and the honey is formed in the rock. They are drawn from all parts of the mountain, and the honey is formed in the rock.

I have often thought in bright, settled sun weather, that I could tell the time of day by the comparative brightness of the bees. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed. The bees, who love the honey bush, were attracted to the mountain, and the honey was formed.

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